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WASHINGTON.

THE TARIFF AMENDMENTS—ACTION OF THE SENATE.

THE FRANKING PRIVILEGE—CONFERENCE REPORTS ON GENERAL APPROPRIATION BILLS—INTERNATIONAL ARBITRATION FOR PEACEFUL ADJUSTMENT OF DIFFICULTIES.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 17.—The Tariff bill was reported to the Senate to-day by Mr. Sherman, from the Finance Committee, with several amendments. Though, as stated by that Senator in making the report, no new matter is introduced, a number of the provisions of the House bill are stricken out, among them the twenty-ninth section, levying a tax on sales of stocks, bonds, and coin, and the twenty-fourth section, allowing producers to sell tobacco of their own growth at retail to consumers to an amount not exceeding $100 annually. Another amendment provides that the bill shall take effect from and after the 1st day of July next, instead of from and after the passage of the act, as in the House bill. The duty on still wines imported in casks is fixed at forty cents per gallon, instead of fifty, as in the House bill, and on all wines imported in bottles at $1 60 per case of one dozen bottles, instead of $2, the sum fixed by the House. The two per cent. allowance for breakage and leakage is stricken out. Hops are stricken out, leaving the duty at the present rates. Macaroni and vermicelli are to pay two cents per pound, and tin, in plates or sheets, one and one-fourth cents per pound. The provision permitting the return of empty grain bags free of duty is stricken out. Peas, exclusively for seed purposes, and quicksilver, are stricken from the free list. Mr. Sherman further stated that the bill reported by the committee consisted of the unobjectionable parts of the House bill, and if it was to be passed this session must be taken up to-morrow or next day. As little which has met with opposition has been left in the bill, it may probably pass without difficulty.

THE FRANKING PRIVILEGE.

The Senate finally refused to agree to restore the franking privilege by a vote of two to one, though it had been voted before the subject of direct restoration came up that documents already ordered printed before the passage of the bill should be sent through the mails without prepayment of postage, collection to be made from the person to whom the document is sent, and the postage in no case to exceed twenty-five cents on a single volume. This seems not a very objectionable proposition when it is remembered that some of the documents on hand were ordered printed before the repeal of the privilege, and that the provision is thought to be in little danger of being renewed. Some Senators understand and have said privately that if Congress should get the franking privilege back, they would be as glad to drop it next session as they were the back-pay this. The vote of the Senate to-day is regarded generally as having definitely settled the franking question, though the proposition to furnish stamps to members for use only for public business will be hereafter made and carried. It is thought that the pressure for the restoration of the frank is likely to be much less in the next Congress than it has been in this.

POSTAGE ON PRINTED MATTER.

The passage of the postage provisions concerning printed matter by the Senate will be strongly opposed, and will probably be amended in respect to the amount of postage to be charged. It was supposed the Senate would not yield to the country papers the protection of free circulation, but as the House and Senate are agreed on this matter, of course it will become a law. The rate for printed matter raises the postage on newspapers very materially, which is decidedly against the policy heretofore pursued. The motion made by Mr. Ramsey was agreed to, that the provision in regard to the newspapers should not take effect until the 1st of January next, so that it will not apply to this year's subscriptions. There will be an effort in the House to cut down to two or three cents per pound. The *Congressional Record* is to go free through the mails.

THE GENEVA AWARD.

The Conference Committee on the Geneva Award bill appears to be far away from agreement, and it is reported to-night they will hold no more meetings on the subject till Friday, as no agreement can be expected which will obviate the very serious objections to the bills as as they have passed the two Houses. There is no very general anxiety to have any bill passed at this session.

REDUCTION OF NAVY-YARDS AND NAVAL HOSPITALS.

The Committee on Naval Affairs having some time since been instructed to inquire into the expediency of reducing the number of navy-yards and naval hospitals, Mr. Cragin, the Chairman of that committee, to-day reported a resolution directing the committee to continue the investigation during the approaching recess, and authorizing them to visit the various navy-yards and naval hospitals on the Atlantic coast. The resolution also directs the Secretary of the Navy to furnish facilities for the committee to make such visit. It was agreed to without dissent.

APPROPRIATION BILLS AGREED TO IN CONFERENCE.

The Senate to-day agreed to the Conference reports on the Legislative, Judicial, and Executive, and the Pension Appropriation bills. The former provides for the restoration of a large part of the clerical force in the Executive departments, originally cut out by the House, and also provides that when a vacancy occurs in the office of Congressional Printer it shall be filled by appointment of the President. The present incumbent, elected by the Senate, retains his position as an officer of the Senate, the President's authority to appoint not taking effect until a vacancy occurs. There was but one amendment to the Pension bill, which fixed the fee of pension agents at twenty-five cents for preparing vouchers and administering oaths, instead of twenty cents, the sum named in the House bill.

SOUTHERN CLAIMS.

The bill for the payment of claims awarded by the Southern Claims Commission, was taken up after the Post Office Appropriation bill was disposed of. The total amount appropriated by it is over six hundred thousand dollars. A long debate took place upon an amendment of the Committee on Claims to strike out an item of $15,000 for the payment of the claim of William Bailey, of Louisiana, but before a vote was reached, the bill was laid over till to-morrow. This case of the claim of Mr. Bailey raises the new and interesting question whether the sale of cotton to the Confederate Government was an act of disloyalty which should prevent the payment of a claim. It was claimed by Mr. Scott that the case required a further hearing, and that further testimony ought to be submitted to prove the loyalty of Mr. Bailey. The fact of the sale of cotton by him called for positive proof of loyalty before the claim should be allowed.

AN ACTIVE DAY IN THE SENATE.

Senator Chandler, Chairman of the Committee on Commerce, called up a number of bills reported by that committee, which met with no objection, and they were passed. There was a large amount of business done to-day, and just before adjournment a resolution was adopted providing that, until otherwise ordered, the Senate shall meet at 11 A. M., and remain in continuous session till 6 P. M.

BUSINESS FROM THE COMMITTEE ON THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

The House transacted a great deal of business in to-day's session. The first hour was devoted to the District of Columbia Committee, which succeeded in having passed a large number of bills. Among the more important was a new bill relative to gas companies in the District, which, it is believed, will seriously affect the existing gas monopoly, to which the Government is annually obliged to pay very large sums, and will secure for the citizens decent light; and also a bill permitting the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad to form a junction with its branch north of the city.

PRESERVATION OF BALLOTS IN CONGRESSIONAL ELECTIONS.

Lyman Tremain was unsuccessful in his attempt to have passed the bill providing for the preservation of ballots cast and the papers connected with the elections of Representatives in Congress. The bill imposes a penalty for the attempted use of fire-arms at elections, and that in case of contested elections, either of the contesting parties may demand the production of ballots and papers. Mr. Tremain said that the sixth section of the bill which forbade the sale of liquors at elections had been omitted out of respect to the Democratic members of the committee. The bill, however, failed of passage by yeas 148, nays 100, not the necessary two-thirds. Among the 100 there were a considerable number of Republicans who were opposed to the bill, both on legal and constitutional grounds.

PEACEFUL ADJUSTMENT OF INTERNATIONAL DIFFERENCES.

The House to-day took action which commits that body to a policy of international peace. Two resolutions were adopted, both looking to the adjustment of international differences by arbitration. Gen. Stewart L. Woodford, under a suspension of the rules, had passed a resolution requesting the President to negotiate with all civilized nations for the establishment of an international law by which all matters in dispute between nations may be settled by arbitration, without recourse to war, and the Committee on Foreign Affairs unanimously reported a resolution, introduced early in the session by H. Boardman Smith, of New-York, which requests the treaty-making power to provide in all future treaties that in all cases of international dispute war shall not be declared until after the respective Governments have exhausted all attempts to secure a peaceful adjustment of the causes of difference through arbitration. This latter resolution, which is not the joint resolution, naturally addresses itself to the Senate and the President as the two elements in the treaty-making power, and is a solemn declaration on the part of the House, that such provisions shall be incorporated in all future resolutions. The resolution was unanimously adopted.

THE DURELL CASE.

There are three reports from the Committee on the Judiciary in the case of Judge Durell. The majority report was signed by six members, and declares for his impeachment. One minority report, signed by Lyman Tremain, Mr. Frye, of Maine, Mr. Cessna, and Mr. Ward, of Illinois, opposed impeachment; and another minority report, signed by Judge Poland, of Vermont, alone, explains the reason why he did not vote for impeachment.

THE FINAL ADJOURNMENT.

There is a very definite purpose on the part of a great number of the Senators to have the resolution of adjournment on Monday carried into effect, and the business is now so far advanced that the prospect for a termination of the session no later than Tuesday is very good. One reason why the long and windy speeches of the last day or two have been tolerated in the Senate is, that there is little care to do more before adjournment than pass the Appropriation bills and act upon three or four other matters which are nearly completed. There seems to be plenty of time to finish all the business that is necessary, which would probably be done during any time the session might continue.

Dispatch to the Associated Press.

THE EVENING WORK OF THE HOUSE.

At the evening session of the House a substitute for the Senate bill to encourage the establishment of public marine schools was passed. It authorizes the Secretary of the Navy on the application of the Governor of a State to furnish a suitable vessel of the navy, with all her apparel, charts, books, and instruments of navigation, to be used for the benefit of any nautical school or college at the ports of New-York, Boston, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Norfolk, or San Francisco, on the condition that there shall be maintained there a school, or the branch of a school, for the instruction of youths in navigation and seamanship. The Senate bill for the better government of the navy was also passed.

NOMINATIONS BY THE PRESIDENT.

The President sent the following nominations to the Senate to-day: Richmond Pierson, of North Carolina, to be Consul at Vevriers and Liege; Ferdinando C. Willett, of Colorado, to be Secretary of Legation at the City of Mexico; Capt. James M. Robertson, to be Major of the Second Artillery; First Lieut. Jos. C. Breckenridge, to be Captain in the Second Artillery; Second Lieut. Medorem Crawford, to be First Lieutenant in the Second Artillery.

CONFIRMATIONS.

The Senate, in executive session to-day, confirmed the following nominations:

Richard L. Hoxie, Member of the Board of Public Works of the District of Columbia, vice Adolph Cluss, removed; James J. Cooper, of Pennsylvania, Consul at Seville, together with all the nominations of Consuls and Consuls General sent to the Senate yesterday, and the following: Robert M. Reynolds, Minister Resident to Bolivia; John L. Cadwalader, of New-York, Assistant Secretary of State; John T. Long, Surveyor of Customs, St. Louis, Mo.; John H. Pierce, United States Marshal for the Northern District of Mississippi.

Collectors of Customs.—Frank Herderhoff, Pearl River, Miss.; John C. Goodloe, Mobile, Ala.; John G. Taylor, Annapolis, Md.

Registers of Land Offices.—Joseph A. Leonard, Jackson, Minn.; George H. McCallum, Independence, Cal.; A. C. Hawley, La Mesilla, New-Mexico.

Receivers of Public Moneys.—Joseph D. Sena, Santa Fé, New-Mexico; John S. McCrary, Norfolk, Neb.

Postmasters.—Geo. S. Merrill, Lawrence, Mass.; Geo. W. Brigham, Rockville, Conn.; W. A. Saffon, Little Falls, N. Y.; W. R. Remington, Canton, N. Y.; Geo. B. Winslow, Gouverneur, N. Y.; Theo. J. Daskham, Stamford, Conn.; Chas. Olmstead, Norwalk, Conn.; James Robb, Ottawa, Kan.; H. P. Strong, Beloit, Wis.; H. S. Towne, Ripon, Wis.; J. H. Brinkerhoff, Waupau, Wis.; W. A. Pollock, Brownsville, Neb.; H. B. Jagger, Hudson, Wis.; Jas. B. Stoner, Akron, Ohio; John Hopley, Bucyrus, Ohio; Geo. W. Raff, Napoleon, Ohio.

The Revenue Marine Service.—To be Captains, Geo. W. Bailey and Joseph Irish; First Lieutenants, W. C. Colson and Horatio D. Smith; Second Lieutenants, A. B. Bateman, John W. Howison, Henry B. Rogers, and Geo. E. McConnell; Third Lieutenants, Wm. H. Cushing, Edward W. Munger, Frank F. Wadsworth, Charles H. McLillan, and Cornelius D. Danforth; First Assistant Engineer, Geo. C. Dereamer; Chief Engineer, Charles H. Ball.

Lucien G. Heneberger, to be Assistant Surgeon in the navy.

THE WEATHER.

SYNOPSIS AND PROBABILITIES.

WASHINGTON, June 18—1 A. M.—Heavy rains have prevailed within the past twenty-four hours in New-England, the Middle States, and the lower lake region, followed by clear or clearing weather and westerly winds. Light rains have prevailed in the South Atlantic and Eastern Gulf States and Eastern Tennessee. Generally clear weather has prevailed in the Ohio Valley, the upper lake region, and the North-west. The temperature has risen in the North-west and upper lake region. The barometer continues high in the Gulf States, and low in New-England and the North-west. The Missouri River has risen at St. Joseph and Brunswick, and fallen at Yankton. The Mississippi River has risen at Memphis and Helena, and fallen at Vicksburg. The Ohio has fallen at stations above Louisville.

PROBABILITIES.

For New-England light rains and clearing weather, south-west to north-west winds, slight changes in temperature, and rising barometer.

For the Middle States and lower lake region generally clear weather, south-west to north-west winds, a slight rise of temperature, and stationary or rising barometer.

IN THIS CITY.

The following record shows the changes in the temperature for the past twenty-four hours, in comparison with the corresponding day of last year, as indicated by the thermometer at Hudnut's Pharmacy:

	1873.	1874.		1873.	1874.
3 A. M.	71°	68°	3:30 P. M.	88°	82°
6 A. M.	73°	69°	6 P. M.	81°	75°
9 A. M.	76°	72°	9 P. M.	74°	70°
12 M.	81°	79°	12 P. M.	69°	68°

Average temperature yesterday.......72⅞°

Average temperature for corresponding date last year.......76⅝°

BY MAIL AND TELEGRAPH.

The town of Ludlow, Mass., celebrated its centennial yesterday.

The Syracuse races were postponed yesterday until to-day.

The internal revenue receipts yesterday were $224,728.

Robbins, the "Annie B." murderer, has been remanded to Boston jail for extradition.

Weston, at Philadelphia, yesterday commenced his attempt to walk 200 miles against time.

Dr. Dunn, of Camden, was drowned on Tuesday while bathing near the light-house at Cape May.

Donald McKay, with his band of Warm Spring Indians, left Omaha for the East yesterday.

Companies A, B, and C, First United States Infantry, left last evening on the steamer India for Fort Brady.

Billy Brown, alias Wilson, supposed to be connected with a gang of counterfeiters in Cincinnati, was arrested in Memphis on Tuesday night.

A tournament of sportsmen begins at Omaha, Neb., to-day. Several noted shots will be present, including Bogardus and Kleinman.

Mrs. Annie Reed, aged forty-seven years, committed suicide at Baltimore, Md., by hanging, yesterday morning, while laboring under temporary aberration of mind.

Samuel Wiltsie, a butcher, committed suicide at New-Hamburg, on Tuesday night, by jumping from a third-story window. His suicide is attributed to domestic infelicity.

At the annual meeting of the Board of Trustees of the Delaware College held June 12 at Newark, Del., Col. H. S. McComb was unanimously re-elected President.

The proprietors of the *Herald*, (Atlanta, Ga.,) state that they have discharged their entire force of union printers because they demand pay for advertising matter set up in another office.

A soldiers' monument was unveiled at Middletown yesterday with appropriate ceremonies. Hon. Benjamin Douglas and Rev. Dr. Cummings, of the Wesleyan University, made addresses.

Extensive preparations are being made at St. Louis to entertain a delegation of business men from Galveston and Houston, Texas, comprising thirty men, headed by the Mayors of the two cities.

Arguments were heard yesterday in the Massachusetts Supreme Judicial Court on the question of women's right to serve on the School Board. The court reserves its decision, which will be given at an early date.

The body of a man about fifty years of age, five feet five inches high, dark hair and sandy whiskers, was found in Niantic Bay yesterday. There are cuts on each side of the head, shots through the arm and breast, and both legs are broken.

In the libel suit brought against the publishers of the Boston *Daily Herald* by Benjamin F. Roberts, formerly a constable of that city, wherein the plaintiff claimed $5,000 damages in consequence of being charged with entering into a conspiracy to kidnap a young girl, the jury yesterday morning, after a brief absence, returned a verdict for the defendants.

MURDER IN THE SIXTH WARD.

DANNY M'DERMOTT, THE GAMBLER, FATALLY STABBED BY A DRUNKEN ROWDY.

At about quarter past twelve o'clock this morning, officer O'Hara, of the Fifth Precinct, saw two men clinched in a struggle at the corner of Mulberry and Canal streets. One of the men suddenly staggered against an awning-post and shouted "Police, I'm stabbed!" Officer O'Hara ran across the street and found that the wounded man was Daniel McDermott, of No. 101 Mulberry street, the well-known sporting man. The Officer at once seized the other man, who, however, had thrown away the knife with which he did the stabbing. Assistance was procured, and McDermott was carried to the Franklin Street Station on a stretcher. On the way to the station the prisoner said to Officer O'Hara: "If that —— dies, I'm ready to hang for him." In the station-house the ruffian, who was drunk, said to Sergt. Brosnan that his name was Matthew O'Neill, and that he was twenty-two years old. Beyond that he refused to give any information concerning himself, and made use of the vilest language toward the Sergeant and officers. McDermott, on on being examined by the Police Surgeon, was found to be fatally injured. He had been stabbed seven times, four times in the back, once in the abdomen, once in the shoulder, and once in the left wrist. He said to Sergt. Brosnan, "I never saw this man before in my life. I was going home to my wife and children when he came up to me, caught me by the collar and stabbed me. I wish you could send me to a hospital at once, and let my wife know, as I feel I am dying." McDermott, who is thirty-four years old, has been connected with the gambling profession for man years, and has always borne the reputation of being a quiet and peaceable man. He has a wife and several young children. O'Neill, who evinced the same brutality displayed by Jack Reynolds, was locked up in the Franklin Street Station. McDermott was taken to the Park Hospital. Coroner Eickhoff will be notified to take his ante-mortem statement this morning, in case he lives until 10 o'clock.

DR. WELLES, OF MINNESOTA, CHOSEN BISHOP OF WISCONSIN.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., June 17.—The Episcopal convention to-day nominated Rev. John Henry Hobart Brown, Rector of the Episcopal Church at Cohoes, N. Y., as Bishop of this diocese. The vote stood: Brown, 38; Kemper, 31; and scattering, 2. The laity then voted on the question of ratifying the nomination. The vote stood: yeas, 16; nays 32, so that the nomination was not ratified. The clergy voted again, and Brown received 37, and Kemper 31 votes. The laity again rejected the nomination, 16 to 33. Four ballots were had without a variation, and the convention adjourned till evening. At the evening session Dr. Welles, Rector of Christ Church, at Red Wing, Minn., was elected.

REPUBLICANS IN COUNCIL.

THE ILLINOIS STATE CONVENTION.

THE WORK QUIETLY DONE—NOMINATIONS MADE AND PLATFORM ADOPTED—SENATOR LOGAN AT A DISCOUNT ON THE FINANCIAL QUESTION.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., June 17.—The Republican State Convention met in this city at 12 o'clock to-day. There was a very large attendance, and the delegates had evidently been selected with care. It was the most intelligent body of men that has assembled in the State for many years. The convention went quietly to work and nominated the candidates, Hon. T. G. Ridgeway for Treasurer, and Wm. B. Powell for Superintendent of Public Instruction. The platform was adopted with but very little opposition. The Committee on Resolutions found that there was a great diversity of opinion among them which it was difficult to harmonize, but they finally agreed upon a set of resolutions, which met with the hearty approval of the convention with only one slight exception. The reading of the finance resolution was received with prolonged applause, as was also the resolution favoring the election of the President and Vice President of the United States by popular vote, without the intervention of the Electoral College. At the conclusion of the reading the applause was vociferous. The resolutions were then taken up and passed upon seriatim. The resolution which favored the retirement of Treasury notes and replacing them with national bank-notes met with spirited opposition, and, after some discussion, that portion of the resolution which looked to supplying national bank-notes in place of retired Treasury notes was stricken out by a vote of 298 to 234. The part of the resolution which reiterated the platform of 1872, in regard to an early resumption of specie payment was carried without opposition. The resolution in relation to personal liberty, which is really a blow at the existing Temperance law, called out some debate, but was finally adopted by a very close vote. The whole platform was adopted with but little opposition, and it is evidently satisfactory to nearly all Republicans. The only person who is very decidedly dissatisfied with the action of the convention is Senator Logan. He came here with the sole purpose of controlling the action of the convention on the currency question, expecting to find his friends ready to do his bidding; but in this he signally failed. The very men that he counted on as his own told him in very plain terms that he must go slow and keep quiet. He did so. He was not allowed to speak until after the work of the convention had been finished, and then he made a very moderate speech.

SENATOR LOGAN'S ADDRESS.

Senator Logan then addressed the convention. The Senator defended his action in Congress. He opposed the withdrawal of the money that was paying the debts of the country. He was utterly opposed to the repealing of the Legal-tender act. [Applause.] If that was done he would regard it as repudiation. It would be to repudiate the contract between the bill holder and the Government. The national banking currency should be made free, because it was good currency based on the bonds of the Government, the faith of the Government being pledged to the redemption of the notes. As long as the Government was good, the notes would be good. About 2,000 men in the United States were enjoying the benefits of the National banking act, and they had a monopoly which was contrary to the principles of republican government. Banking should be free, and every man should be allowed to run a bank if he pleased. The business of the country, and not the statutes, should measure the amount of currency.

In the course of his remarks he said that the resolution on the greenbacks was a good one, and of great meaning. Cancelation of the greenbacks meant the wiping out of the only currency with which debts might be paid, and the business of the nation carried on. Gold and silver had been driven from circulation, and greenbacks were the agents in the hands of the people with which to discharge their obligations and pay their taxes. Until the country was able to discharge its obligations in hard money it would be wrong to deprive the people of the only medium of exchange they possessed. There was not gold and silver enough in the pockets of the whole convention to pay one man's taxes. Why should they be called repudiationists because they believed in the greenback circulation to carry on the business of the country? There is not enough difference of opinion on that subject to alienate personal or political friends; it was a difference of opinion merely. The United States had not two-thirds the amount of currency in proportion to its wealth and magnitude of any other civilized country. He was not an inflationist, but he was for the people, and believed, they should determine how much money was necessary to carry on the business of the country. He was for striking down monopoly in money, he would not say there was not money enough in the country, that was for the business of the country to determine. He quoted from the President to show that the country had not money enough. He saw industries paralyzed all over the land, and proprietors of manufactories said the reason was that there was not sufficient money; that was evidence enough for him that there was not money enough in the country. He fully indorsed the resolution adopted in Philadelphia in 1872. It meant when the Government had the power and ability to resume it should resume, but not till then. It meant that and nothing more. The country could not immediately return to specie payments without a financial crash. When the Government resumed every National Bank would have to resume. He was not opposed to specie payments, but he differed with some men who wanted to jump from the top of the house to the cellar, while he wanted to go down by the ladder. He was in favor of the debtor class, and farmers who had mortgages on their farms, for which they got greenbacks, should not be compelled to pay the mortgages in gold. He did not want the gold bullionists of New-York to own Illinois, their farms and horses, and shops. When the country sold more than it bought, it was not in debt to foreign countries, and the balance of trade was not against it, but in its favor. It could return to specie payments to-morrow, but neither he nor anyone else could say when they could resume and keep paying in specie.

It is very apparent that the Senator is not at all pleased with the refusal of the convention to indorse his action in the Senate, but he conceals his mortification as much as possible. The course of the convention is generally conceded to be eminently wise and proper, and that the party has been greatly strengthened by the decided stand taken on the platform.

THE PLATFORM.

The following is the platform reported by the Committee:

We, the delegates and representatives of the Republican Party of Illinois, declare the following to be substantially our political belief:

First—That emancipation and enfranchisement having been secured by the thirteenth and fifteenth amendments to the Constitution of the United States, and by appropriate legislation for their enforcement, and the equality of civil rights having been guaranteed by the Fourteenth Amendment, such guaranty should be enforced by appropriate statutes, so that the broad ægis of freedom's power may be over black and white citizens alike.

Second—That as one of the consequences of the late civil war about $382,000,000 of non-interest bearing Treasury notes were issued to and are now held by the people as safe and convenient currency, it would be unwise and inexpedient in the present financial condition of the people to attempt a policy of immediate cancellation of any portion of such Treasury notes.

Third—That the laws for the establishment of national banks having secured to the States and Territories the best system of bank circulation ever before offered to the people, its issuance should be no longer confided to a privileged class, but should be free to all alike, under general and equal laws, the aggregate volume of currency to be regulated by the untrammeled laws of trade.

Fourth—That we reaffirm the declaration of the National Republican Convention of 1872 in favor of a return to specie payment at the earliest practical day. That we are opposed to any increase in the amount of legal-tender notes, and favor a gradual retirement of the same, as the volume of the national bank-notes shall be increased.

Fifth—That we commend the measures which have passed the popular branch of Congress looking to the cheapening and perfection of inter-State railway transportation, and the improvement of navigation at the mouth of the Mississippi River.

Sixth—That we are in favor of an amendment of the Constitution of the United States providing for the election of President and Vice President by the direct vote of the people, without the intervention of the Electoral College.

Seventh—That the Republican Party proposes to respect the rights reserved by the people to themselves as carefully as the powers delegated by them to the State and Federal Governments, and it will aim to secure the rights and privileges of citizens without regard to nativity or creed, and it is opposed to the interference by law with the habits, tastes, or customs of individuals, except to suppress licentiousness, or to preserve the peace and safety of the citizens of the State.

Eighth—That while we accord to the railway companies of this State the fullest measure of property rights, we also demand for the people reasonable charges, and a rigid impartiality in the transportation of passengers and freight; such guarantees to be secured by appropriate State and national legislation.

Relying upon the foregoing declaration of principles and policy, and upon the broad, clear record of the Republican Party during its fifteen years of State and Federal administration, we appeal once more to that silent yet conclusive tribunal, the ballot-box, confident that the people will indorse the action of this representative convention.

A long and exciting debate ensued during the consideration of the resolutions, when the last sentence of the fourth resolution, as reported by the committee, was stricken out, and the whole was then adopted as amended.

THE INDIANA STATE CONVENTION.

ADDRESS OF GEN. HARRISON—THE PRESENT STATE OFFICERS NOMINATED FOR RE-ELECTION—RESOLUTION ON THE FINANCIAL QUESTION.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., June 17.—The Republican State Convention which assembled here to-day was composed of over 1,800 delegates. It was one of the finest bodies of men that ever assembled in the State. The preliminary work, such as electing committeemen on organization, resolutions, &c., was transacted last night, and upon the assembling of the convention this morning Gen. Ben Harrison, grandson of President Harrison, and a leading lawyer, was made permanent President. In taking the chair Gen. Harrison congratulated the Republicans in view of the auspicious circumstances under which they had assembled. Two years ago the Democratic Party of this State proclaimed to the world, by the mouth of Gov. Hendricks, that the Democratic Party, as a party, was defunct. They went to the people in the campaign upon the profession that they turned their backs upon the history of the old organization, and proposed, with the assistance of those of our party who were discontented with the course of events to inaugurate the great party of reform under the leadership of Mr. Greeley. The campaign was fought under this banner, and we proclaimed that it was but a temporary device of politicians to get into power again. The old leader of the Democracy would summon again from the grave in which they profess to have laid it the corpse of the old Democratic Party, and revive it for political contest. History has verified the charge. To-day these men, defeated in their attempt to come into power by this trick and device, are rallying to meet us in this contest under the old banner of the old Democracy they laid away without the honors of a public funeral. The Republican Party has a grand history. I don't say, said Gen. Harrison, that we have not called to places of public trust those who may have been untrue to their high engagements, but I do say that never since the organization of our Government have we had a political party in this country so capable of expelling from its midst every agent of corruption and fraud. We have not to look to our adversaries to discover or purge this political corruption when it is sown. I know there are some in the past, and there may be some now, who are dissatisfied with the management of the Republican Party. Some such have joined with these so-called movements of reform, and have struck hands with the Democracy to purify public politics. Let me point such parties to the results in Indianopolis, in Chicago, and in Cincinnati. I am greatly mistaken to-day if many of those who, from honesty of motive, disconnected themselves with what they thought to be excessive personalism of the administration of public affairs, and sought to find more congenial company among the Democracy, have not turned their faces back toward us. Those who look for reform and for a high standard of public virtue, of morality, of honesty and fidelity in the administration of every public trust by the Republican Party have a guarantee of all these things.

The speech of Gen. Harrison was admirably delivered, and fairly electrified the audience. The present Republican State officers have served so faithfully for two years that no opposition was brought against them, and Secretary Curry, Auditor Wildman, Treasurer Glover, Attorney General Denny, and Supreme Judge Osborne were renominated by acclamation. The platform is lengthy and able, and was read in an impressive manner by the venerable Col. R. W. Thompson, the Chairman of the Committee on Resolutions. The principal interest centered in the financial and temperance planks. The following is the full text of the former:

"We are in favor of such legislation on the question of finances as shall make national banking free, as shall furnish the country with such an additional amount of currency as may be necessary to meet the wants of the agricultural, industrial, and commercial interests of the country, to be distributed between the sections according to population, and such as, consistently with the credit and honor of the nation, will avoid the possibility of permitting capitalists and combinations of capital to control the currency of the country."

The only resolutions that elicited any considerable applause while being read were those that referred to finance, temperance, Senator Morton, and the soldiers. The whole, however, were adopted with three rousing cheers. The convention was very orderly, and dispatched its business with great rapidity. The ticket is a good one, commands the confidence of all parties, and will be elected. Everybody is delighted with the work of the convention, and it starts out under the most favorable auspices. The ticket nominated by the farmers here last week has fallen still-born, and will doubtless never be heard of again. It has no friends here among the farmers. The Democrats will hold their State Convention late in July, being afraid to enter the field until all of the issues are made up.

THE PLATFORM.

The following is the platform adopted:

The Republicans of Indiana, assembled in State Convention, do hereby declare:

First—Their unchangeable determination to adhere to all the fundamental principles of the Republican Party in so far as the future condition of the country shall require their enforcement. As the Union remains unbroken, and the people of all sections are again bound together as brethren by a common destiny and under a common flag, we favor such measures as shall develop the material resources of every portion of it, to secure to all, of every class and condition, full protection in all just rights of person and property, to remove all acerbities of the past, and to perpetuate the nation as the model republic of the world.

Second—We recognize that as the true policy of government which shall harmonize all the diversified interests and pursuits, necessarily existing in a country of such vast extent as ours, and as this can be done only by directing legislation so as to secure just protection and reward to every branch of industry, we are in favor of giving precedence to those measures which shall reorganize agricultural and mechanical pursuits as entitled to the amplest protection and fullest development; of putting a stop to large grants of the public domain to railroad corporations and reserving it for settlement and cultivation; of improving the navigation of our great inland rivers; of securing cheap transportation and profitable markets for the products of agricultural and manufacturing labor; of encouraging such manufacturers as shall bring the producer and consumer in the neighborhood of each other, and thus to establish mutual relations between them and those engaged in commerce and transportation; of properly adjusting the relations between capital and labor in order that each may receive a just and equitable share of the profits, and of holding those in the possession of corporate wealth and privileges in strict conformity to the law, so that through combined influences people of varied pursuits may be united together in the common purpose of preserving the honor of the nation, and developing the immense resources of every section of the Union, and of advancing the social and mutual prosperity of all its industrial and laboring classes.

Third—We are in favor of such legislation on the question of finance as shall make national banking free and shall furnish the country with such an additional amount of currency as may be necessary to meet the wants of the agricultural, industrial, and commercial interests of the country to be distributed between the sections according to the population of each, as is consistent with the credit and honor of the nation, and will prevent the possibility of capitalists and combinations of capital controlling the currency of the country.

Fourth—We are in favor of such a revision of our Patent Rights laws as shall destroy the oppressive monopoly incidental to the present system, and shall regulate and control the manufacture, use, and sale of patent right articles for the benefit alike of the inventor, consumer, and manufacturer.

Fifth—That the Republican Party continues to express its gratitude to the soldiers and sailors of the Republic for the patriotism, courage, and self-sacrifice with which they gave themselves to the preservation of the country during the late civil war, and it will especially recognize the services of the enlisted men by favoring extension, from time to time, as the ability of the Government will admit, of the Pension and Bounty laws.

Sixth—In the opinion of this convention intemperance is an evil against which society has the right to protect itself; that our whole system of legislation throughout all the history of our State has asserted and maintained this right, and it cannot now be surrendered without yielding up that fundamental principle of American government which places the power of passing laws in the hands of a majority; therefore we are in favor of such legislation as will give a majority of the people the right to determine for themselves in their respective towns, townships, or wards whether the sale of intoxicating liquors for use as a beverage shall be permitted therein, and such as will hold the vendor responsible for all damages resulting from such sales.

Seventh—We favor the enactment of a law limiting the power of Township Trustees, County Commissioners, and municipal authorities to assess taxes and increase township, county, and municipal indebtedness.

Eighth—Inasmuch as great abuses have grown up under our present system of fees and salaries, we demand such legislation as will so reduce and regulate all fees and salaries as will allow no more than a fair and just compensation for services rendered.

Ninth—We look with pride and satisfaction upon our common school system, and regard its munificent fund as a sacred trust, to be faithfully and honestly administered, so that all the children of the State may be educated in the duties of citizenship, and thereby become better able to perpetuate our popular institutions, and whoever shall seek to strike it down, or to impair its usefulness, will meet our ceaseless and unrelenting opposition.

Tenth—We have entire confidence in the integrity and honor of the President of the United States, and our Senators and Republican Representatives in Congress are entitled to our thanks for the zeal with which they have represented the principles of the Republican Party during the present session of Congress, and the Republicans of Indiana view with especial pride and hearty approval the course of Senators Morton and Pratt, and the fidelity and ability with which they have represented the sentiments of the people of this State.

CONGRESSIONAL CONVENTION.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., June 17.—The Republicans of the Seventh Congressional District of Indiana to-day nominated Hon. John Coburn by acclamation as a candidate for Congress from that district

THE VERMONT CONVENTION.

NOMINATIONS FOR GOVERNOR, LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR, AND TREASURER—THE PLATFORM ADOPTED.

BURLINGTON, Vt., June 17.—The Republican State Convention for the nomination of candidates for Governor, Lieutenant Governor, and Treasurer, was held in this place to-day and was largely attended, 576 delegates being present. The Convention was organized by the election of Hon. H. H. Powers Chairman; George H. Chapman and C. M. Stone, Secretaries, with one Vice President from each Congressional District. While the committee were employed with the credentials of delegates, the Convention was entertained by an able speech from United States Senator Edmunds of this State. The canvass preceding this convention has been an excited one. There were no less than four candidates for the office of Governor, namely: Hon. Asabel Peck, Hon. R. S. Taft, Hon. A. L. Mince, and Hon. N. T. Sprague, Jr. A ballot was reached at 3 o'clock P. M., and resulted in the nomination of Judge Peck by a handsome majority. The ballot stood as follows: Peck, 309; Taft, 125; Sprague, 56; Miner, 66; and scattering 6. For Lieutenant Governor, Hon. Lyman G. Hinckley was nominated, and for Treasurer, Hon. John A. Page.

The resolutions adopted are as follows:

Resolved, That the Republicans of Vermont again affirm their adhesion to the declaration of the principles and policy of the National Republican Party in its last National Convention.

Resolved, That the events of the national campaign of 1872, and the history of public affairs since then, have fully justified our party in its action, and have clearly shown that now, as heretofore, it alone can be relied upon to maintain and preserve the great results of the overthrow of the rebellion; in giving and securing liberty and equal rights to all citizens alike; in spreading the principles of real republicanism and just government; in making labor everywhere honorable; in protecting the people against reaction in aid of the principles of "The Lost Cause" and its friends, and in guarding now, and in the future, the Treasury of the nation from being depleted by claims for losses incurred in the rebellion.

Resolved, That while we hail with joy every step toward permanent peace and obedience to the law in the States lately in rebellion, and pledge ourselves to aid in promoting the welfare and happiness of the people thereof, we do not mean to forget that the cause of the Union and its noble defenders is sacred and ought to be steadily and publicly kept in view as the pole star of the future progress of the Republic.

Resolved, That we express our full approval of the Administration of the President of our choice, and congratulate him and our party that it is able and willing to punish wrongs and rectify abuses wherever found, and that it does not, like the former Administrations of our adversaries, palliate or cover up the shortcomings of any of the public servants.

Resolved, That we stand by the oft-repeated and cardinal doctrine of our party, that a currency always redeemable in coin is the only true and safe one for the honesty and welfare of the community, as it is for the honor and good name of the nation; that we condemn all steps, direct or indirect, in any other direction than toward early resumption, and that we earnestly thank the President for his steadfast and active support of these principles by the exercise of his constitutional power.

Resolved, That the tax and tariff laws ought to be so framed as to aid in the promotion and protection of American industry.

Resolved, That we favor all proper and prudent measures for the improvement of internal communication between the different parts of our common country, and especially in opening to a larger commerce the line of communication created by nature between the North-west and the Atlantic through the great lakes and the Valley of Lake Champlain.

Resolved, That we will give the ticket this day nominated our earnest and hearty support.

CUBA.

MORTAR EXPERIMENTS AT MORRO CASTLE—SENTENCE OF FERNANDO CISNEROS.

HAVANA, June 17.—Captain General Concha and staff, accompanied by several Generals of the Spanish army, visited Morro Castle to-day to witness the trial of new mortars.

Fernando Cisneros has been sentenced to hard labor for life in the chain gang by a court martial. It is reported that the Captain General has approved of the sentence.

THE BRADLEY MURDER.

CINCINNATI, June 17.—The murder of the Bradley family near Lawrenceburg, Ind., yesterday, grows more sickening in its horrors as the investigation progresses. The post-mortem examination shows that Mrs. Bradley's person was violated, and the murder followed, evidently to conceal this crime. The two girls killed were not violated. William and Charles McDole, brothers, relatives of the Bradley family, have been arrested. Charles will probably prove an alibi. William fails to give a good account of himself, and is still held. His boots exactly fit the tracks found around the house, even in some marked peculiarities. McDole is an ignorant farm laborer.

THE RHODE ISLAND SENATORSHIP.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., June 17.—The balloting for United States Senator was resumed in the General Assembly at noon to-day.

The twelfth joint ballot stood as follows:

Burnside	43	Barstow	17
Dixon	27	Scattering	19

The thirteenth joint ballot stood:

Burnside	43	Barstow	16
Dixon	26	Scattering	21

The Joint Assembly then adjourned until to-morrow.

WOMEN'S TEMPERANCE CONVENTION.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, June 17.—Three hundred and twenty-five delegates, representing 167 leagues, are present at the Women's State Temperance Convention at Springfield. The following resolution was passed this evening:

Resolved, That we will not as partisans, but as Christians, oppose the giant evil of intemperance by personal, social, and political influence, and by the press, pulpit, speech, and prayer.

LATEST NEWS BY CABLE.

THE ENGLISH TURF.

SECOND DAY AT ASCOT—THE ROYAL HUNT CUP WON BY LOWLANDER—THE ASCOT DERBY STAKES WON BY ATLANTIC.

LONDON, June 17.—This was the second day of the Ascot race meeting. The races were of more than ordinary interest, the starters embracing some of the best horses in England. The following were the chief events:

The Royal Hunt Cup, valued at 300 sovereigns, added to a handicap sweepstakes of 10 sovereigns each, for all ages, (two years old excepted;) one mile.

Capt. Stirling's ch. c. Lowlander, by Dalesman, dam Lufra, 4 years old.......1

Mr. R. H. Long's Maid of Perth, 5 years old.......2

Sir F. Johnstone's b. f. Flower of Dorset, by Breadalbane, dam Imperatrice, 4 years old.......3

Twenty-six horses ran. The betting before the race was five to one against the winner, fourteen to one against Maid of Perth, and fifty to one against Flower of Dorset.

The Coronation Stakes of 100 sovereigns each, half forfeit, for three-year-old fillies, 122 pounds each, the winner of the Oaks or 1,000 guineas to carry 7 pounds extra, or of both 10 pounds extra; maidens allowed 7 pounds; the second filly to receive 200 sovereigns, and the third to save her stake. One mile.

Mr. Daunde's ch. f. Apology, by Adventurer, dam Mandragora, (winner of the 1,000 guineas and oaks,) 132 pounds.......1

Lord Falmouth's b. f. Blanchfleur, by Saunterer, dam Queen Bertha, 122 pounds.......2

Mr. Crawford's ch. f. Dalramaine, by Thormanby, dam Mayonaise, 122 pounds.......3

The above were all the starters, and there was little or no betting on the course on this race.

The Ascot Derby stakes of 50 sovereigns each, half forfeit, with 200 added for three-year olds, colts 122 pounds, fillies 118 pounds, the winner of the Derby or the Prince of Wales Stakes to carry 10 pounds extra; and the winner of the Oaks, or 2,000 Guineas Stakes, 5 pounds extra. Maidens allowed 7 pounds, the second, to save his stake. One mile and a half.

Lord Falmouth's ch. c. Atlantic, by Thorman, by dam Hurricane.......1

M. Lefevre's b. c. Clairvoyant, (French) by Montagnard, dam Castorine.......2

Lord Bradford's br. c. Boscobel, by Caterer, dam May Bell.......3

There were but four starters, and little or no betting on the course.

The second year of the Sixteenth Ascot Biennial Stakes of 10 sovereigns each with 100 added, for three-years old, colts 122 pounds, fillies 118 pounds; the owner of the second horse to receive 25 sovereigns out of the stakes. One mile.

Mr. Spencer's ch. c. Lemnos, by Thunderbolt, dam Lava.......1

Lord Wilton's b. c. Spectator, by Speculum, dam Sham Fight.......2

Lord Roseberry's br. c. Couronne de Fer, by Macaroni, dam Little Agnes.......3

Only four started, and there was little or no betting on the race.

GREAT BRITAIN.

DEATH OF MR. STEPHEN GLYNNE—ROCHEFORTE HISSED IN DUBLIN.

LONDON, June 18—5 A. M.—Stephen Glynne, brother-in-law of Mr. Gladstone, is dead. W. H. Gladstone, son of the Ex-Premier, inherits the estate of the deceased.

M. Rochefort was recognized in Dublin and hissed by the crowd.

THE RIOTS IN SITTIM—FORTY FATAL CASES OF CHOLERA.

LONDON, June 18.—A special dispatch to the *Times* from India says 123 of the rioters in the Sittim District have been sentenced to imprisonment for from two to five years.

Forty deaths from cholera are reported in Durbungah.(?)

FRANCE.

ROCHEFORT'S LETTER SEIZED IN PARIS.

PARIS, June 17.—Copies of the New-York *Herald* containing the letter written by Rochefort on his arrival in New-York, have been seized on account of the attack on President MacMahon.

THE COMMITTEE OF THIRTY—THE ORGANIC MUNICIPAL LAW IN THE ASSEMBLY.

LONDON, June 18.—The *Times* Paris special correspondent telegraphs that the Committee of Thirty have commenced to discuss the constitutional bills referred to it on Monday.

In the Assembly to-day debate opened on the organic municipal law. The Government announced that it was determined to insist on its right to nominate Mayors. An energetic opposition is certain.

SPAIN.

A LOAN—ATTACK ON ESTELLA—DELAY BY THE WEATHER.

LONDON, June 17.—The Spanish Government is in negotiation with the Credit Mobilier for a loan of 50,000,000 reals.

MADRID, June 17.—Bad weather delays Gen. Concha's attack on Estella.

THE VATICAN.

CELEBRATION OF THE ANNIVERSARY OF THE POPE'S PONTIFICATE.

ROME, June 17.—Many deputations waited on the Pope yesterday and to-day, and presented congratulations on the occasion of the anniversary of his accession, which was observed at the Vatican with the usual ceremonies.

ALGERIA.

THE FIGHT AT ALGIERS—THE LOSS SUSTAINED.

PARIS, June 17.—In the fight at Algiers thirty-seven Moorish insurgents were killed, and the loss of the French troops was six killed and ten wounded.

A MOORISH ATTACK ON ALGIERS REPELLED BY THE FRENCH.

LONDON, June 17.—Advices from Algiers state that a body of Moorish insurgents invaded that city, but the French troops repelled them. Twelve of the insurgents were killed and a number injured.

INDIA.

THE FAMINE—METEOROLOGICAL REPORT OF AN APPROACHING CYCLONE.

CALCUTTA, June 17.—The prospects for the future crops are greatly improved by the copious rains now falling throughout the country.

Three hundred thousand persons are being fed by the Government.

The meteorological observers give notice of the approach of a cyclone, and the inhabitants are preparing for it. The shipping in the river has been warned, and all precautions have been taken.

CALL FOR MISSOURI DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., June 17.—The Democratic State Executive Committee have called a State convention at Jefferson City on the 26th of August, for the nomination of a State ticket.

FORTY-THIRD CONGRESS.

FIRST SESSION—June 17.

SENATE.

Mr. HAMLIN, of Maine, called up the House bill to ascertain the possessory rights of the Hudson Bay Company, and other British subjects within the limits which were the subject of the award of His Majesty the Emperor of Germany, under the Treaty of Washington of May 8, 1871, and for other purposes, which was passed.

THE LITTLE TARIFF BILL.

Mr. SHERMAN, of Ohio, from the Finance Committee, reported the House Tariff bill, with sundry amendments. He said it was manifest the bill could not be passed in the shape in which it came from the House. The Committee on Finance had added no new matter to it, but proposed to strike out various sections, one of which was that imposing a tax on the sale of coin bonds and other securities. The substance of the bill was the unobjectionable parts of the House bill. If the Senate intended to pass the bill this session it should be taken up to-morrow or next day. It was placed on the calendar.

THE NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD.

Mr. PRATT, of Indiana, said at the instance of an old friend, a citizen of Ohio, formerly a member of this body, and once its presiding officer, he desired to call up the Senate bill to amend the act in relation to the survey of certain lands granted to the Northern Pacific Railroad. He said the charter of that road provided that a certain quantity of land on each side of the road should be conveyed to the road. Some 10,000,000 acres were due under this clause, but had been withheld by the Government on account of the clause in the Sundry Civil Appropriation bill of 1870, which required the cost of the survey to be paid by the company. This proviso was in direct contravention to the original charter, and why it was put in the Appropriation bill he was at a loss to understand.

Mr. DAVIS, of West Virginia, said he understood that seven or eight hundred thousand dollars were involved in this bill, and all railroads receiving public lands heretofore had paid the cost of the survey. He saw no reason why this road should be made an exception to the rule.

Mr. HOWE, of Wisconsin, inquired why the bill could not be amended so as to extend the same relief to other roads.

Mr. PRATT, of Indiana, said if amended it would probably fail on account of want of time.

The bill was then passed without amendment.

REDUCTION OF NAVY-YARDS AND NAVAL HOSPITALS.

Mr. CRAGIN, of New Hampshire, from the Committee on Naval Affairs, reported back a resolution instructing that committee to inquire into the expediency of reducing the number of navy-yards and naval hospitals, with a resolution directing the com mittee to continue their investigation during the recess, which was agreed to.

THM POST OFFICE APPROPRIATION.

The morning hour having expired, the Post Office Appropriation bill came up, the pending question being an amendment of Mr. Morrill, of Vermont, to the amendment of Mr. Frelinghuysen, providing that that amendment shall apply only to documents ordered to be printed by either House of Congress previous to the passage of the act.

Mr. FRELINGHUYSEN accepted the amendment, and the question then recurred on his amendment as amended, which dispenses with the prepayment requisite, and provides that public documents may be sent through the mails at a rate of postage not to exceed twenty-five cents for each volume, to be paid by the person receiving the same, and authorizes the Postmaster General to sell, after thirty days, all public documents which have accumulated.

Mr. THURMAN, of Ohio, moved to amend so as to provide that the *Congressional Record* should go through the mails free, which was modified so as to allow the *Congressional Record* or any part thereof to go free upon being stamped with the words "*Congressional Record*" upon the wrapper, and in this form was agreed to—yeas 28, nays 27.

The question recurring on the amendment of Mr. Frelinghuysen as amended, it was agreed to—yeas 33, nays 26, as follows:

YEAS.—Messrs. Alcorn, Allison, Bayard, Bogy, Carpenter, Clayton, Cooper, Davis, Dennis, Goldthwaite, Gordon, Harvey, Ingalls, Kelly, Lewis, McCreery, Merrimon, Mitchell, Morton, Norwood, Paterson, Pease, Pratt, Ransom, Saulsbury, Sherman, Spencer, Sprague, Stevenson, Stockton, Thurman, Tipton, Windom—33.

NAYS.—Messrs. Anthony, Boreman, Boutwell, Buckingham, Chandler, Conkling, Ferry of Michigan, Flanagan, Gilbert, Hager, Hamilton of Maryland, Hamilton of Texas, Hamlin, Hitchcock, Howe, Morrill of Maine, Morrill of Vermont, Oglesby, Ramsey, Sargent, Schurz, Scott, Stewart, Wadleigh, Washburn, West—26.

Mr. RAMSEY submitted an amendment to that of Mr. Sherman, adopted yesterday, so as to provide so much of the act as fixes the rate of postage on newspapers and periodicals shall not take effect until the 1st of January next. Agreed to.

THE FRANKING PRIVILEGE.

Mr. ROBERTSON, of South Carolina, submitted an amendment that the act entitled "An act to abolish the franking privilege," be and the same is hereby repealed, and the franking privilege, as the same existed prior to the passage of that act, be and the same is hereby restored. Rejected—yeas 17, nays 34.

YEAS—Messrs. Alcorn, Carpenter, Dennis, Goldthwaite, Gordon, Harvey, Hitchcock, Kelly, Merrimon, Norwood, Patterson, Pease, Ransom, Robertson, Sprague, Stevenson, Tipton—17.

NAYS—Messrs. Allison, Bogy, Boreman, Boutwell, Buckingham, Chandler, Clayton, Conkling, Flanagan, Frelinghuysen, Gilbert, Hager, Hamilton of Maryland, Hamlin, Lewis, McCreery, Mitchell, Morrill of Maine, Morrill of Vermont, Morton, Oglesby, Pratt, Ramsey, Sargent, Schurz, Scott, Sherman, Stewart, Stockton, Thurman, Wadleigh, Washburn, West, Windom—34.

The bill was then reported to the Senate, and the amendments made in Committee of the Whole agreed to. The bill was then read a third time and passed.

SOUTHERN CLAIMS.

Mr. SCOTT moved the Senate to proceed to the consideration of the bill making appropriations for the payment of the claims allowed by the Southern Claims Commission, which was agreed to—yeas 40, nays 15.

The amendment proposed by the Committee on Appropriations providing "that postages shall hereafter be prepaid on all mailable matter at the time of mailing, and all acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed," was withdrawn, that of Mr. Sherman, adopted yesterday, taking the place of it.

THE PENSION APPROPRIATIONS.

Mr. SARGENT, from the Conference Committee on the Pension Appropriation bill, made a report which was agreed to. By the terms of the report the House agrees to the Senate amendment, which fixes the fee of pension agents at twenty-five cents for preparing vouchers and administering oaths.

THE LEGISLATIVE APPROPRIATIONS.

Mr. MORRILL, of Maine, from the Conference Committee on the Legislative, Judicial, and Executive Appropriation bill, made a report. In reply to a question from Mr. Anthony he said the bill, as agreed upon by the conference, increased the salaries of several employes of the House. In regard to the Congressional printer the present occupant of that office remained an officer of the Senate, as at present, but when a vacancy occurs in that office the successor shall be appointed by the President. The clerical force in the departments, cut down by the House, had been largely restored; nevertheless, there was a reduction of over $100,000 as compared with the bill when reported to the Senate by the Committee on Appropriations. The report was agreed to.

THE BALTIMORE AND OHIO RAILROAD.

The amendments of the House bill to authorize the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad to change the location of its track, and construct a branch road in the District of Columbia were, on motion of Mr. Davis, concurred in, and the bill was passed.

THE NEW POTOMAC BRIDGE.

Also the amendments of the House to the bill appropriating $146,000 for the construction of an iron bridge across the eastern branch of the Potomac River, were concurred in, and the bill was passed.

SOUTHERN CLAIMS.

The consideration of the bill for the payment of the claims allowed by the Southern Claims Commission was resumed, and Mr. SCOTT explained that the amendments proposed by the Committee on Claims reduced the amount allowed by the House bill $62,000.

The Committee on Claims reported in favor of striking out the appropriation of $45,161 for the payment of the claim of Wm. Bailey, of Louisiana.

Mr. BOGY moved to non-concur in the amendment of the committee.

The bill was laid over without action.

THE SENATE TO SIT SEVEN HOURS A DAY.

Mr. MORRILL, of Maine, submitted a resolution that until otherwise ordered the Senate meet daily at 11 o'clock A. M., and remain in continuous session till 6 P. M., which was agreed to.

The Senate at 5:30, on motion of Mr. Conkling, went into executive session, and continued with closed doors half an hour.

BILLS PASSED.

Bills were passed apportioning Wyoming Territory for legislative purposes; transferring the control of certain Territorial Penitentiaries to the several Territories; granting a pension to Gen. A. C. Morris; authorizing the sale of the present Marine Hospital and site and the purchase of a new site and the erection of a new hospital in Pittsburg, Penn.; admitting free of duty merchandise sunk for two years and afterward recovered; providing for a Commission of Engineers to report a plan of permanent reclamation of the alluvial basin of the Mississippi River; prohibiting the publication in newspapers of the revised statutes of the United States; also, the House bill to constitute Montgomery, Ala., a port of delivery; the House bill granting a medal to John Horn, Jr., for his exploits in rescuing men, women, and children from drowning in the Detroit River. The House bill to authorize the construction of a bridge across the Mississippi River at or near the City of Lacrosse, Wis.; the Senate bill to authorize the use of gilt letters for the names of vessels; the Senate bill to provide for the establishment of an International Commission of the maritime Powers to lay down ocean courses for steam vessels and otherwise provide for the increased safety of sea travel; the House bill for the relief of Charles J. Sands, of Brooklyn, N. Y.; the House bill to provide for the establishment of life-saving stations and houses of refuge upon the sea and lake coasts of the United States and to promote the efficiency of the life-saving service; the House bill to extend the jurisdiction of the Light-house Board.

TAX ON SAVINGS BANKS WITHOUT CAPITAL.

Mr. BOUTWELL called up the House bill repealing all revenue tax on Savings banks having no capital, and where investments are made solely for the benefit of depositors; and the bill was passed.

OCEAN COURSES.

Mr. SPRAGUE entered a motion to reconsider the vote by which the bill to provide for the establishment of an international commission of the maritime powers to lay down ocean courses for steam vessels, and otherwise to provide for the increased safety of sea travel, was passed.

The Senate then, at 6:40 P. M., adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

The following bills from the Committee on the District of Columbia were reported and passed: Permitting the Washington and Georgetown Railroad Company to extend its tracks from the foot of Seventh street to the Arsenal gate; authorizing the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad to construct a lateral road from its Washington branch to intersect the Metropolitan branch of the road; defining the illuminating power of gas furnished within the District of Columbia at sixteen candles.

PRESERVATION OF BALLOTS.

Mr. TREMAIN, of New-York, from the Judiciary Committee, reported the bill to preserve the ballots cast at, and all papers connected with, elections for members of Congress. He moved to suspend the rules and pass it, which was rejected after brief debate by yeas 148, nays 100.

INTERNATIONAL ARBITRATION.

Mr. WOODFORD, of New-York, moved to suspend the rules and adopt a resolution authorizing the President to negotiate with all civilized powers for the establishment of an international system of arbitration whereby matters of dispute between Governments may be adjusted by arbitration and without recourse to war, which was agreed to.

PUBLICATION OF THE REVISED STATUTES.

The Senate bill prohibiting the publication of the revised statutes in the newspapers at the expense of the United States was passed.

THE DISTRICT GOVERNMENT.

Mr. WILSON, of Indiana, Chairman of the committee of investigation of the affairs of the District of Columbia, called up the bill reported from the joint committee yesterday for the government of the District of Columbia.

Mr. WILSON proceeded to advocate his bill, and to answer questions in relation to it.

Mr. PARKER, of Missouri, asked why, in the provision for taxation, personal estate was not to be taxed.

Mr. WILSON said that all explanations on that point would be made by his colleague in the committee (Mr. Bass.)

Mr. BECK intimated that he wished to offer an amendment to reduce the rate of taxation from three to two per cent. in the City of Washington, and from 2.50 to 2 in Georgetown, and the District generally to $1. The rates proposed, he said, would amount to confiscation in many cases.

Mr. WILSON replied that if the gentleman from Kentucky knew exactly the financial condition of the District, he would find that the committee did not propose any more tax than was necessary.

Mr. FORT wished to have the bill amended so as to make personal property taxable.

Mr. CHIPMAN, delegate from the District, protested against the destruction of the District Government without its representative having any opportunity to offer amendments. This bill bound the District hand and foot.

Mr. SPEER, of Pennsylvania, understood that the bill released the District from its bond.

Mr. CHIPMAN, of District of Columbia, understood, on the contrary, that it riveted the bond.

Mr. WILSON proceeded with a review of the whole subject and in advocacy of the bill. There was no difference of opinion, he said, in the Select Committee as to the necessity of a change in the management of the affairs of the District. The evidence showed that the District was utterly bankrupt, many of the employes of the District Government having been without their pay since November last.

Mr. NIBLACK, of Indiana, asked whether the committee had recommended any censure or punishment of those who had been guilty of negligence or of fraud in connection with the District Government.

Mr. WILSON replied in the negative, and said that it was not within the province of the committee to do so.

Mr. GARFIELD, of Ohio, asked whether there was any provision in the bill for fixing the exact proportion of the expenditures of the District Government which the United States ought to pay.

Mr. WILSON replied that the Commissioners provided for in the bill were required to prepare and submit to Congress their views on that subject, and it was for Congress ultimately to say what proportion the United States should pay.

Mr. LAWRENCE, of Ohio, asked whether the bill committed Congress to the indorsement of the district debt?

Mr. WILSON replied that it did not. Commenting upon the manner in which the accounts of the Treasurer and of the Auditor were kept, he said that the Treasurer kept no cash account, nothing but the stubs of his checks, and they hardly ever corresponded with the amount which he had credited to himself in his report.

Mr. COBURN, of Indiana, inquired as to the amount of the variation.

Mr. WILSON replied that no one could tell anything about it, and therefore the committee had put in the sixth section of the bill a provision whereby the accounts of these two officers should be carefully and thoroughly overhauled.

Mr. BASS, of New-York, another member of the Joint Select Committee, followed Mr. Wilson in further explanation of the bill. As to the criticism that the bill imposed a double tax for this year, he denied that there was any truth in it. The last tax levied in the district was collectable on the 1st of July, 1873, and of that tax more than a million dollars was uncollected. He declared that the rates of taxation provided three per cent. in Washington, two and a half per cent. in Georgetown, and two per cent. in the other portions of the District, were the lowest rates that could be imposed, in order to redeem the District from bankruptcy.

Mr. WILSON, of Indiana, moved the previous question on the passage of the bill, which was seconded, 94 to 70.

The main question was then ordered—yeas 134 to nays 111—and the bill was passed by a vote of 216 yeas to 22 nays.

The bill provides for the apportionment, by the President, of the Commissioners, who are, until otherwise provided by law, to exercise all the power and authority now vested in the Governor and Board of Public Works; of an officer of the Engineer Corps to perform the duties of Chief Engineer of the Board of Public Works; and of a Board of Audit, to consist of the First and Second Controllers of the Treasury, who are to examine and audit all the unfunded and floating debt of the District, and the accounts of the Auditor and of the Treasurer, and other officers of the District. It also provides for a joint select committee of two Senators and two Representatives to prepare a suitable form of Government for the District, and to report the same to Congress on the first day of the next session. In the meantime, the expenses of the District Government are to be defrayed out of a tax on real estate of three per cent. in Washington, two and a half per cent. in Georgetown, and two per cent. on the country portions of the District.

THE PENSION APPROPRIATIONS.

Mr. O'NEILL, of Pennsylvania, from the Conference Committee on the Pension Appropriation bill, made a report, which was adopted.

THE LEGISLATIVE APPROPRIATIONS.

Mr. GARFIELD, of Ohio, from the Conference Committee on the Legislative Appropriation bill, made a report, action on which was postponed till to-morrow.

JUDGE DURELL'S CASE.

Mr. WILSON, of Indiana, from the Judiciary Committee, made a report in the impeachment case of Judge Durell, of Louisiana, with resolutions. First, that Judge Durell be impeached for high crimes and mis emeanors; second, that a committee of two be appointed by the House to go to the Senate, and, in the name of the House of Representatives, impeach him, and inform the Senate that the House will in due time exhibit particular articles of impeachment, and make good the same, and demand that the Senate take order for the appearance of Judge Durell to answer such impeachment, and, third, that a committee of seven be appointed to prepare articles of impeachment, with power to send for persons and papers and to take testimony.

Mr. TREMAIN, of New-York, presented a minority report, signed by himself, Mr. Frye, of Maine, Mr. Cessna, of Pennsylvania, and Mr. Ward, of Illinois, dissenting from the conclusion of the majority of the committee, and recommending that all proceedings against Judge Durell be discontinued.

He also presented another minority report, signed by Mr. Poland, of Vermont, stating, first, that in regard to Judge Durell's midnight order, he believed that the Judge had no proper legal jurisdiction to make it, but still that he (Mr. Poland) could not find that the Judge acted corruptly, or with any belief that he was going beyond his jurisdiction. The whole people were excited. The times were violent and turbulent, and judicial calmness and correctness could hardly be expected. The second point of Judge Poland's report is, that the evidence seems to establish that some officers of Judge Durell's court were guilty of corrupt practices, and that the Judge was not watchful to scrutinize their conduct, but that there is no claim that he ever shared in any of the proceeds of their gains, and no direct evidence that he, knowingly, sanctioned or approved their action. Then, that while the evidence obtained by a substantial *ex parte* examination only secured a bare majority of the committee, it did not appear that the public interest would be furthered by presenting articles of impeachment.

The various reports were ordered to be printed and recommitted, and then at 5:15 o'clock the House took a recess till 7:30, the evening session to be for business for the Committee on Naval Affairs.

A GALLANT ARREST.

While Park Policeman Lewis Flock was on duty at Bowling green yesterday afternoon, two gentlemen called his attention to the conduct of a man engaged in conversation with a young girl about fifteen years old. Officer Flock becoming convinced that something was wrong, arrested the man and brought him and the young girl to the First Precinct Station-house in New street, where the fellow gave his name as Silica Millerman, and said he was a theatrical agent in Albany. The little girl gave her name as Mary Mitchell, of No. 53 Norfolk street. She said that the prisoner entered into conversation with her and brought her to the Battery. After asking her to go out sailing with him he indecently assaulted her. The formal record of the case was made on the "blotter" of the station-house, and Officer Flock proceeded to take his prisoner before Judge Wandell, at the Tombs. At the corner of Wall and Broad streets Millerman tripped up Officer Flock and threw him in the gutter. Although somewhat stunned by the fall Flock gave chase. As Millerman ran up Wall street he cleared the way with his umbrella, at the same time shouting "stop thief." After running ten blocks Flock succeeded in recapturing Millerman, and brought him to the Tombs. The girl Mitchell of course lost sight of Officer Flock during the chase, and Judge Wandell committed Millerman until to-day, when the girl will be brought forward as complainant.

THE DOG MORGUE AND SLAUGHTER-HOUSE.

Business opened rather briskly yesterday morning at the establishment in Thirty-seventh street known as the Dog Pound. Preparations were made at an early hour for the execution of upward of 100 of the canine species whose term of imprisonment in that humane institution had expired, according to the City ordinance. As the fatal moment arrived for consigning them to the experimental tank, the dogs set up a piteous howl, as if conscious of their impending fate. But the pound master was inexorable, and determined to carry out the letter of the law with scrupulous fidelity. One by one the poor animals were cast into the large wooden chamber, which is 18 feet long by 6 feet wide, and 3 in height; the air-tight door on the top having been fastened down, the carbonic acid gas was injected through a pipe fixed in one end of the tank. The leakage, which it was supposed occasioned the lingering death of the dogs on Saturday morning, had been repaired, and it was expected that a more speedy extermination would be the result. There seems, however, to be some mistake as to the proper method of employing the gas, and on this account the death of the dogs was not as speedy as had been anticipated. The tank is perfectly air-tight when the carbonic acid gas is applied, leaving no means of escape for the air within, and it has been suggested that previous to its introduction, the chamber should be at least partially exhausted by an air pump, so as to admit a sufficient quantity of the gas to dispatch the dogs at once. The properties of carbonic acid gas do not seem to be very clearly understood by those intrusted with its application. It is well known that this gas is much heavier than the atmosphere, its specific gravity being 1.511, and that it may be poured from one jar into another like a fluid. Nothing more seems to be necessary in order to apply it effectually in the present instance, but to leave a small aperture in the upper side of the tank to allow the air to escape according as the gas is introduced. This morning a batch of over 100 dogs will be disposed of in the tank, and it is to be hoped a sufficient quantity of the carbonic acid gas will be placed in the chamber to cause the immediate death of the doomed animals. For some time to come the number of the victims is likely to be largely on the increase, as most of the boys of the City have entered into regular organizations for the capture of dogs. Over 100 were received yesterday, and a large cartful sent away for want of room. During the day several parties called at the pound in search of missing dogs.

SOMETHING NEW IN BANCO.

Mr. Charles Foster, sometimes known as Howard, is the responsible head of the "banco" business in New-York. Mr. Foster is a Baltimorean by birth, a tall, gentlemanly-looking young man, who has a penchant for trotting horses, faro, and the opera. Mr. Foster's partner is Mr. Ferdinand Rose, who is known among sporting men as Capt. Taylor. Mr. Rose has the same tastes as Mr. Foster. Quite a new light was thrown on the "banco" business when Mr. Rose and Mr. Wm. Weil, a diamond broker, of No. 755 Broadway, were arraigned before Judge Wandell, at the Tombs, yesterday, on a charge of attempting to pass a forged check for $500 on Mr. James Grant, the banker, of No. 2 Exchange court. Mr. Grant stated that on Saturday last a check for $500, purporting to have been signed by himself, was presented to him for payment by Mr. Weil, which he at once saw was a forgery, and detained for further examination, giving Mr. Weil reference. Mr. Weil in explanation represented that he had received it for collection, and gave Mr. Grant his card. The latter placed the case in the hands of Officers Sampson and Farley, who arrested Mr. Weil, that person stating that the check was given him for collection by "Cap" Taylor. The detectives then arrested Rose, at his residence in Clinton place. Rose stated that on Friday last a tall gentleman, who was not Mr. Grant, came into his banco game, at No. 26 West Broadway, and lost $500. He called for a blank check, filled it out for $500, and left. He gave the check to the negro boy in attendance on the game and told him to take it to Mr. Clute, his broker, for collection. The boy on going to Mr. Clute's found that gentleman absent, and was advised by his clerk to take the check to Mr. Grant's office and have it certified. The boy then called on Mr. Grant, who said the check was wrong, but did not detain it. Then Rose gave the check to Weil, and promised him five per cent. if he collected it promptly. On this statement Judge Wandell discharged Weil, but decided to hold Rose for further examination. It is something unheard of for a "banco" man to accept a check from any one who plays against his "skin game."

POLICE TRIALS.

President Gardner presided at the Police trials yesterday, and listened to evidence in eighty-two complaints against delinquents. Nearly all the complaints were for infractions of discipline, violations of the rules of the department, &c., and were disposed of by the imposition of fines varying from one to five days' pay. Roundsman Cormack, of the Twenty-second Precinct, charged Sergt. Patrick H. Larkin, of the same, with being so grossly intoxicated on the morning of the 26th ult. as to be unfit for duty. Furthermore, that he required the services of three men to carry him to his bed. The complaint was not substantiated. The roundsman thought that the Sergeant was drunk from his manner, but it was shown conclusively by the evidence of Sergt. Combes and Police Surgeon Satterlee that Sergt. Larkin was seized with vertigo while talking to Sergt. Combes at the desk in the station-house, and the surgeon had examined Larkin very closely and could not discover the least trace of liquor about him. The complaint was dismissed, and President Gardner said that he would transfer all the Sergeants in the Twenty-second Precinct to other precincts, as he was satisfied "there was something wrong among them." Roundsman Hugh Watts, of the Twenty-seventh Precinct, was arraigned, charged with entering the liquor store No. 6 Carlisle street on the evening of the 8th inst., and drinking a glass of liquor there with Officer Gorman, of the same precinct. It appears that Watts had made an arrest and placed the party in charge of Officer Gorman while he went in pursuit of another man. When Watts returned to the place where he left Gorman he found that that officer had allowed the prisoner to escape, and then denied that he had charge of the man. A quarrel occurred, during which Gorman assaulted the Roundsman and also Patrolman Ramsey, who had come to his assistance, and in the melée the second prisoner escaped. Gorman was suspended from duty, and informed Capt. Lowery that Watts had drank with him a short time previous to the quarrel. On this information the complaint was entered, but Gorman, who has since resigned, failed to appear. Mrs. Matilda Martin, the proprietress of the liquor store, testified that Watts had never been in her place. Watts was about to make a statement, when President Gardner interrupted and remarked: "You had better not say a word about this matter. I know you have been drinking too much of late, and I warn you to be more careful in future. The charge is not sustained, and the complaint will be dismissed." Patrolman John D. McIntyre, of the Tenth Precinct, was charged with being under the influence of liquor while on post. Sergt. Vredenburgh, of the Tenth Precinct, testified that two boys came into the station-house and informed him that the officer was drunk on post. He sent Roundsman Folk to bring him in, and on the arrival of the accused was satisfied from his appearance that he was drunk. McIntyre denied that he had drank any liquor on the night in question, and the case was referred to the board for decision. Sergt. Weith, of the Twenty-seventh Precinct, was found guilty of not entering on the blotter at the station-house, and not telegraphing to Police Head-quarters the killing of a mad dog in front of the station-house, and was fined five days' pay.

CITY HALL NOTES.

Commissioner Van Nort opened eleven bids yesterday for paving and grading Worth street, from Broadway to Chatham street. The contract will be awarded in a few days....Among those who called upon Acting Mayor Vance yesterday were Aldermen Morris, Billings, and Cooper; Ex-Police Commissioner Acton, Commissioner Wheeler, Mr. James Everard, the contractor, and others....The flags were hoisted over the City Hall yesterday in honor of the anniversary of Bunker Hill....The Mayor having failed to take action on the resolution appropriating $10,000 for fireworks on the Fourth of July within the appointed time—namely, ten days—it is now in full force....An application has been made to the Board of Apportionment for $5,000 for pyrotechnics for the towns in the annexed district.

PAUL FALK AGAIN IN TROUBLE.

Paul Falk, the proprietor of the Tivoli Garden, in St. Mark's place, was held in $1,000 bail by Justice Bixby, at Essex Market Police Court, yesterday, charged with disturbing the public peace by having a musical performance in his garden on the evening of Sunday last. He has been already arrested several times on complaint of the members of a church situated at the rear of his establishment. The complaint this time is made by "The Sabbatarian Committee," who are desirous of stopping all music in saloons and other places of common resort on Sunday evenings. Falk furnished bail and was discharged.

WATER FOR SPRINKLING STREETS.

The Aldermanic Committee on Public Works received a communication from Commissioner Van Nort yesterday, in relation to the petition of Thomas W. Gager to obtain permission to take water from the public hydrants for the purpose of sprinkling Grand and other streets. The communication states that a Mr. Johnson paid for the privilege in advance, and that Mr. Gager was refused a permit on that account.

THE METHODISTS.

THE NEW-YORK DISTRICT CONFERENCE.

YESTERDAY'S PROCEEDINGS—THE YONKERS CHURCH—RESOLUTIONS ON THE TEMPERANCE QUESTION.

The New-York District Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church was resumed yesterday morning in the Jane Street Methodist Church, Rev. Dr. Browne presiding. After the meeting had been opened with prayer the calling of the roll of local preachers, which was not completed the previous day, was again taken up, and the characters of all, with one exception, was passed. In this case the President of the Conference were authorized to ascertain from the gentleman in question what relation he at present holds to the Methodist Episcopal Church.

The roll of ordained local preachers was next called, and the character of each minister was passed.

Brother Vincent was next invited to deliver an address on "The Word in the Church." He said his subject was really the Sunday-school, as, if Sunday-school teaching meant anything, it meant the study of the Word of God, in order to promote spiritual culture. His idea of a Sunday-school class was a class led by a godly teacher, who came prepared with the Word of God in his heart to edify his pupils. The Word of God being the medium through which the spirit of God acts, it was important, said the speaker, that a great deal should be made of it in the family circle, as well as in the sanctuary. He believed if they had a little more responsive reading of the Scriptures in their public places, the subject would be made more interesting to the young. The speaker alluded to the allegation made by a local preacher the previous day, to the effect that local preachers were not well received in consequence of not being ordained ministers. He did not agree with the gentleman who made these remarks, and thought the fault lay with the preachers themselves. The speaker, in conclusion, said that too much attention could not be given to Bible study.

Mrs. Wittenmeyer was next invited to address the conference on "Woman's Work in the Church." She spoke briefly in reference to the work of "The Ladies' and Pastors' Christian Union," in which she is an active worker. The association had for its objects the bringing of children to the Sunday Day School, and the spread of Gospel truth. A society is organized in connection with each church, of which the Pastor is the President, and the lady workers are required to visit from house to house, talking with the people on the subject of religion. They visit both rich and poor of all denominations, including Roman Catholics, and their efforts in regard to the latter class were satisfactory.

The committee appointed on the Yonkers Church presented the following report:

"The committee appointed by the New-York District Conference to consider the condition of the Central Church, Yonkers, beg leave to report the following:

Whereas, It has come to our knowledge that the Central Church in Yonkers is in imminent peril because of its large indebtedness and the limited number and means of its members, and, whereas, its immediate necessities require the sum of $3,00 , therefore,

Resolved, That we recommend the churches of this district to take collections at an early day for this church, and forward the same to the Pastor, Rev. A. H. Ferguson.

Resolved, That we earnestly request the Church Extension Society of the Methodist Episcopal Church to hear their prayer for help, and invest some of the moneys paid into its treasury from this conference in rescuing this Yonkers Church from disaster.

Resolved, That we recommend this urgent case to the Methodist men of means in this City.

L. H. KING,
A. M. PARKER,
C. C. LEIGH,
J. M. KING,
WM. TRUSLOW.

On motion the report was adopted, and a committee, consisting of Rev. A. H. Ferguson, Rev. Dr. Browne and Rev. L. H. King was appointed to carry out the resolution. The following report of the committee on temperance was next read:

Resolved, That we are more than ever convinced of the absolute need of total prohibition as a condition of the removal and cure of the evils of intemperance, and we here pledge our utmost endeavors to inaugurate so wise and salutary a dispensation.

Resolved, That while we can never be satisfied with anything less than the entire destruction of the liquor traffic, yet we can but regard as a step toward that end the enactment of laws making this vast system of iniquity responsible for the losses and woes which have been so recklessly inflicted upon a long-suffering and too patient people.

Resolved, That we not only regard the manufacture, sale, or using of intoxicating drinks as a beverage morally wrong, but we also most earnestly protest against our members giving any countenance to the liquor traffic by signing petitions for licences, by renting property for such purposes, or by directly helping in any other way to promote intemperance. Any one thus acting is guilty of unchristian conduct, and is subject to disciplinary action.

Resolved, That we should make special effort to secure the nomination and election to office of strictly publicly-pledged and well-known prohibition men.

Resolved, That we recommend the use of unfermented wine on our sacramental occasions.

Resolved, That we recognize with profound gratitude to God the extensive influence of Christian women recently brought to bear upon the temperance community, and welcome it as one of the noblest means to create and sustain a pure and healthful public sentiment against the sale and use of intoxicating drinks.

The presiding officer at this point left the chair to attend a meeting of the District Stewards, and his place was taken by Rev. Dr. Wekeley, of Lexington Avenue Church. A motion having been made to adopt the first resolution, Rev. Dr. Foss, of Harlem, did not think it would be well to take action in the matter. They might be injuring the cause of temperance, as the people were not yet quite educated up to the point desired. The resolution was then put and carried. The second resolution was next put and carried without debate.

The third resolution having been read, Brother Goss said he could not agree with that portion of it which said that the use of intoxicating drinks was "morally wrong." It was not the use, he said, but the misuse of liquor which was wrong. The resolution, however, on being put was carried almost unanimously.

The fourth resolution, calling for the nomination of prohibition candidates, elicited rather a sharp debate. Brother Vail did not like to pledge himself to such a resolution. He did not believe in connecting church matters with politics.

Brother Driggs believed if the different pulpits in the United States did their duty, they had moral force to sweep the liquor traffic out of the country. He was ready to vote for any man who would go for prohibition.

Rev. Dr. Lodge said it looked as if there was an object to be gained by the passage of the resolution. For his part he would vote for Gov. Dix, as he believed he was a "grand man."

Rev. Dr. Leigh, the author of the resolution, disclaimed having in view any object in favor of any party. The words of the resolution were nearly the same as those laid down in the discipline.

Brother Vail was informed that there would be, without question, a temperance ticket nominated for this State, and they should be prepared for it. He did not want to waste his vote, and supposing that they could elect an absolute prohibitionist as Governor, he might be all wrong on other important questions.

Brother Stone, although a Democrat, supported the resolution.

Brother Lyon did not think his temperance would allow him to go so far as the resolution required. All the legislation in favor of temperance which they have acquired came from one or other of the two political parties, and any votes given to a prohibition candidate would, he was certain, be thrown away. He agreed with Gov. Dix in his action relating to the bill which he vetoed. If Gov. Dix be again nominated and elected he believed they would have legislation in favor of temperance. He moved the omission of the words "publicly pledged" and of the word "prohibition" from the resolution, and that the word "temperance" be inserted instead of "prohibition."

Brother Goss thought the temperance people had now one of the grandest opportunities that ever offered to advance the cause. Nine-tenths of the crime of this City was the direct result of the use of liquors. There were, he said, Germans enough in the State who would vote for them, and they, if united, could put down intemperance in this State.

Rev. Dr. Wekeley said they had prayed about the matter long enough. If they wanted anti-temperance legislation, let them send anti-temperance men to the Legislature. Let them, he asked, write on their banners, in capital letters, "Prohibition now, Prohibition forever."

Rev. Mr. Leigh said that clergymen who preached temperance from the pulpit voted for men who were opposed to the temperance question.

Brother Gross moved that the amendment offered by Brother Lyon be laid on the table. The Chairman having put the motion, it was carried by a large majority.

The original resolution in favor of "prohibition" was then put and also carried. The fifth and sixth resolutions were next put, and passed without debate.

Brother Ramble offered a resolution protesting against the medical faculty prescribing alcoholic liquors for their patients. The resolution was ordered to be laid on the table as there was no time for discussion.

The question of where the next conference should meet was referred to a committee of three, and this committee was also directed to arrange for literary and religious exercises at the next conference.

After transacting some additional business of a routine nature, the conference adjourned *sine die*.

A SERIES OF ACCIDENTS IN WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

Three sad accidents occurred in Westchester County on Tuesday. While Pelham L. McClellann, Ex-District Attorney of Westchester County, was on his return home to Mount Vernon from West Chester, by way of Fordham, in a wagon, the horse became unmanageable and ran away, throwing him out of the vehicle with great violence. He was very seriously injured. Mr. George Hunt, who accompanied him, escaped with slight bruises....Michael Schafer, of West Mount Vernon, aged twenty-two years, who has been in the habit of displaying his agility by jumping upon trains while in motion, made another attempt on Tuesday evening, when he was dragged down and run over, both of his legs being nearly cut off, resulting in his death in the course of a few hours....At Tuckahoe an interesting boy, seven years old, son of Samuel Fee, Justice of the Peace, was accidentally drowned by falling into a pool of water.

DEATH FROM HYDROPHOBIA.

A DOG-FANCIER FALLS A VICTIM TO THE DREADFUL DISEASE.

Mr. Francis Butler, residing at the corner of Prospect and Bremen streets, in the Eighteenth Ward of Brooklyn, died on Tuesday evening of hydrophobia. Mr. Butler, who was a man of good literary attainments, and a distinguished linguist, was, for many years, a professor of languages in a private academy in Brooklyn. He was a great lover of dogs, and some years ago started a dog-fancier's shop in Peck slip. About six weeks ago a gentleman brought to Mr. Butler's store in this City a Spitz dog to treat. While taking the animal in a basket to Brooklyn on a Roosevelt street ferry-boat, it suddenly jumped out and bit him on the thumb. Another individual, whose name is unknown, was bitten at the same time. Mr. Butler, however, who was a disbeliever in hydrophobia, not much concerned at what had happened, resorted only to such treatment as quickly healed the wound. Some days ago, however, the wound assumed the appearance of a finger felon, and on Monday morning, while he was taking a cup of tea, he complained to Mrs. Butler of a strange and disagreeable sensation at the sight of the liquid. He then asked her to get him a seidlitz powder, and she did so. On its being presented to him, however, he became violently affected, and said, "For God's sake take it away." From that time he was attacked by paroxysms of greater and greater severity, till about 7:30 on Tuesday evening, when Dr. Francis M. Lorette, of Grand street, was sent for. Previous to the doctor's arrival, his son, Walter Butler, went up stairs, and the sight of him threw Mr. Butler into a violent paroxysm, in which foam at the mouth was apparent. Mrs. Butler with difficulty kept him from jumping over the banisters and falling down stairs. At last he got down stairs, and having had some sulphate of morphine applied by Dr. Lorette, after a blister to the throat, seemed to experience some relief, till about 9 o'clock, when he died without pain.

Throughout his sufferings Mr. Butler seems to have had full possession of his senses, except that at one time his memory appeared to fail him. Until the last stage of the disease he did not believe that he was suffering from hydrophobia.

Dr. Francis M. Lorette, who attended Mr. Butler, makes the following interesting statement in regard to the case:

On Monday, 10 A. M., I was called to attend the deceased, whom I found suffering from evident symptoms of hydrophobia. He was perfectly conscious, and gave the following history of the case. He complained of a strange, indescribable feeling, slight pain on the back of the neck, sensation of stiffness about the neck, and slight sensation of suffocation. I at once became suspicious that the case was one of incipient hydrophobia. I therefore requested a member of the family to bring a glass of water and hand it to him. On the water being produced, he made a desperate effort to convey it to his mouth, but failed, the effort throwing him into a violent paroxysm, in which he showed great difficulty of breathing. All this time, however, he was quite sensible, and scouted the idea that he was affected with hydrophobia. I became convinced at once of the true character of the malady, and prescribed at once for hydrophobia. Paroxysms similar to the one already noticed, only more and more severe, followed at intervals of fifteen minutes, his mind, however, not showing itself in any way impaired. As the severity of the malady increased, however, he became conscious of his situation, and called upon those about him to hasten his death as a relief to his sufferings. Every effort was made to overcome the paroxysms and dysponcea, but without effect, it being found impossible to reach the œsophagus with a drop of water. The scene at this stage of the malady became more and more agonizing, and an attempt was made to introduce the medicine endermically, but the attempt only provoked a paroxysm, and was necessarily abandoned. Yesterday morning he wrote on a slip of paper a request that some relief might be given him, and it was suggested to apply a blister to the throat and chest, and sulphate of morphine to the abraded surface. This was done with decidedly good effect, so far as alleviation of the pain was concerned. The paroxysms from that time were less severe, till he finally sank into a comatose condition, in which he died. The deceased was sixty-four years of age.

ANDERSON AND HIS DIAMONDS.

SOME PASSAGES IN THE LIFE OF AN ALLEGED "BARON."

The readers of THE TIMES will doubtless remember the story narrated by "Capt." Charles Andersen, who alleged that he had been robbed of $17,000 worth of uncut diamonds under rather romantic circumstances in Houston street, near Broadway, on the 1st inst. Capt. Irving and the detectives who had been detailed to investigate the matter, became convinced that the whole affair was a fabrication. Capt. Irving, having received some information in regard to the antecedents of the so-called Capt. Andersen, specially detailed Detective Dunn to work up the matter, and yesterday received the following report from Dunn, which effectually disposes of "Capt." Andersen:

June 17, 1874.

To Capt. Irving:

SIR: Having complied with your order of June 10, I am able to submit the following report:

Some few years ago a man applied for the situation of engineer of a morocco factory up town. Having good recommendations he was accepted. He worked there about one year, and during that time he was absent on several occasions. When asked by his employer the reason for his absence, he announced himself as a stockholder in a hotel at Long Branch to the amount of $75,000, to which he was at times called to attend. To others he stated that he was "Baron Lind, of Hagby," a Swedish nobleman. After leaving the morocco factory he was employed in the dying establishment of Spiro Pitou, at No. 29 Lorimer street, Brooklyn, E. D., as engineer, working there about two years. On leaving Pitou's, in May last, that gentleman paid him $60. He (the "Baron") showed to Pitou a small brown paper package, and said this contains diamonds to the amount of $30,000." Since then the "Baron" has married a lady of a romantic turn of mind, and has changed his name to Capt. Charles Andersen. Occasionally he met some of his friends in New-York, to whom he, on one occasion, represented himself to be a commissioner from the Cuban Junta, and as having fitted out at his own expense a ship and 200 men to fight in the cause of Cuban independence. This man is Carlos Andersen, who reported that he was robbed of $17,000 worth of uncut diamonds, a few weeks ago, in Houston street, near Broadway. He was married on May 24, 1874, under the name of Charles Andersen Lind, and then gave his occupation as an officer in the Cuban Army.

Very respectfully, JOHN J. DUNN, Detective.

A FEMALE PHYSIOLOGICAL SOCIETY.

A number of Brooklyn ladies have formed an organization for the suppression of corsets, high-heeled boots, false hair, and the numerous other contrivances of an artificial nature which are supposed to adorn female beauty and injure health. A principal article of the Constitution is as follows:

No person shall be eligible to office in this society who wears corsets, or who does not wear her clothes suspended from her shoulders, and who does not live hygienically.

This society, of which Mrs. Theodore L. Cuyler is President, was organized a short time since under the name of "The Ladies' Physiological Society of Brooklyn." Their constitution has not yet been published, but it is expected that it will appear shortly. It is understood that they will inaugurate a series of lectures for the promotion of the proper observance of the laws of health by women. Among the ladies connected with the organization are Mrs. Henry Chatfield, Mrs. E. N. Taft, Mrs. Homer B. Sprague, Mrs. William Barre, and Mrs. G. F. Hall.

GAS EXPLOSION AT THE GRAND CENTRAL DEPOT.

At 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon, while a gas-fitter was testing the gas-pipes at the Grand Central Depot with a lighted lamp, searching for a leak, the escaping gas ignited, causing an explosion. A great deal of excitement ensued, and an alarm of fire was sounded, but before the Fire Department arrived the fire was extinguished. The damage by the explosion was very slight. Homer Moore, the gas-fitter, was severely burned about the face by the explosion.

CITY TREASURY.

Controller Green reports the following receipts and disbursements of the Treasury yesterday: Claims paid, number of warrants 236, amounting to $576,754 18. Receipts—From arrears of taxes and interest, $16,355 10; from collection of assessments and interest; $504 80; from market rents and fees, $1,463 70; from water rents, $5,377 35; from licenses, Mayor's Office, $286; from fees and fines, district courts, $51 50; from fees, &c., Assistant Secretary Department of Taxes and Assessments, $1 45. Total, $24,044 90.

A SNEAK THIEF ARRESTED.

Mrs. Lena Hafner, of No. 141 East Broadway, caught Walter Stevers, a sneak thief, making off with $50 worth of clothing from her husband's store. The accused was arrested, and held in $1,000 bail by Justice Bixby at Essex Market Police Court yesterday.

MR. BERGH BEFORE THE GRAND JURY.

Mr. Henry Bergh, President of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, was at the District Attorney's office yesterday, and arranged to go before the Grand Jury to-day, to testify in regard to the cruel action of Pound Keeper Marriott and his assistants, in killing dogs last Saturday.

CONTRIBUTIVE NEGLIGENCE.

Thomas Sammon, a flagman on the Hudson River Railroad, in August, 1872, was killed at the corner of Fourth avenue and Fifty-second street, by a train of cars while waving the flag for another train coming in the opposite direction. His widow sued to recover $5,000, and the company set up the defense that the deceased contributed to his death by his own negligence. In support of this theory it was shown that the deceased, while waving the flag, stood on one of the tracks instead of between them, as was his duty. The court dismissed the complaint.

THE BOARD OF EDUCATION.

THE SCHOOL TRUSTEES OF THE TWENTIETH WARD COMPLAIN OF HAVEMEYER'S DOG POUND—MISCELLANEOUS BUSINESS.

A regular meeting of the Board of Education was held yesterday afternoon, President Neilson in the chair. After the reading of the minutes a large number of reports from Trustees, on the absence and appointment of teachers and other matters, were received, and referred to appropriate committees, including the following from the Trustees of the Twentieth Ward, in relation to the effect of the close proximity of the dog-pound to Primary School No. 27:

To the Board of Education:

The Trustees of the Twentieth Ward respectfully represent that the dog-pound is located within one hundred feet of Primary School No. 27, in West Thirty-seventh street. The street in the neighborhood is, in consequence, full of men and boys of the roughest sort, bringing dogs, so that the teachers and children are afraid, and pass with difficulty to and from the school. The janitor is occupied nearly the whole of his time guarding the premises and protecting the scholars from the annoyance of these parties. Two of the children have been bitten by the dogs. The howls of the dogs, kept up during the recitations, distract the attention both of the teacher and scholars, and make them in a measure unfit for work. The effect is very manifest in a diminished attendance of the scholars. Such an evil would soon render futile the endeavors to maintain a school at all. The Trustees therefore ask the Board of Education to take steps to have the nuisance at once removed from the vicinity of the school-house.

Respectfully submitted,

AUSTIN ABBOTT,
H. D. RAMEY,
WILLIAM KILIAN.

NEW-YORK, June 16, 1874.

A communication was received from Wilson G. Hunt, Esq., inclosing a bond for $1,000, and requesting that the income of the same be applied yearly as a prize to a boy or girl excelling in some branch of education. The donation was accepted, and the matter referred to the Committee on Course of Studies, who were requested to obtain from Mr. Hunt more definite instructions as to the disposal of the annual prizes, a doubt existing as to whether the fund was intended for the special benefit of the Normal College and the College of the City of New-York or the grammar schools. A letter from Mr. Henry J. Scudder was read, enclosing a copy of the regulations for the appointment of cadet engineers in the United States navy, and asking the board to give the same publicity, so that the boys of the public schools may be made acquainted with the advantages of the engineering school, appointment to which is gained entirely by open competition, unaccompanied by political influence. A communication from the Committee on Normal College, asking for an additional appropriation of $1,000 to defray the expenses of the college commencement, was referred to the Finance Committee. The Committee on Teachers, to whom was referred the matter of investigating the inefficiency in the management of the male department of Grammar school No. 37, reported that it was caused by want of energy and method in the Principal, Mr. William A. Owen, whom, in consequence of his long service to the department, and a promise of a determination to exercise greater diligence in the future, they recommended should not be removed, or no changes be made in the school until after the November examination. The report of the Committee on the Evening High School, nominating teachers for the coming season, which was "tabled" at a meeting of the board two weeks ago, was called up by Commissioner Mathewson. The adoption of this report at last week's meeting was delayed by Commissioner Mathewson, who offered a resolution that the President be requested to obtain the opinion of the Council to the Corporation as to the legal right of the board to continue the present Evening High School, and to establish other similar schools.

Commissioners Patterson and Mann objected to the taking up of the report until the opinion sought for was obtained. The President stated that the Counsel had written his view of the matter, but that it had been mislayed, and that it was necessary to wait one week longer for a copy of it. Commissioner Mathewson remarked that from the result of a private interview which he had with the Counsel, he (Mr. Mathewson) had reason to suspect that the opinion took the form of a question in politics, "Will it make more Democratic or Republican votes?" Commissioner Patterson objected to this language of Commissioner Mathewson. He did not believe that Mr. E. Delafield Smith would be the author of a political opinion of the nature quoted. They should not "hang a man before he was first tried."

A long discussion ensued, including several rather lively personalities between Commissioners Mathewson and Patterson, the report being finally taken up and adopted, the President and Commissioners Patterson and West voting in the negative.

CANADA.

SEIZURE OF PIANOS BY CUSTOM-HOUSE OFFICERS.

OTTAWA, Canada, June 17.—Considerable trouble is constantly occurring here between the Custom-house officers and importers of pianos and sewing-machines. A consignment of pianos from New-York were seized yesterday on a charge of being entered under value. Two special orders have been issued to Collectors of Customs throughout the Dominion, bearing date of June 11, explaining duty rates on these articles.

DISTRESS IN EASTERN CANADA.

QUEBEC, June 17.—Letters from Saguenay state that there is much distress in that district. Since the snow disappeared incessant rain has fallen. No grain has been sown, and farmers have been obliged to eat their seed grain. Young people are emigrating in large numbers. Cattle are dying in all directions for want of food.

GEN. PUTNAM'S STATUE.

HARTFORD, Conn., June 17.—A bronze statue of Gen. Israel Putnam was unveiled in the park this afternoon, with appropriate ceremonies and an imposing military display. The statue is the result of a bequest of the late Hon. Joseph P. Allyn, of this city, formerly United States Judge in Arizona, (who died in Paris in 1869.) The bequest was for "a work of art in the park." His father, Hon. Timothy P. Allyn, added to the fund. Gen. Putnam was chosen for its subject, and J. Q. A. Ward, of New-York, was commissioned to execute the work. The statue is a fine specimen of art, and an admirable representation of the Connecticut hero as his portraits and history would lead a true artist to picture him. The programme of ceremonies consisted of an invocation by Rev. Dr. Bushnell, the presentation of the statue to the city by Charles Dudley Warner, for the Trustees; its reception by Mayor Sprague, and an oration by Hon. Henry C. Robinson, together with music, a salute, &c. The ceremonies were interrupted and delayed somewhat by a heavy shower of rain. The military parade was participated in by the First Regiment, C. N. G.; the Putnam Phalanx, the Governor's Horse and Foot Guards, the Sarsfield Guard of New-Haven, and two colored companies of this city. The Fire Department and several Masonic societies also assisted in the celebration.

COAL LANDS IN LITIGATION.

BLOOMSBURG, Penn., June 17.—The ejectment suits of Dull, Tryon, and others against Campbell, Tower, and others, were called in the Columbia County Court this morning, before Judge Elwell. The suits involve the title to a large and valuable tract of coal lands in Schuylkill County, containing 2,800 acres, worth in the market $1,500,000. The actual defendant is the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron Company, which has acquired the lands in question. Both sides are represented by eminent counsel. For the plaintiff there appeared Frank Hughes, John N. Ryan, Senator Bechtel, of Pottsville, and Jeremiah S. Black. For the defense there were Judge Woodward, Chas. R. Buckalew, and S. P. Wolverton, of Sunbury. The cause was continued till the next October term.

THE BOSTON FUSILEERS.

PHILADELPHIA, June 17.—The Boston Fusileers arrived in the Park about noon, and were received by the State Fencibles. They marched over the new Girard avenue bridge, which is to be opened to the public on the 4th of July next. They passed through the Park to the Green street gate, and then made a street parade to the armory of the Fencibles, where they were refreshed, and completed their march, ending at the Continental Hotel, where they are quartered.

CENTENNIAL CELEBRATION AT LUDLOW, MASS.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., June 17.—The centennial celebration at Ludlow to-day was largely attended, in spite of the unfavorable weather. Addresses of greeting and response were made by Rev. C. L. Cushman, of Ludlow, and Rev. L. White, of New-Salem. The historical address was delivered by Rev. J. W. Tuck, of Jewett City, formerly and for many years Pastor of the Congregational Church at Ludlow. The celebration will be concluded this evening with an old folks' concert.

THE COURTS.

SENTENCED FOR LIFE.

THE THIRD AND LAST DAY OF THE TRIAL OF THOMAS LOWNDES FOR THE MURDER OF HIS WIFE—SUMMING UP BY COUNSEL.

Yesterday morning, after the opening of the Kings County Court of Oyer and Terminer, Mr. A. W. Gleason resumed his summing up for the defense in the case of Thomas Lowndes, on trial for the murder of his wife on the 8th of March last. Mr. Gleason reviewed the testimony at length, and held that the prisoner's domestic troubles were sufficient to drive nine men out of ten crazy. He came home weary at night and found his wife drunk and his little children unfed. His heart was troubled and his mind disturbed. No wonder he acted strangely at his daily toil. His trouble alone, without the aid of strong drink, was enough to drive him mad. Counsel cited numerous cases of crimes committed under impulses of insanity.

District Attorney Winslow summed up for the prosecution. He did not think it was the duty of a prosecuting officer to pursue relentlessly a prisoner on trial for his life. The insanity which excuses crime had not been proven in the case. The authorities read were, many of them, not law. The only question in his mind was the degree in which the prisoner should be convicted. Mr. Winslow then read the statute defining homicide in its various degrees, and reviewed the testimony relative to the commission of the crime. There was nothing romantic about the crime—nothing to raise it above the result of a drunken brawl. It was clearly proven that the prisoner was an ugly, quarrelsome man. It was no new law that drunkenness was no excuse for crime. We have in this city from five to ten thousand saloons, while in New-York there are twenty to thirty thousand. It is very necessary, therefore, that drunkenness should not be allowed to excuse crime. After Mr. Winslow had concluded his address, Judge Pratt delivered a brief charge to the jury, presenting in a clear and forcible way the principal points of the evidence adduced during the trial. The jury then retired, and after an absence of an hour and a half brought in a verdict of murder in the second degree. Judge Pratt, in sentencing the prisoner to confinement at hard labor in the State Prison for and during his natural life, remarked that if the jury had brought in a verdict of murder in the first degree it would have been sustained.

THE BOWLING GREEN SAVINGS BANK.

ANOTHER JUDGMENT AGAINST THE LATE VICE PRESIDENT, WALTER ROCHE.

In the suit of Shepherd Knapp against Walter Roche, before Chief Justice Monell, in Superior Court, already noticed in THE TIMES, a judgment was obtained in plaintiff's favor yesterday for $72,323 21. The suit was brought in the name of Mr. Knapp, as Receiver of the bank, to recover from Roche the sum of $65,000 and interest, alleged to have been loaned by Roche while Vice President of the Bowling Green Savings Bank to the Avenue C Railroad Company, of which he was an officer and director, and to one D. K. Coleman, President of "The Wall Street Exchange Bank," without the security required by the charter of the Bowling Green Bank. The defense of Roche was that he did not lend the money on his own responsibility, but did so by instruction of the President, the late Henry Smith, and even then, in relation to this money he only conveyed Smith's order to Selmes, the Secretary of the bank. He claimed further that the only money of the bank he ever lent on his own responsibility was $17,000. This makes nearly $160,000 obtained in judgments against Roche for illegally diverting the money of the bank.

TRIAL OF THE CENTRAL BOND FORGER.

The trial of Andrew L. Roberts, charged with forgery, was continued before Judge Brady and a jury in the Court of Oyer and Terminer, yesterday, and the testimony for the defense concluded. At the opening of the court Julius Colombane was called, and represented as a friend of Pettus, and who had met him January 3, 1873, in Jersey City. Mr. Purdy, for the defense, said the object of this testimony was to show that Pettus had the seal used on the Central Railroad bonds in January, 1873, while Olmstead testified to having made the seal in June, July, or August of that year. This evidence the court ruled out, as the counsel for the defense did not propose to show that the bonds with the seal attached, stated to have been seen in the possession of Pettus, were the same as those which formed the subject of this prosecution. The witness, testifying, said he had seen one Central Railroad bond. Q. Have you ever seen a Central Railroad bond like this (bond produced) in the possession of Spence Pettus? This and a number of similar questions were objected to and excluded. Mr. A. Oakey Hall, senior counsel for the accused, then offered to prove that on the 3d of January, 1873, Pettus exhibited certified bonds with a counterfeit seal attached, both being similar to those on which the indictment in the case was founded, but the testimony was excluded. The witness on further examination testified that an employe of the Pinkertons passed on him a check through which he got into some trouble. John A. Olmstead was then recalled for the purpose of laying the foundation upon which to offer testimony contradicting him, and he again denied that he knew when Nelse Stuart and "Tom" were occupying a part of his premises, and asserted that he knew they were engaged in the counterfeiting business. Percival Lawrence was also recalled to testify to some unimportant facts, and this closed the testimony for the defense. The court then adjourned to this morning.

THE BRICK-COFFIN CONSPIRACY—LOUISA GERMS TO BE RELEASED.

The case of Louisa Germs and Undertaker Finck, jointly indicted with "Dr." Ernest Uhling for conspiring to defraud the Merchants' Life Insurance Company of $10,000 by means of the notorious brick-coffin burial, was placed on the calendar of the Court of General Sessions yesterday. Counsel for Louisa Germs asked that she be released on her own recognizance, the evidence in Uhling's trial having clearly shown that the woman did not willfully commit the offense with which she was charged, but had merely allowed herself to be used as the tool of the "Doctor," who alone was to be benefited by the success of the scheme. Counsel added that the President of the insurance company joined in the request for the woman's release. The prosecuting officer asked that the woman be held in bail or committed to the House of Detention, but on counsel for the defense showing the absurdity of such a proposition, Recorder Hackett disposed of the matter by stating that he had no doubt that the woman Germs had been unduly controlled and influenced by Uhling, and that on her pleading guilty to an attempt to commit the offense charged, the court felt disposed to postpone sentence. He would not, however, dispose of the matter finally then, but would do so next day. It is probable that the undertaker Finck, as well as Louisa Germs, will be discharged on his own recognizance, the evidence not being sufficient to insure a conviction.

IMPORTANT DECISION IN AN INSURANCE CASE.

Judge Stevens, sitting in the Second District Court at Newark, yesterday decided an important insurance case, which was tried a week ago. Two years ago N. B. Dunham & Co., insurance agents, of Newark, contracted with Virolet & Bruen, of Elizabeth, to procure insurance to the amount of $84,000 upon the latter's property, the policies to be subject to the acceptance of the insurers. They were delivered on Feb. 24, 1872, and on March 1 returned by Virolet & Bruen, who refused to accept. The Dunhams then brought action to recover the short-rate premium for one month. The defense contended that no premium having been paid, the companies were not liable, and that the obligation not being binding on both, the defendants were not liable for the premium, and that the plaintiffs could recover only for the time elapsing between the delivery and the return of the policies. The Judge ruled that the policies having been delivered to Dunham & Co. as agents for Virolet & Bruen, were in force, and, in case of fire he thought the companies were liable. Judgment was given for the plaintiffs. An appeal will probably be taken.

A HIGHLY-COLORED STORY.

The colored people were well represented at Jefferson Market Police Court yesterday, before Justice Murray. Alfred Smith charged Josephine Walker with flattening his nose more than even nature had ever intended it, and also with sending three bricks through his front plate-glass window. It appears that Miss Walker, Smith, Frank Houseman, the colored coachman of the late Col. James Fisk, Jr., and another colored man, whose name is not known, were playing a game of cards for drinks in the establishment of Smith, at No. 119 West Twenty-fifth street. The woman Walker says that she caught Smith putting a card up his sleeve, and, on charging him with an attempt to swindle, was violently treated by the crowd. The Justice, after hearing both sides, became satisfied that it was highly improbable that the colored woman, who is very small, could have assaulted Smith, and he therefore discharged her. The character she gave Smith was that he is "a razor nigger and a regular shooter." He has the sign "Laundry" outside his place, but very little washing is done there.

SUIT FOR FALSE IMPRISONMENT.

In Common Pleas, Trial Term, Part I, before Judge Robinson and a jury, yesterday, was commenced the trial of the suit of James M. Henry against Deputy United States Marshal Kehoe, for false imprisonment. About a year ago, under a warrant having only the name "Henry," Kehoe arrested the plaintiff on a charge of perjury. After being carried from place to place for several hours, the plaintiff satisfied the officer that he was not the man he wanted, and was released from custody. Plaintiff now asks $10,000 damages. The defense is that the officer made an excusable mistake. The case is still on trial.

FINANCIAL AFFAIRS.

SALES AT THE STOCK EXCHANGE—JUNE 17.

SALES BEFORE THE CALL—10 A. M.

1700 West. Union.... 70⅜	600 Ohio & Miss...... 22¼
400 do.......... 70¼	100 N. J. Central.....107
700 do.......... 70	20 do..........107¼
200 do.......... 69⅞	400 Union Pac........ 23½
1000 do.......... 69¾	300 do.......... 23⅝
600 do.........c 69¾	300 do.......... 23¾
400 do.......... 69⅞	1000 do.......... 23⅞
700 do.......... 70	100 do.......... 24
600 do.......... 70⅛	500 do.......... 23⅞
1000 do.......... 70¼	500 do.......... 23¾
1500 do.......... 70⅜	300 do........s3. 23⅝
300 do.........c. 70¼	1000 do.......... 23¾
600 do.......s3. 70¼	100 do........s3. 23¾
200 do.......... 70⅛	600 do.......... 23⅞
600 do.......... 70⅜	200 North-west.Pf.s3. 53
200 do.......b3. 70⅜	400 North-west....s3. 37
100 do.......s3. 70⅜	200 do.......... 37
300 do.......... 70½	200 do.......... 37⅛
100 do.......s3. 70½	1100 do.......... 37
100 do........c. 70½	200 do.......... 36⅞
600 Erie R........s3. 28½	300 do.........c. 36¾
100 do.......... 28½	200 do.......... 36¾
100 do.......... 28⅝	400 Rock Island...... 94¾
200 do........c. 28¾	200 do.......... 94⅞
600 do.......... 28¾	600 do.......... 95
500 N. Y. C. & Hud... 97	300 do.......... 94⅞
500 do.......... 96⅞	100 do.........c. 95⅛
300 do.......... 97	600 Del., L. & W.....108⅜
1600 Pac. Mail........ 40¼	20 do..........108½
300 do.......... 40⅛	300 C., C. & I. C 17
100 do.......... 40¼	200 do.......s3. 16¼
500 do.......... 40⅜	500 do.......... 16¼
900 do.......... 40¼	50 do.......... 16⅛
400 do.......... 40⅛	300 do.......b3. 16¼
300 do.......... 40	500 St. Paul........ 32⅛
200 do......s60. 39¾	100 do.......... 32¼
1700 do.......... 40	300 do.......... 32⅜
100 do.......b3. 40	1000 do......s60. 32
600 do.......... 40⅛	100 do.......... 32½
500 do.......s3. 40	300 do.......... 32⅜
700 do.......s3. 40⅛	200 do.......... 32¼
700 do.......... 40¼	200 do.......... 32⅛
200 do.........c. 40⅛	200 do.......... 32¼
300 do.......... 40¼	100 do.......... 32⅜
1000 Lake Shore...... 69½	100 St. Paul Pref..... 53¼
500 do.......... 69⅝	500 Tol. & Wab....... 29¾
500 do.......... 69¾	300 do.......... 29⅞
1000 do.......... 69⅞	3000 do.......... 30
3000 do.......... 70	100 do.......... 30⅛
1000 do.......... 70⅛	700 do.......... 30¼
100 do.........c. 70	200 do.......... 30⅜
600 do.......... 70	300 do........s3. 30¼
100 do.......s3. 69⅞	100 do.......s15. 29⅞
400 do.......... 70	500 do.......s60. 29¾
300 do.......... 70⅛	500 do.......... 30¼
100 do.......s3. 70⅛	300 do.......... 30⅜
800 do.......... 70¼	500 do.......... 30¼
400 do.......... 70⅛	300 do.........c. 30¼
500 do.......... 70	800 do.......... 30⅜

GOVERNMENT STOCKS—10:15 AND 11:30 A. M.

$5,000 U.S.6,'81,R.12.116¾	$2,000 U. S. 5-20 C., '65, n.....b. c.120⅛
500 U.S.5-20C.,'64.117	5,000 do..........120¼
10,000 U. S. 5-20 C., '65, n..........120⅛	1,500 U.S.5-20C.,'68.120½
1,500 do..........120	10,000 do......12.120¾

FIRST BOARD—10:30 A. M.

$3,000 S.C.6s,n.A.&O. 20	500 C.,M.&St.P.b. c.s3. 32⅛
3,000 S. C. 6s, n. N. F. 6	500 do.......s3. 32
8,000 Mo. 6s, L. Bds.. 97	400 do.......... 31⅞
1,000 B., C.R.&M. 1st. 53	100 do.......... 32⅛
2,000 C. & O. 1st, C. 52	800 do.......... 32
10,000 N. J. C. C.b. c.101⅝	600 do.......... 31⅞
4,000 Chic. & Alt. In. 98	200 C.,M.&St.P.Pf.b. c. 53
6,000 N. Y. C.7s, '76..101½	100 do.......... 53¼
5,000 N. Y. C. 1st, C..109	200 Ill. Cen.......b. c. 95
3,000 Cen. Pac. G. B.. 92½	5 Mich. Cen....b. c. 74
4,000 do......b. c. 92	200 L. S.&M.S.b. c.b3. 70
2,000 Un. Pac. 1st.... 86⅝	500 do.......... 69⅞
1,000 do.......... 86½	500 do.......s3. 69¾
2,000 Un. Pac. 10s, In. 76½	500 do.......... 69¾
3,000 So. Pac.B.of Mo. 64¾	800 do.......... 69⅝
6,000 Long Isl. 1st.... 90¾	300 do.......... 69½
25 Del. & H. C.......118	300 do.........c. 69⅜
5 do.....b. c.118½	200 do.......... 69½
100 Con. Coal....b. c. 40	900 do.......... 69⅝
200 Md. Coal....b. c. 17	100 do.......... 69¾
100 N. Y. C. & H..b. c. 97	900 do.......... 69⅞
600 do.......... 96¾	100 do.......s3. 69¾
50 do.......... 97	100 do.......... 69⅝
1000 do.......... 96⅞	800 do.......... 69½
500 C. & N. W....b. c. 36⅞	2300 do.......... 69⅝
100 do.......... 36⅝	200 do.......s3. 69⅝
100 do.......... 36⅜	400 do.......... 69½
100 do.......... 36¼	50 N. J. Cen.....b. c.107
100 do.......... 36⅜	900 Ch. & R. I....b. c. 94¾
200 do.......s3. 36¼	100 do.......b3. 94¾
800 do.......... 36¼	200 do.......... 94⅞
200 do.......... 36½	200 do.......... 95
700 do.......... 36¼	200 Un. Pac......b. c. 23¾
200 do.......... 36⅜	200 do.......... 23⅝
100 C. & N. W. Pf.b. c. 53¼	700 do.......... 23½
300 Erie Railway.b. c. 28⅝	200 do.........c. 23½
100 do.......... 28½	100 do.......... 23⅝
1400 do.......... 28⅝	200 do.......... 23¾
80 American Ex..... 60	100 do........s3. 23⅝
300 West. U. T.b. c. c. 70½	200 do.......... 23⅝
600 do.......... 70½	200 do.......... 23½
100 do.......... 70⅝	1300 do.......... 23⅜
200 do.........c. 70¼	100 do........s3. 23¼
400 do.......... 70¼	200 do.......... 23½
1400 do.......... 70⅛	100 do.......b3. 23⅝
300 do.......s3. 70	100 do.......s3. 23½
1200 do.......... 70	100 do.......... 23⅜
700 do.......... 69⅞	100 do.......... 23¼
600 do.......... 70	400 do.......... 23⅛
500 do.......s3. 69⅞	120 Cleve. & P. G.b. c. 87
300 do.......... 69⅞	50 Rens. & Sar.......110½
1300 do.......... 70	200 Ohio & Miss...b. c. 22¼
200 do.......b3. 70	600 do.......... 22⅛
20 do.......... 70¼	100 do.........c. 22⅛
100 do.......... 70⅛	100 do.......... 22
200 do.......... 70¼	50 do.......... 22¼
200 do.......s3. 70⅛	900 do.......... 21⅞
200 do.......b3. 70¼	350 Ohio & Miss. Pf.. 40
100 do.........c. 70⅛	100 do.....b. c. 40
800 do.......... 70¼	100 Tol. & Wab...b. c. 30¼
100 do.......s3. 70⅛	300 do.......... 30⅛
200 do.......... 70⅛	100 do.......... 30
3100 do.......... 70	200 do.......... 29⅞
800 do.......... 69⅞	200 do.......... 29¾
1700 do.......... 69¾	300 do.......... 29⅝
500 do.......s3. 69⅝	400 do.......... 29½
100 do.......... 69⅝	500 do.......... 29⅜
100 Pacific Mail..b. c. 40⅜	100 do.......... 29½
200 do.......... 40¼	400 do.......... 29¾
200 do.........c. 40⅛	100 do.......... 30
200 do.......... 40⅛	200 do.......... 29¾
800 do.......... 40	100 do.........c. 29⅝
300 do.......... 39⅞	100 do.........c. 29⅜
200 do.......... 39¾	100 do.......... 29½
200 do.......... 39⅝	100 do.......s3. 29½
500 do.......... 39½	300 do.......... 29⅝
600 do.......... 39⅝	200 do.......... 29¾
100 do......s60. 38¾	100 C., C. & I. C..b. c. 16
200 do.......... 39¾	100 do.......... 15
400 do.......... 40	200 do.......... 14½
200 do.........c. 40	100 do.........c. 14⅞
100 do.......... 40⅛	400 do.......... 14¾
100 do.......b3. 40⅛	100 do.......... 14⅞
200 do.......... 40	500 do.......... 15
100 do.......... 39⅞	100 do.......... 14¾
500 do.......... 39¾	100 do.......... 14½
500 do.......s3. 39¾	100 do.......... 14¾
200 do.......... 40	100 do.......... 15
200 do.......... 39⅞	100 Atl. & Pac.Pf.b. c. 14
600 do.......... 39¾	50 Panama......b. c.107½
600 do.......... 39⅝	

SALES BEFORE THE CALL—12:30 O'CLOCK.

400 Western Union... 69⅜	600 Pacific Mail...s3. 39½
1100 do.......... 69½	500 do.......... 39⅝
300 do.......s3. 69⅜	400 do.......... 39¾
700 do.......... 69⅜	100 do.......... 39⅞
400 do.......... 69¼	100 do.......... 40
400 do.......s3. 69	200 do.......... 40⅛
500 do.......... 69⅛	100 do.......... 40
200 do.......... 69	100 do.......... 39⅞
1200 do.......... 69⅛	200 do.......... 39¾
2900 do.......... 69¼	500 do.......... 39½
500 do.......... 69⅜	14 C.,C., C. & Ind'ps. 65½
200 do.......... 69½	55 New-Jersey Cen..107
600 do.......... 69⅝	100 St. Paul........ 31¾
1400 do.......... 69½	500 do.......... 32
300 do.......... 69⅜	250 do.......... 32⅛
1000 do.......... 69¼	500 do.......... 32¼
1400 do.......... 69⅛	100 do.......... 31⅛
100 N. Y. C. & Hud..c. 96¾	100 do.......... 32
200 do.........c. 96½	500 Union Pacific..... 23
100 do.......... 96⅝	400 do.......... 23⅛
2200 do.......... 96½	600 do.......... 23¼
100 do.......... 96⅞	200 do.......... 23⅜
400 do.......... 96⅝	1100 do.......... 23½
200 Mariposa Pref.... 3	500 do.......... 23⅜
200 Erie Railway..... 28½	100 do.......... 23¼
200 do.......... 28⅝	100 do.......s3. 23⅜
100 do.......... 28¼	300 dr.......... 23½
100 do.........c. 28⅛	100 Rock Island...... 94½
700 do.......... 28	100 do.......... 94⅜
100 do.......b3. 28	200 do.......... 94¼
200 do.......... 27¾	200 do.......... 94⅝
600 Harlem..........128	200 do.......... 94⅛
200 Lake Shore....... 69⅛	200 North-western... 36¼
100 do.........c. 69⅜	100 do.......... 36
500 do.......... 69¼	200 do.......... 35⅞
700 do.......... 69⅛	1000 do.......... 35
1100 do.......... 69	300 do.......... 35⅛
100 do.......... 68⅞	200 do.......... 35
200 do.......... 68¾	100 do.......... 35⅜
500 do.......... 68⅝	500 do.......... 35¾
600 do.......... 68½	100 North-west. Pref. 53¼
100 do.......... 68⅝	200 do.........c. 53
100 do.......... 68¾	100 do.......... 53
500 do.........c. 68⅝	200 Ohio & Miss...... 22
1000 do.......... 68¾	100 do.......... 22⅛
300 do.......... 68⅞	100 Toledo & Wab.... 29½
100 do.......... 69	100 do.......... 29⅜
100 do.......... 68⅞	300 do.......... 29⅛
500 do.......... 68¾	500 do.......... 29
500 do.......... 69	200 do.......... 29¼
300 do.......... 69⅛	100 do.......... 29⅜
100 do.......s3. 68⅞	100 do.......... 29½
300 do.......... 69	100 do.......... 29⅝
100 do.........c. 69⅛	200 do.......... 29¾
300 do.......... 69	200 do.......... 29¼
100 do.......... 68⅞	300 do.......... 29⅜
800 do.......... 68¾	100 C., C. & I. C...... 15½
1000 do.......... 68⅝	50 Atl. & Pac. Pref.. 14

GOVERNMENT STOCKS—2 P. M.

$5,000 U.S.5-20 C.'67.120¾	$15,000 U. S. 5-20 C., '68..........120¾
10,000 do..........120⅝	4,000 U. S. 5s C.,'81.114
25,000 U.S.5-20 C.'68.120⅝	

SECOND BOARD—1 P. M.

$4,000 Mo. 6s, H. & St. Jo Is., 1887... 95	300 Chic. & N. W..... 35½
3,000 Tenn. 6s, old.. 79	300 do.....b. c. 35⅞
5,000 N. J. Cen. con.101¾	100 do.......... 35¾
6,000 C. & N. W. con. coup. g. bs.b.c. 75½	300 do.......... 36
5,000 do.......... 75⅞	100 do.......... 36⅛
4,000 do.......... 76	300 C., M. & St. P.b.c. 32
100 Con. Coal of Md., b. c.......... 40¼	300 do.......... 32⅛
25 Adams Express..106	100 do.......... 32½
200 W. Un. Tel...b. c. 69⅛	100 L. S. & M. So.b.c. 68¾
200 do.......... 69¼	200 do.......... 68⅞
100 do.......... 69⅜	600 do.......... 69
800 do.......... 69½	400 do.......... 68⅞
200 do.......... 69⅝	400 do.......... 69
600 do.......... 69⅞	1100 do.......... 69⅛
100 do.......... 69¾	900 do.......... 69¼
300 do.......... 69⅞	100 do.......... 69⅜
1200 do.......... 70	500 do.......... 69½
1700 do.......... 70⅛	500 do.......... 69⅜
100 do.......b3. 70¼	300 do.......... 69¼
300 do.......... 70	200 do.......... 69⅜
100 Chic. & R. I..b. c. 94¾	300 B., H. & Erie...... 1
200 do.......... 95⅛	100 do..b. c.s3. 1
1500 Pac. Mail...b. c. 39½	100 Un. Pac......b. c. 23⅝
200 do.......... 39¾	100 do.......... 23¾
300 do.......... 39⅞	100 do.......... 23⅞
200 do.......... 40	100 do.......s3. 24
100 do.......... 40⅜	100 do.......... 24⅛
100 do.......s3. 40⅜	600 do.......... 24
300 do.......... 40½	300 do.......... 23⅞
100 do.......... 40⅜	100 Tol., W. & W.b.c. 29½
100 do.......... 40¼	100 do.........c. 29½
100 N. Y. C. & H. R., b. c.......b3. 96¾	100 do.......... 29⅝
100 do.......... 97	1000 do.......... 29¾
700 do.......... 96¾	200 do.......... 30
100 do.......... 96⅞	100 do.......... 30⅛
500 do.......... 97	1500 do.......... 30
300 Erie....b. c....s3. 28	100 Chic., M. & St. P. Pf........b. c. 53¼
200 do.......... 28¼	400 D., L. & W...b. c.108¼
200 do.......... 28⅜	600 C., B. & Q....b. c.100¼
400 do.......s3. 28¼	100 Ohio & Miss.b. c. 22⅛
400 do.......... 28½	500 do......s12. 22
100 St. L. & I. M...... 24	400 do.......... 22¼
	200 C., C. & I. C..b. c. 15½
	80 do.......... 15⅝
	100 do.......... 15¾

SALES FROM 2:30 TO 3 P. M.

$11,000 Mo. 6s, H. & St. Jo. Is...... 94½	500 Lake Shore....... 69⅜
30 Bank of Com'rce.122	1200 do.......... 69¼
200 Pacific Mail...... 40¼	200 do.......... 69⅜
100 do.......... 40⅜	500 do.......... 69½
300 do.......... 40½	100 do.......s3. 69½
100 do.......... 40⅝	900 do.......... 69⅝
300 do.......... 40¾	200 do.......b3. 69⅝
900 do.......... 40⅞	300 do.......... 69¾
200 do.......... 40¾	700 do.......... 69⅞
300 do.......... 40⅝	1400 do.......... 70
100 do.......... 40½	2600 do.......... 70⅛
700 West. Union...... 70	1500 do.......... 70
300 do.......... 70⅛	1000 do.......b5. 70⅛
300 do.......b3. 70¼	400 do.......s3. 70
300 do.......... 70¼	300 do.......... 70⅛
100 do.......... 70⅜	100 North-western... 36¼
500 do.......... 70½	300 do.......... 36⅜
400 do.......... 70⅝	500 do.......... 36½
400 do.......... 70¾	200 do.......... 36⅝
2500 do.......... 70⅝	1500 do.......... 36¾
300 do.......s3. 70½	300 do.......... 36⅝
100 do.......s3. 70⅝	300 do.......... 36½
500 do.......... 70⅝	100 North-west'n Pf.. 53
500 do.......... 70½	200 do.......... 53⅜
1200 do.......s3. 70½	100 do.......... 53¾
800 do.......b3. 70½	100 do.......... 54
300 do.......... 70½	20 Tol. & Wab....... 30¼
500 N. Y. C. & Hud... 97⅛	200 do.......... 29⅞
300 do.......... 97¼	100 do.......... 30⅛
2000 do.......... 97½	300 do.......... 30¼
600 Rock Island...... 95⅛	400 do.......... 30⅜
100 do.......b3. 95¼	400 do.......... 30½
200 do.......... 95¼	100 do.......... 30¾
300 Erie Railway..... 28½	100 do.......... 30⅞
300 Union Pacific..... 23⅞	500 do.......... 30⅝
100 do.......... 24	500 do.......... 30½
100 do.......... 24⅛	500 do.......... 30⅜
200 do.......... 24¼	100 St. Paul........ 32⅝
200 do.......... 24⅜	500 do.......... 32¾
1600 do.......... 24½	100 Han. & St. Jo..... 23½
1200 do.......... 24⅜	300 do.......... 24
1300 do.......... 24¼	200 Ohio & Miss...... 22½
400 do.......... 24⅛	200 do.......... 22⅜
50 Chic. & Alton....101	100 C., C. & I. C...... 16

WEDNESDAY, June 17—P. M.

Business at the Stock Exchange has been quite active to-day, the earlier dealings indicating continued feverishness and depression on the general list under free realizations, largely on speculative account, and with a view to the further weakening of values in the *bear* interest. Lake Shore, Wabash, the North-west stocks, Union Pacific, C., C. and Indiana Central, St. Paul common, Ohio and Mississippi, of the Railways, and Western Union and Pacific Mail, of the Miscellaneous shares, were the features of the trade. Lake Shore was sold down to 68½; Wabash to 29; North-west to 35 on the common, and 53 on the preferred; Union Pacific to 23. C., C. and Indiana Central to 14½; St. Paul common to 31¾, and Ohio and Mississippi to 21⅞. Western Union was run off to 69, and Pacific Mail to 39½, the temper of the market having been decidedly bearish. Through the late afternoon a rather spirited purchasing demand was developed, in good part from the *short* sellers of last evening and this forenoon, and with a much more confident bidding the market rallied quite sharply, about the best prices of the day having been made near the close, in contrast to the gloomy winding up of yesterday's operations. The final dealings show a very general recovery from the irregularity and heaviness apparent on the earlier tradings, with a fair promise of firmness, if not of buoyancy, on to-morrow's market.

Closing Quotations—JUNE 17.

	Tuesday.	Wednesday.
United States New 5s	113⅞	114⅛
U. S. 5-20s, May and November	118⅛	118¼
U. S. 5-20s, January and July	120¾	120¾
American Gold	111¼	111⅛
Bills on London, 60 days	$4 89	$4 88½
N. Y. Central and Hudson	97¼	97⅜
Chicago and Rock Island	95	95⅛
Pacific Mail	40⅛	40½
St. Paul Common	32	32⅝
St. Paul Preferred	53	53
Western Union	70⅜	70⅜
Union Pacific	23¼	24
Lake Shore	69¾	70
Toledo and Wabash	29⅝	30¼
North-west	37⅛	36½
North-west Preferred	53	53¾
Delaware and Lackawanna	108¾	108⅜
Central of New-Jersey	107½	107
Panama	107	107
Erie	29⅛	28⅜
Ohio and Mississippi	22⅜	22¼
C., C. and I. C	18	16¼

In the Public Funds, the dealings show a steady improvement in the investment demand, with a higher range of prices, closing firmly. The offerings of nearly all issues are comparatively limited—impeding the prompt execution of orders. The latest bids for the Public Funds were as follows:

Currency 6s	114¾	5-20s, '65, new, coup.	120
6s, '81, reg	116½	5-20s, '67, reg	116¼
6s, '81, coup	121½	5-20s, '67, coup	120⅝
5-20s, '62, reg	114	5-20s, '68, reg	116¼
5-20s, '62, coup	114	5-20s, '68, coup	120⅝
5-20s, '64, reg	116¼	10-40s, reg	114
5-20s, '64, coup	117	10-40s, coup	114
5-20s, '65, reg	116½	5s, '81, reg	114
5-20s, '65, coup	118	5s, '81, coup	114
5-20s, '65, new, reg	116¼		

State Bonds are without notable animation. The bids for the State and City Bonds at the Stock Board were as follows:

Arkansas 6s, funded.	25	N.Y. 6s, Canal L.,'75.	110
California 7s	112	N.Y. 6s, Canal L.,'77.	110
Connecticut 6s	103	N.Y. 6s, Canal L.,'78.	110
Georgia 6s	75	N.Y. 5s, Gold L., '75.	109
Indiana 5s	101	N.Y. 5s, Gold L., '76.	109
Illinois coup. 6s, '77.	100	N.C.6s,old,Jan.&Ju..	20
Illinois coup. 6s, '79.	100	N.C.6s,April & Oct..	20
Illinois War Loan	100	N.C.6s,N.C.R.,J.&J.	35
Kentucky 6s	100	N.C.6s,N.C.R.,A.&O	35
Louisiana 6s	20	N.C.6s,coup.off,J.&J	28
Louisiana 6s, new bs.	23	N.C.6s,coup.off,A&O	28
La. 6s, new fl'g debt.	22	Rhode Island 6s	102½
La. 7s, Penitentiary.	22	South Carolina 6s	25
La. 6s, Levee bs	23	Tenn. 6s, old, ex-coup	60½
La. 8s, Levee bs	23	Tenn. 6s,new,ex-coup	60½
Michigan 6s, '78–79..	102½	Tenn. 6s, new series.	61
Michigan 6s, '83	102½	Texas 10s of '76	90
Michigan 7s, '78	100	Virginia 6s, old	28
Missouri 6s due in '74	97	Va. 6s, new bs	32
Missouri 6s due in '75	97	Va. 6s, cons. bs	51½
Missouri 6s due in '76	97	Va. 6s, cons.bs,2d ser.	35½
Missouri 6s due in '77	97	Brooklyn 6,Water L.	93½
Missouri 6s due in '78	96¾	Brook.6s,Pub.Park L	94¾
Missouri 6s due in '80	96½	Jersey City 7s, Wat.L	90
L'g bs. due '81 to'91 in	96½	N. Y. City 6s, '74	90
Asy. or Un., due '92.	95	N. Y. City 6s, '75	90
Han. & St. J., due '74	97	N. Y. City 6s, '77	90
Han. & St. J., due '75	97	N. Y. City 6s, '78	90
Han. & St. J., due '76	96	N. Y. City 6s, '87	90
Han. & St. J., due '86	95	N. Y. C. Gold 6s,cons.	90
Han. & St. J., due '87	95	N.Y.C.Gold 6s,D'k bs	90
N.Y. 6s, Canal L., 74.	111		

The more substantial of the Railway Mortgages are in fair request on investment account, and prices are generally well maintained. Central Pacific Sixes closed firmly at 92@93, with comparatively few bonds offering. Union Pacific Sixes at 86¼@87. Chesapeake and Ohio Sixes are in demand, with 52 paid and bid.

The Money movement is without special change. Call loans are easy to the leading Street firms at 2@3 ₰ cent. Choice discounts, 4½@6 ₰ cent. per annum. Lenders find much difficulty in employing balances advantageously. General trade is fair for the season, but not remarkably active in any line, and applications for aid from mercantile sources are not urgent. From London the report is of continued ease, with a further addition of £26,000 to the bullion reserve of the Bank of England. The City Bank currency clearings to-day are $60,555,365.

The business at the New-York Bank Clearing-house thus far this week has been as follows:

	Currency.		Gold.	
	Clearings.	Balances.	Clearings.	Balances.
Monday	$67,590,156	$3,060,453	$10,470,936	$1,257,189
Tuesday	61,203,193	3,742,664	4,832,677	743,531
Wednesday	60,055,365	3,764,516	5,335,819	1,026,008

Messrs. Fisk & Hatch, bankers, have given notice to their creditors that their certificates due June 24 will be paid promptly on presentation.

The Treasury Department controls a currency balance of $12,863,906 at the close of business to-day.

At the Gold Board there is a less confident temper apparent, and the price is a fraction off yesterday's figures, standing at the close at 111⅛, as against 111¼ on the final dealings of last evening. The borrowing demand shows less urgency, with the rates quoted at from 2 ₰ cent. to flat, and at the close 1 ₰ cent. The day's specie exports by the European steamers are $950,000, of which $750,000 are in gold coin, and $200,000 in gold bars. The Gold Exchange Bank clearings are $31,413,000. The Customs drain is light, averaging about $300,000 a day thus far this week. The Sub-Treasury disbursed $122,000 of Coin interest, and $5,000 in redemption of called Five-twenties. Engagements of $500,000 in specie are reported this evening, for to-morrow's steamers, including $200,000 in Double Eagles. Foreign Exchange does not maintain the advance claimed yesterday, and the limited business reported is at ½@¾ ₰ cent. off last evening's figures.

The course of Gold this week has been as follows:

	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.
Monday	110¾	110⅞	110¾	110⅞
Tuesday	110⅞	111⅜	110⅞	111¼
Wednesday	111¼	111⅜	111	111⅛

Highest price of Gold last week..........111¼
Lowest price of Gold last week..........110½
Highest price of Gold this year (in April)..........111⅜
Lowest price of Gold this year (in January)..........110⅛
Highest price of Gold in 1873 (in April)..........119⅛
Lowest price of Gold in 1873 (in November)..........106⅛

The Gold Exchange Bank reports its daily clearings and resulting balances thus:

	Gold Clearings.	Gold Balances.	Currency Balances.
Monday	$28,369,000	$1,092,262	$1,216,595
Tuesday	19,478,000	1,187,349	1,336,024
Wednesday	31,413,000	1,657,951	1,873,543

The Sub-Treasury Coin disbursements thus far this week on Coin Interest account and in redemption of called 5-20s have been as follows:

	Coin Interest Payments.	Redeemed 5-20s.
Monday, June 15	$25,000	$10,000
Tuesday, June 16	64,000	82,000
Wednesday, June 17	122,000	5,000

PHILADELPHIA STOCKS—JUNE 17.

Telegraphed to Messrs. E. D. Randolph & Co.

	Bid.	Asked
City 6s, old	101	...
City 6s, new	104½	104¼
Camden and Amboy	125	125½
Pennsylvania Central	49¼	49⅜
Reading	56⅞	57
Lehigh Valley	60⅞	61
Catawissa Preferred	41½	42
Philadelphia and Erie	18¼	18½
Northern Central	37	37½
Lehigh Navigation	43	43⅛
Lehigh Gold Loan	*95½	96

* Ex-interest.

BANKING AND FINANCIAL.

IT IS OF IMPORTANCE TO THE HOLDERS OF the Six per Cent. guaranteed bonds of the Charleston and Savannah Railroad Company, and of the Seven per Cent. first mortgage bonds of the Savannah and Charleston Railroad Company that they either call upon or send their addresses to

KING, FINNEY & CO.,
No. 84 Broadway, New-York.

COMMERCIAL AFFAIRS.

NEW-YORK, Wednesday, June 17, 1874.

The receipts of the principal kinds of Produce since our last have been as follows:

Ashes, pks	63	Spirits Turp., bbls.	860
Bees-wax, pks	13	Tar, bbls	637
Cotton, bales	795	Resin, bbls	4,514
Copper, bbls	169	Oil-cake, pks	309
Eggs, bbls	1,843	Beef, pks	100
Flour, bbls	12,145	Cut Meats, pks	1,248
Wheat, bushels	104,510	Lard, pks	243
Corn, bushels	104,140	Stearine, pks	50
Oats, bushels	56,660	Butter, pks	3,931
Malt, bushels	750	Cheese, pks	13,803
Flax-seed, bags	177	Tallow, pks	230
Beans, bbls	340	Pea-nuts, bags	10
Corn-meal, bbls	220	Rice, pks	5
Flax, bales	190	Starch, bxs	1,400
Hemp, bales	8	Tobacco, hhds	350
Hops, bales	20	Tobacco, bxs., &c.	812
Hides, bales	35	Whisky, bbls	238
Leather, sides	14,067	Wool, bales	304
Tow, bales	106		

ASHES—Pots have been inactive but steady at $6 75 ₰ 100 lbs. Pearls dull and nominal at $9 ₰ 100 lbs.

BEES-WAX—In rather slack request at 31½c.@34½c. for Yellow.

CANDLES—Have been selling slowly, in job lots, with Adamantine, 12 to 16 ounces, at 13c.@16c.; Paraffine, 26c.@27c.; Sperm, plain, 28c.; Sperm, patent, 38c.@39c.; Stearic, 28c.@29c. ₰ lb.

COAL—Has been moderately active and quoted steady. Liverpool House Cannel quoted at $20; do. Gas Cannel, $11; Cumberland Soft at $6 75@$7, and Anthracite at $5@$6 ₰ ton.

COCOA—Has been very quiet, with Maracaibo quoted at 30c.@32c., Caracas at 16c.@30c., Guayaquil at 11½c.@12c., and San Domingo at 7¼c.@7¾c., gold.

COFFEE—Firm, but inactive; quotations as in our last.

COTTON—Has been very dull for early delivery, with prices quoted more or less nominal. Sales confined to 100 bales to spinners and 179 bales to speculators. Business for forward delivery has been fairly active at an advance of ⅛c.@3-16c. ₰ lb., closing firm. Sales have been reported since our last of 28,800 bales, (of which 5,900 bales were last evening, and 17,900 bales to-day,) and 3,400 bales more at the calls, on the basis of Low Middling, with June option closing at 17c.; July, 17 5-32c.; August, 17 19-32c.; September, 17 17-32c.; October, 17¼c.@17 5-16c.; November, 17⅛c.; December 17⅛c. The receipts at this port to-day were 795 bale, including 112 bales from Norfolk, 440 bales from Charleston, and 243 bales per Railroad. The receipts at the shipping ports to-day were 2,123 bales, and thus far this week 8,369 bales, against 9,213 bales same time last week; and since the 1st of September last, 3,700,147 bales, against 3,457,661 bales the previous season. Consolidated (four days) exports to Great Britain, 10,800 bales; to the Continent, 800 bales; stock in New-York, 128,464 bales; consolidated stock at the ports, 262,855 bales. The following quotations are based on Cotton, in store, running in quality not more than half a grade above or below the grade named:

Closing Prices of Cotton in New-York.

	Uplands.	Alabama.	N. O.	Texas.
Ordinary	14½	14½	14½	14½
Good Ordinary	16	16⅛	16⅝	16⅝
Strict Good Ordinary	16½	16⅝	16 13-16	16 13-16
Low Middling	17	17⅛	17⅜	17⅜
Middling	17⅞	18	18¼	18¼
Good Middling	19⅛	19¼	19½	19½

EGGS—Have been in liberal supply and limited request, within the reduced range of 13½c.@17c. for ordinary to extra choice, with the main dealings at 15c.@16c. for good to strictly prime.

FISH—A fair inquiry prevails for the leading kinds at generally steady prices. Dry Cod quoted at $4 25@$5 ₰ cwt.; do. in drums, $5@$6 50; No. 1 Mackerel at $15@$22; No. 2 at $14@$16; No. 3 at $12 50@$13 ₰ bbl.; Pickled Herring at $3 50@$6; Smoked Herring at 27c.@30c. for Scale, and 25c. for No. 1 ₰ box; Dutch Herring, $1 05@$1 20 ₰ keg.

FRUITS—In Foreign Dried transactions have been almost entirely of a jobbing character, with prices generally without decided change. Sales, 800 bxs. Layer Raisins at $2 90; 175 bbls. Currants at 6½c.; 40 casks Turkey Prunes at 11¾c.@12c., and 250 cases Sardines, on private terms.

FLOUR AND MEAL.—State and Western Flour has been quoted essentially unchanged in price with a moderate demand noted, partly for lines of shipping Extras; the latter generally on the basis of $6 10@$6 25, from dock and delivered. Odd lots of stock are available at lower and irregular figures. The sales since our last have been 13,100 bbls. of all grades, including poor to choice No. 2 at $3 85@$4 50; inferior to choice Superfine State and Western at $4 50@$5 25, chiefly at $4 90@$5 10; inferior to very good Extra State, $5 60@$6 35, chiefly at $6@$6 25; very good to very fancy do. and City Mills Extras at $6 25@$7 35; poor to very good shipping Extra Western at $5 40@$6 35, chiefly at $6@$6 25; poor to choice shipping brands round-hoop Ohio, $5 70@$6 35; poor to very good Minnesota Extra, for shipping, at $5 75@$6 65 ₰ bbl., and trade and family extras at proportionate rates. Included in the sales were 4,000 bbls. shipping extras within our range....Southern Flour quiet within the previous range; 800 bbls. sold....Rye Flour unaltered; sales, 450 bbls....Corn-meal more active, but easier in price. Sales, 1,850 bbls., chiefly Western Yellow, at equal to $4@$4 10, from dock and delivered.

GRAIN—A brisk demand prevails for Spring Wheat, at an advance of 1c.@1½c. ₰ bushel. The inquiry is mostly for the better grades of stock, especially for Nos. 1 and 2 Milwaukee and Minnesota, for export, the market closing quite firmly, in view of the reduced offerings, though the higher range of ocean freights tended to check transactions. Winter Wheat quiet and irregular. Sales have been reported, since our last, of 195,000 bushels at $1 46@$1 49 for No. 1 Spring, chiefly at $1 47@$1 47½ for Milwaukee, $1 47@$1 48 for Minnesota, and $1 49 for extra do.; $1 44@$1 45 for Nos. 1 and 2 Spring, mixed; $1 43@$1 44 for No. 2 Milwaukee and Minnesota Spring, closing with $1 43½ bid for prime Milwaukee, and $1 44 for strictly prime Minnesota; $1 40@$1 41½ for No. 2 North-west Spring, chiefly car-lots; $1 39@$1 41½ for No. 2 Chicago do., closing with $1 41 reported bid for prime boat loads; $1 38@$1 48 for ungraded Spring; $1 44 for White Spring; $1 48@$1 50 for Red Western; $1 52, in part, for Amber do., and $1 60 for White do....There has been some demand for Spring for forward delivery, but the bids have been 1c.@2c. a bushel under the views of sellers, and negotiations have been making slow progress....Corn has been quite active, opening 1c.@2c. a bushel lower, but closing more firmly. The demand has been, in good part, for export. The offerings of strictly prime stock have been comparatively moderate. Sales have been reported of 203,000 bushels (part to arrive within a week) at 78c.@81c. for poor to strictly prime mixed Western, chiefly at 79c.@81c. for boat-loads, steamer and sailing-vessel grades, closing at 81c. for strictly prime sail, and 80c. bid for best steamer grades; 81c.@83c. for Yellow Western, and 89c.@90c. for White do....Rye firm, but quiet; 500 bushels State sold at $1 09....Nothing new in Barley....Of Barley-malt sales have been reported of 5,700 bushels, including two-rowed State at $1 77½, short credit, and Canada on private terms....Oats have been quoted 1½c. a bushel lower, on a restricted trade. Sales have been reported of 38,500 bushels at 61c.@63c. for Mixed Western, mainly at 62½c. for boat-loads; 68c.@70c. for White do....Hay, Straw, and Feed about as last quoted.

GUNNY BAGS AND BAGGING—Have been generally dull and heavy, with Bags at 11½c.@12c.; Calcutta Bagging at 9½c.; Domestic Bagging, 11¾c.@11⅞c. The main inquiry has been for Domestic Cloth, of which 700 rolls sold at 11¾c.@11⅞c., closing firmly.

HEMP—Of Jute Butts 1,600 bales have been sold at 2½c.@2⅝c., currency; market firm, but otherwise quiet. American Hemp quoted here at $125@$140 for Undressed, and $190@$230 for Dressed ₰ ton; Manila, 9¼c.@10c.; Sisal, 6½c.@7c., gold; Jute, 3⅜c.@6½c., gold; Jute Butts, 2½c.@2⅝c., currency, ₰ lb.; North River Flax, 15c.@17c.; Western, 14½c.@16c.; Canada, 15c.@18c.

HIDES—Have been in moderate request on a firm basis as to values. Stock in first hands, 91,900 Hides and 812 bales do., against 215,700 Hides and 440 bales do. same time last year.

HOPS—The dealings in this line have been on a rather limited demand, buyers purchasing only for immediate use, at former figures. American, new, good to choice, quoted steady at 25c.@30c.; American, new, low to fair, 10c.@20c.; Yearlings, 18c.@25c.; Olds, 8c.@15c.; Bavarians, (genuine,) 25c.@30c.; Bavarians, (patent,) 23c.@25c.; English, 20c.@25c.; Belgians, (nominal,) 19c.@22c.; California, 25c.@35c., ₰ lb.

LEATHER—Has been in moderate request at essentially unaltered prices.

METALS—Ingot Copper has been fairly active at firm rates; 350,000 lbs. Lake at 24½c.@24¾c. for prompt, and 24c.@24¼c. for June; new Sheathing quoted at 33c.; old do., 22c.@22½c.; Yellow Metal Sheathing at 24c....Scotch Pig-iron has been in light receipt, but trade has been slow, and prices have continued to rule weak. A sale has been reported of 200 tons Eglinton on private terms. Eglinton quoted at $34; Summerlee at $36; Glengarnock, $36. American Pig-iron has been dull and depressed. The Thomas Company are understood to have blown out one furnace. American Pig quoted at $32@$34; No. 2 do., $30; Forge, $26@$28; English Rails at $52, gold; American Rails, at works, $56@$60; Old Rails at $36@$40; Wrought Scrap, $38@$40....Pig-lead has been in rather more request, with ordinary foreign quoted at $6 37½@$6 50, and American at $5 75@$5 80, gold; Bar at 8½c.; Sheet and Pipe at 9c. Spelter has been in limited demand at 6½c.@6¾c., gold, for foreign, and 7c.@11c. for domestic....Pig-tin has been held more firmly, but has been inactive, at 23½c., gold; Straits, 21¾c.@22c., do., for English; 26c. for Banca. Tin Plates have been quite moderately sought after at unchanged figures; sales, 750 bxs. Charcoal Terne at $9 12½@$9 25, gold, and 500 bxs. Coke on private terms. Charcoal quoted at $10 50@$10 75; I. C. Coke, $7 50@$8; Charcoal Terne, $9 25@$9 75; Coke Terne, $7 25@$8, gold....Zinc inactive at 8¼c.@8⅝c., gold, ₰ lb.

MOLASSES—Quiet to-day; quotations unchanged.

NAVAL STORES—Resin has been in more demand and quoted rather firmer in price; sales, 2,000 bbls. Strained at $2 42½; 500 bbls. good do. at $2 50, and 700 bbls. No. 1 and Pale at $3 75@$5 ₰ 280 lbs....Tar and Pitch unchanged....Spirits Turpentine steadier and in fair request; sales, 323 bbls. at 36½c. for merchantable, and 37½c. for New-York pks.

PETROLEUM—Crude firm at 5¼c., in bulk; sales 2,500 bbls., July deliveries, at this rate....Refined in fair request, with sales reported of 2,000 bbls., early delivery, at 13⅜c.; 2,000 bbls., June, at 13½c.; 3,500 bbls., early July, at 13⅜c.@13½c.; and 4,000 bbls., July options, on private terms. And at Philadelphia, 11,000 bbls., July, at 13¼c., and 2,000 bbls., do., at 13⅜c....Refined, in cases, at 17½c....Naphtha, 7¾c.

PROVISIONS—Pork has been quoted dull and heavy, with sales reported for early delivery of 150 bbls. new Western Mess, in lots, at $17 87½; quoted at the close at $17 80; with Prime Mess and Extra Prime somewhat nominal. And for forward delivery, of new Western Mess, 500 bbls., July option, at $17 62½; with August quoted at $17 80@$17 85. A June contract for 750 bbls. was changed to July, flat....Dressed Hogs in request at 7⅜c.@7½c. for City....Cut-meats quiet, with sales of 1,500 Pickled Shoulders, in bulk, at 6⅞c.@7c.; 1,500 Smoked Hams at 12½c.@13c.; small lots of Pickled Hams, in bulk, at 10½c.@11¼c.; 15 bxs. Clear Bellies, 10 lbs., at 10¼c., and 25 bxs. Rib Bellies, 12 lbs., at 9⅝c....Bacon dull and weak; 75 bxs. Long Clear sold on private terms; quoted at 9¾c. Short Clear nominal....Lard lower and less sought after. Sales for early delivery embrace 120 tcs. Western Steam, part at 11⅜c.@11 7-16c.; 50 tcs. new do. at 11⅛c.; small lots of very choice Western Kettle at 12c.@12⅛c.; 375 tcs. City Steam, at 11⅛c., which shows exceptional firmness; and small lots of Refined, at 11½c.@11¾c. And for forward delivery of Western Steam, 1,250 tcs., July options, at 11⅜c.@11 7-16c., closing at 11⅜c.; and 2,250 tcs., August, at 11 9-16c.@11⅝c., closing at 11½c.@11 9-16c....Beef quiet at former prices....Butter has been comparatively quiet, with the advantage as to prices in favor of buyers, decidedly so on low grade Western. We now quote: Firkins and tubs ranging from 22c.@30c. for ordinary to very choice State and near-by products; 14c.@20c. for ordinary to choice Western; and 22c.@26c. for fancy do....Cheese has been in very good request largely for shipment, with State Factories, fair to choice, quoted at 12½c.@15c., chiefly at 14c.@15c. for good to choice; State Dairy, 6c.@14c.; Western, 6c.@14c., ₰ lb.

SALT—Has been plenty and heavy on a very moderate demand, with Liverpool Ground quoted at $1@$1 10; Liverpool Fine, $1 75@$2 75, from store; Turk's Island, &c., from store, 28c.@30c.

SALTPETRE—Has been neglected; quoted nominally at 5½c., gold.

SEEDS—Have been generally dull, with Clover quoted at 10c.@10½c.; Rough Flax nominal. Timothy at $2 90@$3 12½ ₰ bushel. Calcutta Linseed, $2 50, gold, ₰ bushel.

SKINS—Have been comparatively quiet since our last, with Deer quoted thus: Honduras, 60c.; Vera Cruz, 60c.; Guatemala, 65c.; Central American, trimmed, 60c.; Central American, not trimmed, 56c.; Sisal, 61c.; Angostura, 48c.; Para, 64c.; Puerto Cabello, 50c.@52½c., currency, ₰ lb.; Tampico Goat, 65c.; Matamoras, 55c.; Vera Cruz, 45c.@49c., gold; Buenos Ayres, 45c.@47½c.; Curacoa, 50c.@52½c.; Cape, 34c.@37c.; Madras, ₰ skin, 45c.@50c.; Patna, 35c.@39c., currency, ₰ lb.

SUGARS—Raw quoted steadier on previous quotations, with a fair inquiry noted. Sales to-day, 1,250 hhds., 540 bxs., and 1,300 bags, including 1,100 hhds. Refining Cuba at 7¾c.@8c.; 150 hhds. Molasses Sugar at 7½c.; 540 bxs. do. at 7 7-16c., and 1,300 bags St. Domingo at 7½c. Sales of 1,150 hhds. Refining Cuba, effected a few days ago at 7⅞c.@8¼c., have just been made public. Refined about steady, and Family active.

TALLOW, &c.—Tallow sold to the extent of equal to 275,000 lbs. at 8c.@8¼c. for very good to strictly choice; market rather weak....Stearine firm but quiet at 12⅜c.@13c.

WHISKY—Rather easier in price, on a moderate demand. Sales, 300 bbls., in lots, at 99½c.@$1 ₰ gallon.

WOOL—A fair, though not very active, business has been reported in this line since our last. New Clip from California and Texas is in better supply, but held above the views of most buyers, which circumstances have been against free dealings. The demand has been mostly for stock wanted for manufacturers. Of such description the aggregate offerings are by no means liberal, and holders are quite confident in their views. Sales have been reported since our last of equal to 118,000 lbs. Domestic Fleece at 48c.@58½c.; 39,000 lbs. Unwashed stock at 34c.@44c.; 28,000 lbs. Washed at 53c.@55c.; 13,500 lbs. Scoured at 55c.@72½c.; 25,000 lbs. new Western on private terms; 3,000 lbs. Combing at 45c.; 29,000 lbs. Domestic Pulled at 33c.@52c., the latter rate for very choice Super; 24,000 lbs. Lake, part at 37½c.; 3,200 lbs. Black, on private terms; 57,500 lbs. Georgia at 30c.@38c.; 5,000 lbs. Oregon at 33c.@36c.; 72,500 lbs. Texas at 25c.@35c.; 5,000 lbs. new do. at 35c.; 87 bales and 118,000 lbs. California Fall at 19c.@25½c.; 284 bales and 175,000 lbs. California Spring at from 20c.@36c.; 75,000 lbs. Mexican at 20c.@22c.; 77 bales Cape at 34c.@36c.; 10,000 lbs. Washed African at 30c.; 150 bales Donskoi, and equal to 550 bales South American Carpet on private terms; 18,000 lbs. New-Zealand at 50c.; 14,000 lbs. Montevideo, part at 37c.; 4,000 lbs. Mestiza Pulled at 72½c., and 60 bales and 30,000 lbs. Australian, part at 51c.@52½c.

FREIGHTS—Grain room on berth and charter has been in brisk request. Berth rates have been quoted higher, especially by steam, closing strong. Rates on vessels on charter suited to the Grain trade also rather firmer. Tonnage suited to the Petroleum trade has been quoted about steady, but not in much demand. The offerings of general cargo are somewhat freer, chiefly of Flour, Cheese, Bacon, Oil-cake, Tallow, and Tobacco at the ruling figures, which show a slight improvement. The Cotton movement is very light....For Liverpool, the reported engagements since our last have been by sail, 40,000 bushels Grain at 7½d.@8d., closing at 8d. ₰ standard bushel; 200 tons Oil-cake at 25s.; 125 hhds. Tallow at 27s. 6d. ₰ ton; and, by steam, 72,000 bushels Grain at 10d.@10½d.; 19,000 bushels do. at 10½d.@10¾d., closing with these figures bid, and 10½d.@11d. asked; 950 bxs. Bacon at 40s.; 11,000 bxs. Cheese at 45s. ₰ ton. Also a British ship, 1,048 tons, and a British bark, 689 tons, with Deals, reported from Miramichi, at 85s.; a British bark, 860 tons, and another, 567 tons, and a Norwegian bark, 443 tons, with do., reported from St. John, at 85s.; a British bark, 474 tons, and another, 422 tons, with do., reported from Richibucto, on the basis of 90s.@96s.; and a British bark, 648 tons, with Wheat, from San Francisco, on private terms....For London, by sail, 1,000 bbls. Flour at 2s. 9d. ₰ bbl.; 52,000 bushels Grain, in bulk and bags, 9¼d.@9½d. ₰ bushel; and by steam, 2,000 bbls. Flour at 3s. 6d. ₰ bbl.; 32,000 bushels Grain at 11d.@11½d., in bulk and bins, which were the rates finally decided on for the 32,000 bushels reported yesterday; 6,000 bxs. Cheese on private terms, and 8,000 bxs. do., via Southampton, also private terms. And an Austrian bark, 583 tons, and an Italian brig, 678 tons, placed on the berth for general cargo....For Glasgow, by steam, 2,600 bbls. Flour at 3s. ₰ bbl., 16,000 bushels Grain at 10d. ₰ 60 lbs., and 3,000 bxs. Cheese at 45s. ₰ ton. Also, a British steam-ship, 1,660 tons, with Deals, reported from St. John, on private terms....For Bristol, by steam, 500 bbls. Flour at 3s. 6d. ₰ bbl., and 32,000 bushels Grain at 10½d.@11d. ₰ bushel. Also a British bark, 700 tons, with Deals and Birch, reported from St. John at 90s. and 40s....For Plymouth, a British bark, 345 tons, with Deals, reported from St. John, at 95s....For Bristol Channel, an Italian bark, 496 tons, hence with about 3,000 quarters Grain, at 6s. ₰ quarter. Also a British ship, 776 tons, with Deals, reported from St. John, at 92s. 6d....For Penarth Roads and orders, an Italian brig, 309 tons, hence, with about 1,800 quarters Grain, reported at equal to 6s. 3d.; an Austrian bark, 506 tons, hence, with about 3,300 quarters do., at 6s. ₰ quarter....For Dundalk, two British barks, 440 and 420 tons, with Deals, reported from St. John, at 95s....For Newry, a British brig, 134 tons, with Deals, reported from St. John, at 92s. 6d....For Dublin, a British bark, 346 tons, and another, 747 tons, with Deals, reported from St. John, at 90s....For Cork and orders, an Italian bark, 325 tons, hence, with about 2,200 quarters Grain, (a recharter,) at 6s. 6d.; an Italian bark, hence, with 3,000 quarters do., at 6s. 6d.; a Norwegian bark, 375 tons, hence, with about 2,600 quarters do., at 6s. 6d., short lay days; a Norwegian bark, 394 tons, with about 2,600 quarters do., from Philadelphia, at 6s. 3d. ₰ quarter. Also two ships, 1,892 and 1,226 tons, with Wheat, reported from San Francisco, on private terms. And a British bark, 687 tons, with Deals, reported from St. John, at 90s....For Wexford, a British bark, 335 tons, with Deals, reported from St. John, at 100s....For Havre, by sail, 6,500 Staves, on private terms....For Bremen, by steam, 12,000 bushels Rye and Corn, chiefly Rye, at 9½d.; 350 tcs. Provisions, at 35c.; 75 pkgs. Tobacco, and 1,200 pkgs. Mdse., at current rates. Also a German bark, 663 tons, hence, with about 4,200 bbls. Refined Petroleum, on private terms....For Rotterdam, a Norwegian bark, 665 tons, hence, with about 4,000 quarters Grain, at 6s. ₰ quarter....For a Continental port, direct, Norwegian bark, 470 tons, hence, with about 3,400 quarters Grain, (a recharter,) at 6s. 3d. ₰ quarter....For the Continent, a German bark, 741 tons, with about 4,800 bbls. Petroleum, from Philadelphia, reported on private terms; market quoted at 4s. 9d.@5s....For Dordrecht, a British bark, 359 tons, with Deals, reported from St. John, at 100s....For Stockholm, a Norwegian brig, 302 tons, hence with 1,920 bbls. Refined Petroleum at 5s. 9d. ₰ bbl....For Trinidad, P. S., a British brig, 265 tons, with Lumber, reported from St. John, at $8....For Havana, an American brig, 218 tons, with Lumber, reported from St. John, at $12....For New-York, a British bark, 316 tons, with Sugar in bxs., reported from Havana, at $1 12½.

THE COTTON MARKETS.

NEW-ORLEANS, June 17.—Cotton quiet; Middling, 17¼c.; Low Middling, 16½c.; Good Ordinary, 15c.; Ordinary, 12½c.; net receipts, 1,037 bales; gross, 1,046 bales; sales last evening, 1,700 bales; stock, 58,108 bales.

BOSTON, June 17.—Cotton—Nothing doing; Middlings, 18¾c.; net receipts, 8 bales; gross receipts, 1,055 bales; exports to Great Britain, 41 bales; sales, 50 bales; stock, 9,500 bales.

MOBILE, June 17.—Cotton quiet and unchanged; Middling, 16¾c.; net receipts, 61 bales; exports coastwise, 200 bales; sales, 300 bales; stock, 14,414 bales.

GALVESTON, June 17.—Cotton nominally ¼c. lower; Good Ordinary, 15¼c.; Middling, 17¼c.; net receipts, 112 bales; stock, 7,172 bales.

CHARLESTON, June 17.—Cotton dull; Middling, 17c.; Low Middling, 16½c.@16¾c.; net receipts, 250 bales; sales, 225 bales; stock, 10,532 bales.

WILMINGTON, June 17.—Cotton easy; Middling nominally 16¾c.; net receipts, 48 bales; exports coastwise, 275 bales; stock, 500 bales.

SAVANNAH, June 17.—Cotton quiet; Middlings, 16½c.; net and gross, 195 bales; sales, 53 bales; stock, 13,652 bales.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

LONDON, June 17—12:30 P. M.—United States 5-20 Bonds, 1865s, old, 108; New 5s, 104⅜. Erie Railway Shares, 26¼.

2 P. M.—Consols, 92½@92⅝ for money; 92⅝@92¾ for the account. Erie Railway Shares, 26@26¼. Paris dispatches quote Rentes at 59f.

3:30 P. M.—The amount of bullion gone into the Bank of England on balance to-day is £26,000. Paris dispatches quote Rentes at 59f. 2½c.

4 P. M.—Erie Railway Shares, 25¾@26.

6 P. M.—Erie Railway Shares, 26@26¼. Paris dispatches quote Rentes at 59f. 12½c.

FRANKFORT, June 17—4 P. M.—United States 5-20 Bonds, 1862s, 97¼.

LIVERPOOL, June 17—12:30 P. M.—Cotton—The market is steadier; Middling Uplands, 8⅜d.; Middling Orleans, 8⅜d.@8½d.; sales, 12,000 bales, including 2,000 bales for speculation and export. Sales on the basis of Middling Uplands, nothing below Good Ordinary, deliverable August and September, at 8⅜d.; do., nothing below Low Middling, deliverable August and September, at 8 7-16d.

2 P. M.—Cotton—Sales on the basis of Middling Uplands, nothing below Good Ordinary, deliverable June and July, at 8 3-16d.; do., do., deliverable July and August, at 8 5-16d.; do., nothing below Low Middling, deliverable June, at 8¼d.; do. do. deliverable June and July, at 8¼d.; sales on the basis of Middling Orleans, nothing below Good Ordinary, deliverable August and September, at 8½d.; do., nothing below Low Middling, deliverable August and September, at 8½d. Sales of shipments of the new crop on the basis of Middling Upland, nothing below Good Ordinary, at 8½d. Breadstuffs—The market is quiet. Provisions—Lard, 51s. 3d. ₰ cwt.

3:30 P. M.—Cotton—Of the sales to-day 8,300 were American. Sales on the basis of Middling Uplands, nothing below Low Middling, deliverable July and August, at 8⅜d.; sales of shipments of the new crop, on the basis of Middling Uplands, nothing below Good Ordinary, at 8⅝d.

4 P. M.—Cotton—Sales on the basis of Middling Uplands, nothing below Low Middling, shipped June and July, at 8⅝c.

6 P. M.—Cotton—Sales on the basis of Middling Uplands, nothing below Good Ordinary, deliverable August and September, at 8 7-16d.; sales of shipment of the new crop, on the basis of Middling Uplands, nothing below Good Ordinary, at 8 11-16d. Provisions—Bacon, 46s. ₰ cwt. for long Clear Middles, and 46s. 9d. for short Clear Middles.

6 P. M.—Provisions—Lard, 51s. ₰ cwt.

LONDON, June 17.—Spirits Petroleum, 9½d. ₰ gallon. Tallow, 42s. 3d.@42s. 6d. ₰ cwt. Sugar, 25s. ₰ cwt. for No. 12 Dutch Standard, afloat.

Evening.—Linseed-oil, £29 6s.@£29 9s. ₰ ton.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

NEW-YORK, Wednesday, June 17, 1874.

Trade in Live stock, in a general way, was slow, and sales effected in small lots. The stock due for this forenoon did not all arrive on time, still when the markets closed at noon there were both herds and flocks unsold. Beeves sold from 11¾c.@12¾c. ₰ lb., weights from 6¾ cwt. to 10½ cwt., on 56 lbs.@58 lbs. to the cwt., net. The quality of these herds was generally coarse, being at the same time fat and ripe for the butcher. Trade was very small in Cows, at our last quotations. Calves sold from 4¾c.@6c. ₰ lb.; Veals from 8c.@8¾c. ₰ lb.; Sheep sold from 5¼c.@6¼c. ₰ lb.; Lambs from 7¼c.@9½c. ₰ lb. Live Hogs were not offered for sale; City dressed were not so firm as in the first days of the week. The market opened weak at 7½c. ₰ lb.

SALES.

At One Hundredth Street Yards—T. C. Eastman sold for self 132 fair Illinois Steers at 11¾c. ₰ lb., weight 7 cwt.; 85 good Illinois Steers at 12c. ₰ lb., weight 7¼ cwt.; 61 good Illinois Steers at 12¼c. ₰ lb., weight 7¾ cwt.; 187 coarse but corn-fed Illinois Steers, from 12c.@12¼c. ₰ lb., weight 8 cwt.; 78 good Illinois Steers, from 12¼c.@12½c. ₰ lb., weight 7½c.; 78 smooth Illinois Steers, from 12¼c.@12½c. ₰ lb., weight 8¼ cwt.; held on sale 45 choice Illinois Steers, weight 9 cwt. T. Wheeler sold for T. C. Eastman 80 good Illinois Steers, from 12c.@12½c. ₰ lb., weight 7 cwt. T. Gillis sold for self 15 still-fed Illinois Steers at 12c. ₰ lb., weight 6¾ cwt.; 141 Illinois Steers, quality smooth, at 12¼c. ₰ lb., weight 7¾ cwt.; 32 good Illinois Steers at 12c. ₰ lb., with $1 on ₰ head, weight 7 cwt.; 96 good Illinois Steers from 12¼c.@12½c. ₰ lb., weight 7¾ cwt., strong; 59 choice Illinois Steers from 12¼c.@12¾c. ₰ lb., weight 8¾ cwt.; 12 coarse, but fat, Illinois Steers at 12c. ₰ lb., weight 10½ cwt. Siegel & Moses sold for selves 122 mixed Spanish and Native Steers, weight 6¼ cwt., at 11¾c. ₰ lb.; 130 good Illinois Steers at 12c. ₰ lb., weights from 7 cwt.@7¼ cwt.; 105 good Illinois Steers at 12¼c. ₰ lb., weight 7½ cwt.; held on sale 68 Illinois Steers.

At Forty-eighth Street Sheep Market.—J. Kirby sold 93 Indiana Sheep, weight 8,480 lbs., at 5⅛c. ₰ lb.; 167 Ohio Sheep, weight 16,040 lbs., at 6⅛c. ₰ lb.; 46 Calves, weight 6,710 lbs., at 4¾c. ₰ lb.; 1 Calf, weight 115 lbs., at 5c. ₰ lb.; 3 Veals, weight 365 lbs., at 8c. ₰ lb.; had due 3 cars of Lambs containing 700 head. Hume & Elliott sold 298 Virginia Lambs, weight 16,850 lbs., at 9½c. ₰ lb.; 163 Sheep, weight 15,620 lbs., at 5½c. ₰ lb.; 195 Sheep, weight 16,570 lbs., at 6¾c. ₰ lb.; 424 Sheep, weight 36,270 lbs., at 6c. ₰ lb.; 61 Sheep, weight 5,800 lbs., at 6¼c. ₰ lb.; 270 cull Sheep at $3 38 ₰ head; 17 Calves, weight 1,990 lbs., at 6c. ₰ lb.; 38 Veals, weight 6,810 lbs., at 8c. ₰ lb.; 147 Veals, weight 20,680 lbs., at 8½c. ₰ lb.; 26 Veals, weight 3,890 lbs., at 8¾c. ₰ lb.

At Fortieth Street Sheep Yards—Judd & Buckingham sold 57 Veals at $8 25 ₰ head; 28 Sheep, weight 2,740 lbs., at 5¼c. ₰ lb.; 386 Ohio Sheep, weight 28,250 lbs., at 5½c. ₰ lb.; 393 Lambs, weight 22,970 lbs., at 7½c. ₰ lb.; 210 Lambs, weight 12,980 lbs., at 7¾c. ₰ lb.; 398 Lambs, weight 23,820 lbs., at 8⅛c. ₰ lb.; 34 Lambs, weight 2,030 lbs., at 8¼c. ₰ lb.; 20 Lambs, weight 1,190 lbs., at 9½c. ₰ lb. These five last lots were all from Kentucky.

RECEIPTS.

Gross arrivals at Weehawken Yards for week ending June 15, 1874—872 head of horned Cattle, 7,162 Sheep and Lambs, 259 Calves, 5,863 Hogs, 9 Horses.

Fresh arrivals for yesterday and to-day at One Hundredth Street Yards—1,537 head of horned Cattle, 6 Cows, 582 Calves, 41 Lambs.

Fresh arrivals for yesterday and to-day at Forty-eighth Street Sheep Market—525 Sheep and Lambs, 445 Calves and Veals.

Fresh arrivals for yesterday and to-day at Fortieth Street Hog Yards—6,827 Hogs, 242 Calves, 474 Sheep and Lambs.

BUFFALO, N. Y., June 17.—Cattle—Receipts to-day, 799 head, making the total supply for the week thus far 8,228 head, or 434 cars, against 492 cars for the same time last week; the market was very lively, at strong last week's prices for medium and good Cattle; common stock off ¼c.; poor Texans and Cherokees are hard to sell at low figures; good corn-fed Texans command ready sale at top prices. The attendance of buyers was large; about 2,800 head were disposed of; sales, 1,150 head Illinois Steers, ranging from 1,000 to 1,478, at $6@$7, the latter figure for strictly prime; 350 head Texas Steers, ranging from 902 to 1,130 lbs., at $4@$5 75; 78 head Cherokee Steers, ranging from 817 to 957 lbs., at $3 62½@$4 85; 125 head Ohio Steers, ranging from 896 to 1,221 lbs., at $5 40@$6 25; 150 head Missouri Steers, ranging from 1,043 to 1,345 lbs., at $6 10@$6 75; 355 head Iowa Steers, ranging from 1,080 to 1,445 lbs., at $5 65@$6 75; 450 head Indiana Steers, ranging from 1,058 to 1,375 lbs., at $6@$6 50; 60 head Michigan Steers, ranging from 980 to 1,086 lbs., at $4 50@$5 55; 50 head Michigan Steers, ranging from 829 to 878 lbs., at $4 55@$4 60. Sheep and Lambs—Receipts to-day, including reported arrivals, 3,800 head, making the total supply for the week thus far 7,600 head, against 9,400 head for the same time last week; the market was dull and slow at $4 75@$6 25 for Western Sheep; $7@$8 50 for Canada Lambs; sales, 500 head Canada Lambs, ranging from 50 to 53 lbs., at $8@$8 50; 1,300 head Ohio Sheep, ranging from 80 to 106 lbs., at $4@$5 12½; 600 head Indiana Sheep, ranging from 90 to 104 lbs. at $4 62½@$5 50. Canada Lambs are coming in earlier than usual, and are mostly green. Hogs—Receipts to-day including reported arrivals, 2,200 head, making the total supply for the week thus far 3,300 head against 12,100 head for the same time last week; the market is dull and receipts light; but little offering; Yorkers, $5 50@$5 75; heavy Hogs, $5 80@$6.

THE STATE OF TRADE.

CHICAGO, June 17.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat active and higher at $1 21½@$1 22 for No. 2 Spring; $1 19¾ for No. 2 do., cash; $1 18¾, July; $1 13⅞, August. Corn in fair demand and lower at 6c. for No. 2 Mixed, cash; 60½c., July or August; High Mixed, 60½c.; rejected, 57c. Oats steady at 47c. for No. 2, cash; 43¼c., July; rejected, 44c. Rye quiet and unchanged at 84½c. for No. 2. Barley dull and nominal. Pork quiet and weak at $17 20@$17 25, cash; $17 20, July; $17 45, August. Lard quiet and weak at 11c., cash or July. Bulk Meats quiet and weak; sales of Short Rib Middles at 9c., loose. Whisky steady at 94½c. Freights dull and nominal; Corn to Buffalo, 3¼c.; to Kingston, 7c. Receipts—5,000 bbls. Flour, 65,000 bushels Wheat, 244,000 bushels Corn, 52,000 bushels Oats. Shipments—7,000 bbls. Flour, 56,000 bushels Wheat, 206,000 bushels Corn, 75,000 bushels Oats, and 1,000 bushels Rye.

BUFFALO, N. Y., June 17.—Lake and Rail Imports for the last twenty-four hours—Flour, 13,962 bbls.; Wheat, 404,508 bushels; Corn, 479,565 bushels; Oats, 14,700 bushels. Canal Shipments—Wheat, 184,463 bushels; Corn, 105,685 bushels; Oats, 14,400 bushels. Rail Exports—Wheat, 50,950 bushels; Corn, 93,861 bushels; Oats, 15,400 bushels. Canal Freights lower; Wheat, 11c.; Corn, 10c.; Oats, 6¾c. Flour quiet; sales, 1,000 bbls. on the following range; Western Spring, $6 75@$7; Bakers', $7@$7 25; Amber, $7 50@$8; White, $8 25@$9. Wheat in light demand; sales Milwaukee No. 1 Spring at $1 35; No. 2 do., $1 32; Wisconsin Spring, $1 35. Corn dull and lower; sales of High Mixed at 71c.; No. 2 Western held at 70c.; buyers are not disposed to operate. Oats steady; sales No. 2 Western at 56c. Rye nominal at $1 10. Barley-malt firm; Canada, $1 90@$2; Western, $1 90. Other articles unchanged.

ST. LOUIS, June 17.—Flour dull and nominal. Wheat—Spring active and higher; No. 2 Spring, $1 09; Winter dull; only sample lots sold. Corn in good demand; No. 2 Mixed, 60c.@60½c., cash in elevators; 60¾c. July. Oats dull and drooping and little done; No. 2 at 48c., in elevators. Rye dull and lower at 70c. Whisky steady at 96c. Pork lower at $18. Dry-salted Meats nominal. Bacon weak and little doing; sales Clear Sides at 10¾c. buyer August. Lard dull; sales Summer at 10½c. Live Hogs firmer; Light, $5 50@$5 85; Bacon, $5 65@$5 95; Heavy, $5 45@$5 65. Cattle in good demand and firm for best grades; other grades dull and drooping; medium to fair Butchers', $3 50@$4; prime to extra Steers, $5@$6 25. Receipts—3,000 bbls. Flour, 3,000 bushels Wheat, 20,000 bushels Corn, 21,000 bushels Oats, 2,400 Hogs, 2,800 Cattle.

OSWEGO, N. Y., June 17.—Flour unchanged; sales, 1,300 bbls. at $7 25 for No. 1 Spring; $7 75 for Amber Winter; $8 25 for White Winter; $8 75 for Double Extra. Wheat quiet; prime white Canada offered at $1 75; No. 1 Milwaukee Club, $1 40. Corn quiet at 73c.@75c. Corn-meal—$32 for Bolted; $31 for Unbolted, ₰ ton. Mill-feed unchanged; Shorts, $20; Shipstuffs, $22; Middlings, $24@$28, ₰ ton. Canal Freights—Wheat, 8c.; Corn, 7c.; Peas, 7½c., to New-York; Lumber, $3 25 to the Hudson, $3 75 to New-burg, $4 to New-York. Railroad Freights—Flour to Boston, 50c.; to New-York, 40c.; to Albany, 36c. Lake Receipts—11,700 bushels Wheat, 15,000 bushels Corn, 459,000 feet Lumber. Canal Shipments—5,400 bushels Corn, 1,184,000 feet Lumber.

TOLEDO, Ohio, June 17.—Flour dull and unchanged. Wheat dull and lower; No. 1 White Michigan, $1 40; Amber Michigan, $1 28 cash; $1 29½ July; No. 2 Red, $1 27 cash; $1 28½, July. Corn dull and shade lower; High Mixed, 65½c., cash, June, and July; 65¾c. August; Low Mixed, 65¼c., cash, June, and July; no grade, 64c.; damaged, 56c. Oats quiet and unchanged; No. 1 at 52½c.@53c.; No. 2 at 50c. Freights dull and unchanged. Receipts—12,000 bushels Wheat, 30,000 bushels Corn, 2,000 bushels Oats. Shipments—30,000 bushels Wheat, 98,000 bushels Corn, 8,000 bushels Oats.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., June 17.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat steady; No. 1 at $1 24; No. 2 at $1 21¾, cash; $1 21¾, July; $1 21¼, August. Oats steady; No. 2 at 46½c. Barley steady; No. 3 Spring, $1 20; No. 3 Spring, 95c. Rye steady at 84c. for No. 1. Corn steady; No. 2 Mixed, 61c. Provisions dull and unchanged. Freights—Wheat, to Buffalo, 3¾c.; to Oswego, 7c. Receipts—7,000 bbls. Flour, 102,000 bushels Wheat. Shipments—2,000 bbls. Flour, 113,000 bushels Wheat.

CINCINNATI, June 17.—Flour quiet and steady. Wheat quiet and weak; nominally, $1 30. Corn dull; Mixed, 65c.@66c. Oats quiet and unchanged at 50c.@58c. Rye steady at 95c. Barley nominal. Butter quiet and unchanged. Pork unchanged; no sales. Lard quiet and unchanged; Summer sold at 10⅜c., packed; jobbing sales of Kettle at 11½c.@11¾c. Bulk Meats dull and drooping; Shoulders, 6⅜c., spot; 6¾c., buyer June; Clear Rib Sides, 9c., buyer July; Clear Sides, 9¼c.@9½c. Bacon dull; jobbing sales; Shoulders, 7¼c.; Clear Rib Sides, 9¾c.; Clear Sides, 10⅛c., packed. Hogs quiet at $5 30@$5 60. Whisky, 96c.

LOUISVILLE, June 17.—Flour unchanged. Wheat dull and lower; Red, $1; Amber, $1 10; White, $1 15. Corn—White, 78c.; Mixed 70c. Oats—White and Mixed, 57c. Rye, 90c. Provisions quiet and weak. Pork, $18; Bacon, 7c.; Clear Rib Sides, 9⅞c.; Clear Sides, 10¼c. Hams—Sugar-cured, 13½c.; Plain, 12c. Bulk Meats—Shoulders, 7c.; Clear Rib Sides, 9c.; Clear Sides, 9⅝c. Lard, 12¼c.@12½c. Whisky, 96c.

CLEVELAND, June 17.—Wheat dull; nominally lower; No. 1 Red Winter, $1 35; No. 2, $1 26. Corn irregular; Low Mixed, 69c.; High Mixed, 70c. Oats steady; No. 1 State, 55c.; No. 2, 53c.; White, 56c. Petroleum quiet and steady; Standard White, in car lots, 10¼c.; State test, 13½c.

LAW REPORTS.

CALENDARS—THIS DAY.

COURT OF APPEALS.

ALBANY, N. Y., June 17.—Court of Appeals day calendar for June 18—Nos. 105, 108, 109, 93, 243, 98, 7, 72.

SUPREME COURT.

BUFFALO, N. Y., June 17.—The following is the day Calendar of the Supreme Court, General Term, Fourth Department, for June 18: Nos. 114, 150, 151, 151½, 156, 159, 160, 13, 18, 22, 24, 25, and 26.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS.

Held by Westbrook, J.

Nos.	Nos.
1—Orcutt vs. Lamb.	129—In the Matter, &c., Conway.
16—Trimm, &c. vs. Marsh, &c.	137—In the Matter, &c. Lexington Avenue.
21—Mander vs. Mander.	138—In the Matter, &c. Eiselle.
64—Bidwell vs. Spencer, &c.	147—Heckrein vs. Cady.
83—Neidlinger, &c., vs. Brenckner, &c.	148—Bowery Savings Bank vs. Richards, (four causes.)
84—Lackemeyer vs. Bross.	149—Funk vs. Funk.
87—Le Grand vs. Baldwin.	155—Lea vs. Oakes, &c.
92—White vs. White.	158—Weider vs. Waldeck.
96—Rider vs. Rider.	160—Creep vs. Jacoby.
107—Chambers vs. Chambers.	162—Robbins vs. Ferris.
110—Le Grand vs. Baldwin.	164—Alker, P. A., vs. Solomon, &c.
111—Wheeler vs. See.	168—Orcutt vs. Lamb.
115—Hoffman vs. Beaton.	
127—Cooper vs. Walker, &c.	

SUPREME COURT—SPECIAL TERM.

Held by Donohue, J.—Court opens at 10:30 A. M.

Nos. Demurrers.	Nos.
4—Foley vs. Palmer et al.	215—Foley vs. Green, Controller et al.
18—Clerke vs. Butler, impleaded, et al.	216—Donohue vs. The Mayor.
25—Allen vs. N. J. Southern R. R. Co.	218—Atlantic Savings Bank vs. Brewster et al.
16—Sawyer, Sur., vs. Butterfield, Assignee.	219—Covel vs. Blass.
Issues of Law and Fact.	221—Castner, Receiver, vs. Donohue et al.
108—Prentiss vs. George et al.	224—McNiff vs. Straut et al.
217—Peck, Executor, et al. vs. Dinsmore et al.	226—Anderson vs. The Mayor.
54—Potter vs. Coulter.	11—Stephenson vs. Catherwood.
191—Wood et al. vs. Hale et al.	15—Ritter vs. Booty.
192—Coffin vs. Russell et al.	30—Lynch vs. Richardson et al.
193—O'Brien vs. Browning.	34—Orr vs. Gilmore et al.
194—Shewan et al. vs. Thompson et al.	43—Hastings, Receiver, &c., vs. Drew et al.
195—Everingham vs. Vanderbilt et al.	85—Hynes vs. Mooney et al.
201—Chittick vs. Lewis.	144—Beach vs. Collis, Jr., et al.
202—Bowen vs. Ford et al.	146—Jeremiah et al. vs. Jeremiah.
204—Frost vs. Van Loon.	163—Frueauff, Adm'r, &c., vs. Skiddy et al.
206—Kennedy vs. Barandon et al.	166—Cook vs. Platt et al.
210—White, Trustee, &c., vs. Livingstone et al.	170—Ireland vs. Vredenburgh et al.
214—Real Estate Trust Co. vs. Keech et al.	171—Same vs. Same.

SUPREME COURT—PART II.

Held by Van Brunt, J.

Nos.	Nos.
8124—Coffin et al. vs. The Mayor, &c., N. Y.	3356—O'Toole vs. Garvin et al.
1702—Beekman, Receiver, vs. Friedman.	1868—Rosenthal vs. Toepfer.
1852—Tyng vs. Sewell.	830—Burke vs. Graham.
182—Littell vs. Sanford.	1746—Reid et al. vs. Hart et al.
3022—Miller vs. The Mayor, &c., New-York.	1848—Alexander et al. vs. Fowler et al.
1520—Carrington et al. vs. Ward et al.	1220—Duncan vs. Burleigh.
1578—Pignard vs. Poissonier.	1934—Lynch vs. Kiernan.
1734—Todd vs. Shelbourne.	2384—Iselin vs. The Mayor, &c., New-York.
90—Dobson, by Guardian, vs. Elias et al.	2388—Kennedy et al. vs. The Mayor, &c., New-York.
1518—Piazza vs. Hubbard.	
3376—McCall, Executor, vs. Jenkins.	

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT—PART III.

Held by Van Vorst, J.

Nos.	Nos.
2549—Nelson vs. The Mayor, &c.	3127—Green vs. The Mayor, &c.
1657—Irwin et al. vs. Peckeragill, Survivor.	637—Inslee, &c., vs. Hampton.
183—Barstow et al. vs. Hansen et al.	3619—Gorry, Administrator, vs. The Mayor, &c.
2533—Heatherton et al. vs. The Mayor, &c.	1041—Meriden Tool Co. vs. Morgan.
611—Wood vs. Erie Railway Co.	1669—Brown vs. Charlick.
441½—Metzler vs. Kelly.	1671—Feltner vs. Gaffney.
1145—McGrath vs. Wood.	711—Ohio Hydro-Carbon Light Co. vs. Leis et al.
669½—Marshall vs. Fowler et al.	292—Abecasis vs. Hoagland.
2345—National Broadway Bank vs. The Mayor, &c.	269—Despres et al. vs. Kelly, Sheriff, &c.
2351½—Palmer vs. The Mayor, &c.	3287—Martin, Executor, vs. Wetmore.

SUPERIOR COURT—TRIAL TERM—PART I.

Held by Freedman, J.

Nos.	Nos.
1763—May vs. Brennan, Sheriff.	929—Koehler vs. Brennan, Sheriff.
917—Egbert et al. vs. Hiffelsheimer.	935—Wright vs. Equitable Life Assurance Society.
317—Hall vs. Darling.	945—Doly vs. American Submarine Co.
237—Robinson vs. O'Brien, Sheriff.	949—Strang et al. vs. Murray.
419—Vogel vs. Beams.	951—Rediard et al. vs. Lavin.
1795—Squire vs. Jones.	953—Woods vs. Janes, impleaded.
817—Beekman vs. Reed et al.	
663—Sutro et al. vs. Fargo, President.	
919—Lewis vs. Lewis.	

SUPERIOR COURT—TRIAL TERM—PART II.

Held by Monell, C. J.

Nos.	Nos.
578—Journeay vs. Tallman.	1030—Waters vs. Austin et al.
924—Furlong vs. Allen.	476—Finnen vs. Malloy.
1294—De Zea vs. The Mayor, &c., New-York.	852—Blanchard vs. Brigham.
842—Raynor et al. vs. Hoagland.	980—Harbeck, Jr., vs. Taylor.
952—National Steam-ship Co. vs. Zung.	1042—Birnbaum, by guardian, vs. N. Y. & Har. R. R. Co.
1068—Frankenburg vs. Bowery Fire Ins. Co.	1070—American D. & S. Co. vs. Staley.
1622—Boady vs. The Mayor, &c.	

COMMON PLEAS—EQUITY TERM.

Adjourned until June 19.

COMMON PLEAS—TRIAL TERM—PART I.

Held by Robinson, J.—Court opens at 11 A. M.

Nos.	Nos.
2030—Angevine vs. Sandford.	3770—Hayward vs. Brennan.
4226—Keyes vs. Mayor.	3396—Osborn vs. Dreyfus. Order.
4048—Byrne vs. The Mayor.	3493—Dreyfus vs. Osborn.
4050—Drake vs. The Mayor.	2866—Krymborg vs. O'Brien, Sheriff.
4237—Costello vs. The Mayor.	Set down for June 9. 1612—Washington Ice Co. vs. Silver.
4098—Hanlon vs. The Mayor.	1363—Hexter vs. Brennan.
4275—Johnson vs. The Mayor.	410—Schwartz vs. O'Brien.
1173—McGuire vs. Grant.	1214—Hudson vs. O'Brien.
344—Klohr vs. O'Brien, Sheriff.	2477—Wyte vs. Brown.
1805—Jackson vs. Delaney.	1264—Pomroy vs. Roberts.
2447—Houston vs. Washburn.	1306—Kiefer vs. Schedd.
	4051—Diossy vs. Gross.

COMMON PLEAS—TRIAL TERM—PART II.

Held by J. F. Daly, J.

Nos.	Nos.
1325—Cohen, by Guardian, vs. Forty-second and Grand Street Ferry Company.	2625—Mueller vs. Holtz, &c. 2739—Warner vs. Zabriskie.
4239—Clark vs. The Mayor.	2092—Ruescher vs. Anderson.
1838—Siegel vs. O'Brien, Sheriff.	4276—Knight vs. The Mayor, &c.
1370—Twomley vs. C. P., N. & E. R. R. Co.	4279—Towle vs. The Mayor, &c.
3903—McCarthy vs. The Mayor, &c.	1976—Lanigan vs. New-York Gas Light Co.
3801—McGuire vs. N. Y. C. & H. R. R. Co.	42—Appleby vs. Rader.
2631—Jardine vs. The Mayor, &c., New-York.	3975—Warren vs. The Mayor, &c., New-York.
2570—Moller, &c., vs. Tuska.	1625—Condict vs. Warren.
2571—Same vs. Same.	4208—Mierson vs. The Mayor, &c.
	4285—Same vs. Same.
	2605—Murray vs. Walsh.

MARINE COURT—TRIAL TERM—PART I.

Held by McAdam, J.

Nos.	Nos.
5460—Hennessy et al. vs. Salter et al.	3399—Guarioso vs. Cummings.
5436—Arnold et al. vs. Bless Z. M. Co.	5392—Goodwin vs. Schmitt
5437—Same vs. Same.	4406—Eddy et al. vs. Robinson et al.
—Robinson vs. Matthews.	5404—Lowler vs. Whitehill Trans. Co.
5104—Guntzer vs. Oterman	5301—Ross vs. Koehler, impleaded.
5091—Shaw et al. vs. Dosher.	5494—Schroeder vs. Otersen.
5548—Gerdts vs. Wels.	5495—Worth vs. Flynn.
5513—Good et al. vs. McKenzie.	5496—Oberndorf vs. Rothstein.
5455—Grunhut vs. Smith et al.	5125—Norwood, Jr. et al. vs. Barcalow.
5159—Ashbury vs. Leech et al.	
1465—Washburn and M. Mfg. Co. vs. Silber.	

MARINE COURT—TRIAL TERM—PART II.

Held by Gross, J.

Nos.	Nos.
5135—Shelansky vs. Weiner.	4525—Wightman vs. Tilt et al.
4971—Douglas et al. vs. Gaynor.	4453—Clarke vs. Cleghorne.
5087—Fisher vs. Barr.	4418—Brewers' and Malsters' Ins. Co. vs. Laurie et al.
5096—Jacquelin et al. vs. W. Union Tel. Co.	
1608—Stratton vs. Davidson.	4398—Van Dwyer vs. Taber.
2874—Johnston vs. Gill.	4290—Johnston vs. Morse.
2091—Emanuell vs. Ward.	5130—Josephi vs. Koehler.
2383½—Weston vs. Shook.	5191—Hare vs. Gayton.

MARINE COURT—TRIAL TERM—PART III.

Held by Spaulding, J.

Nos.	Nos.
5328—Koch vs. Schomberg.	5383½—Sease vs. Hall et al.
5017—Cuff vs. Russell.	434—Cohn vs. Simon.
3857—Armour et al. vs. L. I. Sugar Refinery.	5281—Sipniski vs. Reagles.
3965—Freeman vs. Williamsburg City Fire Ins. Co.	5393—Mendelsohn vs. Mitchell. 887—Anderson vs. Anglein
5466—Brennaman vs. Meyer et al.	3707—Gehrs vs. Schreiber. 3005—Delevan vs. Stevenson et al.
5493—Harris vs. Rothstein.	5486—Ludlum vs. Falkenburg.
1964—Beer et al. vs. Rosenstein et al.	5484—Taylor et al. vs. Jackson et al.
5514—Corn et al. vs. Anderson.	5481—Barnard vs. Lowenstein.
4791—Lightstone vs. Schmidlin.	

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS.

Held by Hackett, Recorder.

Frans Pospichic, rape.	Peter McKnight, grand larceny.
Oliver White, felonious assault and battery.	Michael Feeney, grand larceny.
Patrick Morrissey, felonious assault and battery.	John Green, John Taylor, and John Clark, grand larceny.
Henry Howland, burglary.	
Charles Connally, burglary.	John Cummings, grand larceny.
Joseph M. Murphy, grand larceny.	James Kelly, larceny from the person.
Joseph Cook, grand larceny.	

DECISIONS.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS.

By Judge Westbrook.

Hass vs. Hyman; motion denied; memorandum.

Campbell vs. Campbell; $2,000 allowance to plaintiff, $1,000 to each of defendant's attorneys; memorandum.

Bright vs. Threlkeld; motion denied.

SUPERIOR COURT—SPECIAL TERM.

By Judge Van Vorst.

Knoeppel vs. Kings County Fire Insurance Company; motion to continue injunction denied; see opinion.

COMMON PLEAS—SPECIAL TERM.

By Judge Loew.

Noe et al. vs. Schaus; see memorandum.

Coombie vs. Cantrell; issues of facts to be tried by jury settled.

Remge vs. Remge; judgment denied, on the ground that the plaintiff is not an actual inhabitant of this State.

By Judge J. F. Daly.

Fora vs. The Mayor, &c., of New-York; demurrer overruled; see opinion.

DECISIONS BY JUDGE HUNT.

Judge Hunt yesterday filed his decisions in the cases recently argued before him in the United States Circuit Court. They are as follows: In the matter of the Stuyvesant Bank, a bankrupt, and in the matter of the Six Penny Savings Bank, a creditor and petitioner, against J. H. Platt, an assignee in bankruptcy of the Stuyvesant Bank, the order of the District Court, entered in January, 1874, and from which the appeal was taken, is affirmed....In the case of John Sedgwick, a special receiver, against John Q. Peble and the United States Trust Company, as executors of the estate of Mary A. Sparkman and others, the decree of the District Court, which adjudged the transfer by James D. Sparkman to his wife of the real estate in Forty-second street, and of the Government bonds for $40,000, to be fraudulent and void, and further that the title of Peble to the bond and mortgage, and his right to collect the amount on its face belongs to the plaintiff, is affirmed....In the matter of Frank F. Newland, a bankrupt, the order entered by the District Court on the 10th of January, 1874, is affirmed....In the matter of the Stuyvesant Bank, a bankrupt, and in the matter of the New-York Savings Bank against James H. Platt, the assignee in bankruptcy of the bank, the order of the District Court is affirmed....In the matter of John Sedgwick, assignee in bankruptcy, against James K. Place and others, that portion of the decree of the District Court which confirms the transfer of the Fifth avenue leasehold property made by Place to his wife, is reversed; the portion of the decree declaring void the mortgage of Mr. and Mrs. Place to J. S. Barker of the Fifth avenue property, is affirmed; the portion of the decree declaring void the mortgage to Phipps, is reversed; the portion of the decree declaring that Barnard and Cullen had no interest in the property mentioned in the bill, and also the portion dismissing the bill as to them, is affirmed; the clause adjudging the title of Mrs. Place to the Forty-third street property to be fraudulent and void, is affirmed; and finally, that portion of the decree which adjudges the plaintiff entitled to recover from Mrs. Sparkman's executors the value of the Government securities sold by them, is affirmed.

CORONER'S CASES.

On Tuesday night an unknown man about thirty-two years old, obtained lodgings at the Hotel du Canada, No. 110 Chatham street, kept by M. Perrot, and after smoking awhile on the stoop, retired to his room. Yesterday the chamber-maid not being able to awaken him, opened the room door with a pass-key, and found the man gasping in the agonies of death. He had taken laudanum. Dr. Mitchell, of Chambers street was called in, but found his skill unavailing, as the man died in a few minutes after. Coroner Eickhoff will hold an inquest. It was since ascertained that the man's name was George Resmossen......Joseph Delille Millett, a Frenchman, while insane from drink, jumped out of the second story window of his residence, No. 34 Clinton place, yesterday, and was almost instantly killed......The body of Joseph Farrell, of No. 337 East Twenty-second street, who has been missing from home for the past five days, was found floating in the East River at the foot of East Twenty-first street, yesterday......Hattie L. Beatty, aged two and a half years, was run over and killed in front of her residence, No. 528 West Fifty-eighth street, yesterday, by a team and wagon of Mr. Tinsser's, which ran away from the corner of Tenth avenue and Fifty-eighth street.

SUITS AGAINST THE CITY.

John B. Leverick sued the City to recover $31,000 for repairs to pavements during June, July, and August, 1871. The suit came up for trial before Judge Van Brunt and a jury, in Supreme Court, Circuit, yesterday. The defense was that, under the charter of 1870, this work being for sums over $1,000, bids should have been advertised for. The evidence failing to show the sums to have been under $1,000 the Judge dismissed the complaint. In the same court Thomas Pearce sued, as the assignee of one Dunlap, for four months' wages as cleaner of the City Hall. The defense was "no appropriation." Judgment was rendered in his favor for $413. In Circuit, Part III., of the same court, before Judge Van Vorst and a jury, the case of William B. Smith against the City came up for trial. Smith sued to recover for services as surveyor on various street improvements. He got judgment for $1,577.

A HEAVY VERDICT FOR SELIGMAN & CO.

In the case of Seligman & Co., bankers, against the North and South Alabama Railroad Company, to recover commissions for negotiating the Company's bonds, referred to in yesterday's TIMES, the jury, yesterday, found a verdict in favor of plaintiff for $173,986 75, and the court granted an extra allowance of $2,000.

DRY GOODS.

R. H. MACY & CO.'S
GRAND CENTRAL FANCY GOODS
ESTABLISHMENT.

CLEARING OUT. CLEARING OUT
CLEARING Entire Line OUT
CLEARING Llama Lace Sacks OUT
CLEARING and Shawls at a OUT
CLEARING Great Reduction. OUT
CLEARING Ladies' and Misses' OUT
CLEARING Chip Hats all OUT
CLEARING Marked down at OUT
CLEARING less than one- OUT
CLEARING half the cost, all OUT
CLEARING the latest styles. OUT
CLEARING During July and OUT
CLEARING August the establishment OUT
CLEARING will close on Saturdays OUT
CLEARING at 1 P. M. OUT

R. H. MACY & CO.,
14TH ST. AND 6TH AVENUE, NEW-YORK.

AT SMITH'S PATTERN BAZAAR, NO. 914 Broadway, between 20th and 21st sts., beautiful display of Summer Toilets. PATTERNS, with CLOTH MODELS, now ready.
NEW THINGS.—The elegant and JAUNTY CROQUET SUIT, THE PIONEER RAMBLE SUIT, the KEEP COOL, and the TRAVELER, are worth seeing, for they are beautiful and useful.

BERGEN'S STEAM CARPET CLEANING Works, Nos. 241 to 247 East 56th st., between 2d and 3d avs., New-York.—All orders by mail or otherwise promptly attended to; entire satisfaction given. Cartage free. Night watchman on the premises.
R. S. BERGEN, Proprietor.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

THIS IS TO CERTIFY THAT THE CORPORATION heretofore known as the NEW-YORK DIAMOND COMPANY has this day dissolved by mutual consent. Mr. ISAAC HERRMANN, the former President, will continue the business of cutting and polishing diamonds, as successor, in his own name and on his own account. Dated New-York, June 15, 1874.
ISAAC HERRMANN, President.
M. BERLINER, Secretary.

THE FIRM OF A. G. HIGGINS & SON IS this day hereby dissolved by mutual agreement. New-York, June 17, 1874.
(Signed,) A. G. HIGGINS, A. A. HIGGINS.

METALS.

PHELPS, DODGE & CO.,
IMPORTERS OF METALS,
TIN-PLATE, SHEET-IRON, COPPER, BLOCK-TIN, WIRE, &c.,
CLIFF ST., between John and Fulton, NEW-YORK.

THOMAS J. POPE & BRO.
METALS.
NO. 292 PEARL ST.,
NEAR BEEKMAN ST., NEW-YORK.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

AT THE FRIDAY EVENING PRAYER-meetings will be sung Metre Hymns, with organ accompaniment, and after same Nashville (Tenn.) Jubilees. Benjamin Albro, No. 353 West 36th st. All welcome. Read Matthew, v., 1-20.

LOST AND FOUND.

A RUSSIAN BLOODHOUND FOUND.—THE owner can have him by proving property and paying the cost. Inquire at No. 20 Marketfield st.

STATIONERY.

FRANCIS & LOUTREL, NO. 45 MAIDEN LANE —All kinds of Blank Books, Stationery, and wanting at low prices. Orders solicited.

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, THURSDAY, JUNE 18, 1874.

AMUSEMENTS THIS EVENING.

WALLACK'S THEATRE.—FATE—Miss Carlotta Leclercq, Mr. Theodore Hamilton, Mr. Charles Leclercq.

BARNUM'S ROMAN HIPPODROME.—CHARIOT RACES—GYMNASTIC ACTS—MENAGERIE. Matinée.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.—CRYPTOGRAM; OR, LOST AND WON—Mr. E. Eddy, Jos. Wheelock, Miss Ida Vernon.

WOOD'S MUSEUM.—DRAMATIC PERFORMANCE afternoon and evening. Curiosities.

BRYANT'S MINSTRELS.—FARCES, SINGING, COMICALITIES—Messrs. Unsworth. N. Seymour

THE COLOSSEUM.—CYCLORAMA OF LONDON BY NIGHT—Afternoon and evening.

LEAVITT ART GALLERY.—ART EXHIBITION—Court of Death.

CENTRAL PARK GARDEN.—SUMMER NIGHT'S CONCERT—By Theo. Thomas' Orchestra.

THE NEW-YORK TIMES.

THE NEW-YORK TIMES is the best daily family paper published; it contains the latest news and correspondence; all objectionable advertisements are rigidly excluded; and it has a constantly increasing circulation among the most respectable classes of the community.

TERMS TO MAIL SUBSCRIBERS.

The DAILY TIMES, per annum, including the Sunday Edition	$12
The DAILY TIMES, per annum, exclusive of the Sunday Edition	10
The Sunday Edition, per annum	2
The SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES, per annum	3
The WEEKLY TIMES, per annum	2

Club rates of THE WEEKLY—all to one Post-office address—Five copies, per annum, $7 50; Ten copies, per annum, $12 50; Twenty copies, per annum, $22; Thirty copies, per annum, $30, and One extra copy to each Club. For every club of fifty, one copy of THE SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES to the getter-up of the club.

When the names of subscribers are required to be written upon each paper of the club at one post-office address, ten cents for each copy additional to the above rates.

Club rates of THE SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES: Two copies one year, $5; ten copies, one year, $25—and one extra copy free. New names may be added to clubs at any time during the year, at club rates.

THE SEMI-WEEKLY and WEEKLY mailed one year to clergymen at the lowest rates.

These prices are invariable. We have no traveling agents. Remit in drafts on New-York or Post Office Money Orders, if possible, and where neither of these can be procured send the money in a *registered* letter.

Terms, cash in advance.

THE NEW-YORK TIMES,
New-York City.

The legal rate of postage on THE DAILY TIMES, including Sunday edition, addressed to its regular subscribers, is $1 40 per annum, or 35 cents per quarter; DAILY, without Sunday edition, $1 20 per annum, or 30 cents per quarter, PAYABLE IN ADVANCE at the office where the paper is received. Subscribers who receive their copies by letter-carriers will please hand the annual or quarterly postage to the carriers, taking their receipts.

TO ADVERTISERS.

☞ For the accommodation of up-town residents, advertisements for insertion in THE TIMES will be received at No. 54½ West 32d st., junction of Broadway and 6th av.; No. 308 West 23d st., opposite Grand Opera-house, at same rates as are charged at office of publication.

☞ For the accommodation of east-side advertisers, advertisements for insertion in THE TIMES will be received at the East-side Advertising Office, No. 504 3d av., corner 34th st., Third Avenue Railroad Building, at the same rates as are charged at the office of publication.

Advertisements received, at our regular office rates, at the Harlem office, No. 2,281 Third avenue, corner One Hundred and Twenty-fourth street, Harlem Savings Bank Building, from 7 A. M. to 7:15 P. M.; on Sundays, from 3 to 6 P. M.

NOTICE.

We cannot notice anonymous communications. In all cases we require the writer's name and address, not for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

We cannot, under any circumstances, return rejected communications, nor can we undertake to preserve manuscripts.

Persons leaving the City for the Summer can have THE TIMES *mailed to their address at one dollar per month.*

THE SUNDAY EDITION OF THE NEW-YORK TIMES.

On Sunday, June 28, we shall print a new story from the pen of Mr. BRET HARTE, *entitled "A Passage in the Life of Mr. John Oakhurst," written expressly for* THE NEW-YORK TIMES.

The managers of THE TIMES *beg to announce that they are making arrangements with a number of the most eminent American and foreign authors for original contributions to the Sunday edition, the particulars of which will shortly be announced.*

It has been difficult to arouse sympathy in behalf of the starving women and children of Mississippi and Louisiana, but we trust that the touching appeal made in their behalf to-day by a very eminent physician of our City—Dr. METCALFE—may succeed in attracting public attention to the dreadful destitution which exists in that part of the country. We should be the last journal to complain of any lack of public sympathy for real distress, for we have always found it far more easy to call forth subscriptions than to stop them. When we appealed for the poor children two years ago, so much money was sent to us that we were compelled to ask that no further contributions should be forwarded. In the case now before us, it appears to be hard to convince the many kind-hearted people in our midst that a large number of their fellow-citizens, not much more than a thousand miles distant from New-York, are absolutely without homes or food. We hear much of the famine in India, but the most shocking destitution exists on our own continent, and no efficient measures are taken for its relief. If our readers could see the sufferings described in the letter we publish to-day, there would be no necessity for appeals from us. They will, however, be readily disposed to put faith in the representations of a gentleman so long and so honorably known to us all as Dr. METCALFE. Few of us will need convincing that he would not have made this public appeal without sad and even terrible cause. We earnestly trust that the many thousand good and benevolent people of this City will respond to this cry for help, and that the ladies especially, who are so largely instrumental in the works of charity, will take up this work. It ought not to be said that women and children perished almost at our very doors for want of bread. We have no doubt that Dr. METCALFE—No. 18 West Thirtieth street—will forward contributions to the districts now suffering most deeply.

The great inflationist "revolt" has probably been seriously spoken of for the last time. The action of the Republican State Convention at Springfield, Ill., yesterday, has put an end to it. No one will undertake to say after this that the West is "wild" for "more money." We have frequently pointed out during the last six months that much of the assertion on this subject was without foundation in fact, and that the best evidence that could be got was positively against it. Even Senator LOGAN will hardly dispute this point now. The Illinois Republicans are not only not in favor of an inflation of the Government notes, but they stand fairly on the specie payments platform of 1872, which they reaffirm. The Senators who propose to get up an inflation party will find themselves not only without the support of the Administration, but without the support of the voters. When we consider how continually the demand of the West for "more money" has been harped upon in Congress, and how abjectly some men in favor of a sound currency have surrendered to this imaginary popular clamor, we should say that some members of Congress should be heartily ashamed of themselves. Now, that their folly is disclosed, it will be an excellent thing for the country if they will retire to private life and studiously consider the popular sentiment they have so grossly misunderstood and so impudently misrepresented.

Mr. JOHN L. CADWALLADER has been nominated as Assistant Secretary of State, in the place of Mr. BANCROFT DAVIS, and it would have been very difficult to have found a gentleman better fitted for the position. Mr. CADWALLADER is connected, by birth and associations, with some of the oldest and best of our New-York families; he has traveled much, and is intimately acquainted with foreign politics; he is a graduate of the Cambridge Law School, and belongs to that class which rarely finds admittance to public life now-a-days, but which is preeminently qualified to serve the country well and faithfully. A man of higher reputation or of greater promise could not have been selected in the whole country. It is a nomination made in the interests of the people, and we have no doubt that it will be confirmed without hesitation. We only wish that men of the same kind could always be placed in public positions.

An evidence that the reign of law has been restored in this City is found in the decision of Judge VAN BRUNT, in the Supreme Court Circuit, yesterday, in the case of JOHN B. LEVERICH, who sued the City for $31,000, said to have been earned in repairing streets in 1871, under a contract made by TWEED. The defense was that the amount being over $1,000, there should have been advertisements for bids, and the Court held it to be good, notwithstanding the contract had been divided into small items of about $500 each, in order to evade the law. This was one of the favorite methods of the Ring for swindling the tax-payers, and it is satisfactory to find that the trick can no longer be used for that purpose. Whether there was any fraud in the particular contract upon which this suit was brought, does not appear, nor was that question essential. It did plainly appear that the law had not been observed in awarding the contract, and Judge VAN BRUNT is entitled to the thanks of the community for rejecting the claim.

There are few lovers of dogs in this City who have not heard of "BUTLER, of Peck slip," a man whose love of dogs was only exceeded by his knowledge of their ailments and complants. Six weeks ago a gentleman took a sick dog to BUTLER to be cured, and as BUTLER was taking him home, the dog jumped up and bit him on the thumb. BUTLER was not a believer in hydrophobia, but the wound rapidly developed that fearful disease, and on Tuesday evening the poor man died after great suffering. Owners of pet dogs cannot be too strongly cautioned against over-feeding them at this time of year, or against keeping them shut up in City houses during the hot weather. The case of poor BUTLER should be a warning to all owners of dogs to exercise a reasonable amount of care in looking after their pets. On the other hand, it by no means proves that every dog which may be seen in the streets with his tongue hanging out of his mouth, because he is thirsty, is mad.

We have much pleasure in recording the fact that the firm of FISK & HATCH has issued a circular announcing that it is prepared to pay its creditors in full, with interest. This highly respectable firm suffered in the panic of last year, through no fault of its own, and it is a most satisfactory sign of the improved state of business that it is now able to meet all its obligations. The enterprise and honor of the house will commend it favorably to all its old patrons, and we hope to many new ones.

Yesterday the Pope was congratulated on the attainment of the twenty-eighth anniversary of his accession. It may be presumed that PIUS IX. has ceased to make mental comparisons between the closing and opening portions of his Pontificate. But to outward observation the contrast is one of the most striking in contemporary history. From the enthusiastic Italian liberal who, amid the plaudits of the Roman people, set about reforming the States of the Church in June, 1846, to the querulous old man launching his turgid denunciations against the progress of modern freedom in June, 1874, there is a change more complete than has come over the character of any living ruler. The Pope persists in considering himself a prisoner in the city that, twenty-eight years ago, could hardly find adequate expression for its delight at having such a master. In this fact itself there is a cycle of history sufficiently marvelous for one generation.

CONGRESS YESTERDAY.

When the "Little Tariff bill" came up in the Senate yesterday, the Finance Committee recommended that the provision taxing the sales of securities and gold—in other words taxing the Gold and Stock Exchanges—should be struck out, and we suppose that there is no doubt that this will be done. The committee recommend several other important changes. They reduce the proposed duty on still wines from 50 cents a gallon to 40 cents, and from $2 a case, in bottles, to $1 60, and they strike out the duty on hops. Both of these amendments are decidedly in the interest of the revenue, and so far as they have any bearing on the practice of temperance, they are favorable to it. The general object of the committee has been to confine the bill to such provisions as would excite no considerable opposition, and the probability is that it will pass.

The amendment to the Post Office Appropriation bill, which provides for a partial, and, if we may say so, a sneaking restoration of the franking privilege, was adopted in the Senate by a vote of 33 to 24—not a heavy vote. The names of best-known Senators are found among the negatives, and Senators SHERMAN, THURMAN, and BAYARD are the only really respectable names on the other side. A proposition to definitely restore the franking privilege was voted down. The amendment to the same bill, which changes the rates of postage on newspapers and periodicals, was modified so as to go into operation only after Jan. 1, 1875. With these amendments the bill was passed by the Senate, but will ultimately be submitted to the tender mercies of a Conference Committee.

The bill for the appointment of an International Commission to lay down ocean courses for steam vessels was passed by the Senate. It is a bill of great interest to the whole country, but especially to this City, where it originated. Its success so far has been largely due to its earnest advocacy by the New-York Chamber of Commerce.

In the House, on motion of Gen. WOODFORD, of this State, the rules were suspended, and a resolution was agreed to, authorizing the President "to negotiate with all civilized Powers for the establishment of an international law by which all matters in dispute between nations may be settled by arbitration without recourse to war." It is not Gen. WOODFORD'S fault that this high-sounding resolution is rendered ridiculous by the recent action of the House on the Geneva Award bill, for he did all he could to prevent that. But the fact remains. Disputes between this country and any other are pretty sure to arise from claims involving pecuniary damages. The House has put it into the form of law that when money is paid to the United States to satisfy such claims, it shall not be used for that purpose, but shall be distributed as we may choose, even to satisfy claims ruled out in the arbitration, if they happen to be backed by a rich and liberal lobby. It will be of little use to "resolve" and "negotiate" in favor of arbitration, when we show ourselves unwilling to abide honestly by its results.

A large vote was given in the House to the bill abolishing the present Government of the District of Columbia. Every one, of whatever party, is sick and ashamed of that experiment, and the bill, under the skillful management of Mr. BASS, of this State, received 216 votes to 22 against it. A provisional Government is established, consisting of a Board of Commissioners, to be appointed by the President, and to assume the duties of the Governor and the Board of Public Works; an engineer officer of the army to perform the duties of the Chief Engineer of the present board, and two officers of the Treasury to audit and arrange the accounts of the Government, which are in a state of shocking confusion. The bill also provides for a tax to meet necessary expenditures, and authorizes a joint commission of the two Houses of Congress to devise a suitable system of administration for the District. It is to be hoped that the commission will succeed in inventing some method by which the great improvement that has been made in the material condition of the National Capital can be maintained, without exposing the country to such scandals as have hitherto existed.

Nothing has been heard from the Committee of Conference on the Finance bills, and with each added day of delay the country, we are bound to say, breathes easier; for each day makes it more certain that the committee must confine itself to the proposition of some such simple measure as a redistribution of the privilege of issuing bank notes, and a limitation of the issue of greenbacks to the outstanding amount. It is not likely that more than the outstanding amount will be sought for, because it is obvious that the President will not consent to an increase; but Congress may attempt to provide against any considerable withdrawal by Secretary BRISTOW of the currency now out.

NEW LIGHTS ON LOCAL HISTORY.

A very pretty sample of the accuracy of the New-York *Herald* will be found in the following quotations from its columns of yesterday. The subject under discussion is the civil suits against the Ring:

> "Certain officers of the City Government belonging to the Democratic Party, or rather to a successful branch of the Democratic Party, were found to have been faithless to their public trusts. Their political opponents seized the opportunity to raise an outcry against every Democratic City and County official, and to brand them all, without distinction, as thieves. The Mayor was a Democrat, the Aldermen and Supervisors were Democrats, the Corporation Counsel and the District Attorney were Democrats."

It is something to have the *Herald* acknowledge that the Ring officials were, not exactly thieves, but, euphemistically speaking, "faithless to their public trusts." Its readers certainly never found any proof of that assertion in its own columns, but, by this time, the fact will probably be taken for granted. We think we have heard before something about Tammany Hall being merely a "branch"—"successful" indeed, though very rotten—of the Democratic Party. It would have been nearer the truth to call it the trunk of the party, and in 1870, when the intellectual eye of the *Herald* discerned HOFFMAN as the next President, HALL as Governor of the State, SWEENY in the State Department, BARNARD the coming Chief Justice, and Tammany Hall and the Erie Railway the highest powers in the land, we rather think the "branch" metaphor would have been reckoned inappropriate. But let that pass, as also the minor misrepresentations that the movement against the Ring was a purely political one; that every Democratic City and County official was branded as a thief, and that the whole *personnel* of the local Government was Democratic. Observe, the *Herald* is trying to make partisan capital for the Democrats, but its misstatements are so maladroit that they tell against its own friends. For to assume that the overthrow of the Ring was a purely Republican achievement, and that there was no admixture of dishonest Republicans anywhere in the local Government, is surely an excellent way to heap fresh odium on the party that not only freely participated in, but defended after the event, the robbery of the New-York Treasury. This would be a pretty accurate description of the *Herald's* own course, but it does not fairly describe the course of the New-York Democracy.

The *Herald* gets deeper into the mire, as follows:

> "The State officials, on the other hand, were Republicans, and the Republican politicians, who sought to obtain power on the 'reform' agitation, were resolved that no Democrat should have credit for bringing the offenders to justice, but that all the glory should be gathered by Republicans."

When the suits in question were commenced, the State officials were Democratic, from Gov. HOFFMAN downward. The "Republican politicians who sought to obtain power," &c., stand in this instance for the delegation from the Committee of Seventy who went to Albany to invoke the aid of the State in prosecuting the Ring officials. Of this delegation four members were Republicans and three Democrats. Instead of being resolved that "no Democrat should have credit for bringing the offenders to justice," they came away extremely well satisfied with the result of their mission when a Democratic Governor and a Democratic Attorney General agreed to intrust an eminent Democratic lawyer with the prosecution of the authors of the New-York City frauds. But, continues the *Herald*, with the same noble disregard of facts.

> "Hence the suits for the recovery of the money fraudulently taken from the County must be commenced by the Republican Attorney General in the name of the people of the State, no matter how willing the Democratic City and County officials not involved in the frauds might be to secure restitution for the people of the County."

A Democratic Attorney General began the suits, through a Democratic delegate, Mr. CHARLES O'CONOR, who took a Democrat, Mr. SAMUEL J. TILDEN, as his chief associate in these prosecutions. The Republican Attorney General was elected after the commencement of the suits, and he, unmindful of his obvious duty to see "that all the glory should be gathered by Republicans," left the conduct of these prosecutions in the hands to which they had been originally intrusted. The assumed willingness to prosecute of the "City and County officials not involved in the frauds," is an excellent joke. No sooner had the State appointed CHARLES O'CONOR as its deputy prosecutor, than HALL immediately took fright and begged the judicious and pliable O'GORMAN to begin suit at once against HALL himself, TWEED, CONNOLLY, and others, for fraud. This move was dismissed with the contempt of all honest men, in November, 1871, and it will take a better authority than the *Herald* to make it now appear anything else than the shallow trick it was. Beyond this, however, the *Herald* is able to find a deeper depth of blundering:

> "They were Democrats, and it must be made to appear that they were in league with the dishonest officials to cheat justice, although it was well known that the suits commenced in the name of the County for the recovery of the money would soon be out of the control of the officials then in power, and must be brought to trial before an honest bench."

Observe the force of the above "they." It includes HALL and O'GORMAN at least, and it is surely rather late in the day to ask us to believe that they were not "in league with the dishonest officials." In the first part of the sentence, the *Herald* assumes that they were not, and in the second concedes that they were, by stating that there could be no doubt about the honest prosecution of the County suits, since they were soon to be "out of the control of the officials then in power." The muddle of misrepresentation suggests that a certain class of people who should have long memories, should also cultivate a more ingenious style than that of the *Herald's* intellectual staff. But the muddle becomes still worse when it is remembered that instead of the County suits being "soon" out of the control of HALL and O'GORMAN, these officials had still fourteen months to serve when the suits were instituted. Instead of there being an early prospect of bringing the suits to trial before an "honest Bench," it was extremely doubtful in October, 1871, whether LEDWITH and the other Tammany nominees for judicial positions could be beaten in November, and nobody was as yet sanguine enough to dream of the successful impeachment of BARNARD, CARDOZO, and McCUNN.

Not content with this ridiculous and complicated series of falsehoods, the *Herald* goes on trying to make capital for the Democratic Party by insulting some of its most distinguished members.

> "Thus political trickery, and not the good of the people, induced the commencement of these suits in the name of the people of the State, which, after nearly three years' litigation, have ended in disaster. It is to be hoped that the faithless officials and their fellow-conspirators will not be suffered to retain possession of their plunder because of the failure of these ill-judged suits. It is to be hoped, also, that in future legal proceedings on the part of the County, lawyers will be found to act on behalf of the people who are competent to do something more than draw large fees out of the public Treasury."

We should like to hear what Mr. O'CONOR and Mr. TILDEN have to say to this. The latter may not consider the *Herald* worth eighty pages of controversial pamphlet, but he is not the man we take him for, if he does not come out with a three-column letter at the very least. And, after all, it is a little hard that two gentlemen who undertook to wipe out the stain from their party of being accomplices of TWEED, should find their patriotic devotion stigmatized so soon after the event as "political trickery." Equally hard is it to be twitted with the failure of prosecutions sustained with an amount of acumen, ability, and erudition to which THE TIMES, at least, has always borne willing testimony. But hardest of all, after refusing to take a cent for services that no corporation could have purchased under a hundred thousand dollars, is the blundering sneer about getting "lawyers who are competent to do something more than draw large fees out of the public Treasury." Surely the *Herald's* advocacy is a thing to be dreaded by political parties and public men, infinitely more than its abuse.

KEEPING UP A FARCE.

It is announced that "quite a large number of Liberal Republicans" met in Buffalo to consider the political situation, and to devise some means by which they may be enabled to pick up a few crumbs of patronage during the coming campaign. "Quite a large number" is somewhat indefinite; but, happily, we have the further statements that the conference lasted three hours, and that every person present expressed his views concerning the matter in hand. With these facts we can easily ascertain the number of persons participating in the affair. It is well known that "Liberals" always take pattern by the excellent COCHRANE, and that half an hour is but a scant allowance of time for any one of them to tell what he thinks he knows about politics. There could, therefore, have hardly been more than half a dozen individuals engaged in the unseemly and untimely work of attempting to precipitate the political conflict in New-York at this early day. Unhappily, it is not so easy to establish personal identity, for we are only furnished with the name of Mr. BURT VAN HORN, of Niagara County, as the presiding officer. The voluble COCHRANE and other noted City "Liberals" could hardly have been present, for they would not have consented to be ignored in this way. The conference is, therefore, deprived of much of its importance; but the conclusion which was reached renders it worthy of some little attention.

It was, of course, necessary that the few gentlemen who met in a hotel room should pretend that they represented somebody, and we are not surprised to find that they were fully prepared to state the condition of public sentiment in the Western and Southern tier of counties. It was the unanimous opinion that a delegated State convention should be called early, and in advance of those of the two other parties. The people were represented to be "decidedly in favor of an independent movement at the earliest practicable moment." We suspect that the reporter did not do justice to the emphasis with which this belief was expressed. It is more than likely that the several speakers sought to convince each other that the people everywhere in the State are eagerly demanding that they shall be afforded the opportunity to vote for a straight "Liberal" ticket. Only upon this assumption can we account for the passage of a resolution which is somewhat strange in its phraseology, being to the effect that it was the sense of the meeting that the "Liberal" State Committee "should call a delegated State convention in advance of those of the two political parties." The confession that the "Liberals" do not constitute a political party, but merely a band of adventurers, seeking plunder out of public affairs, was hardly to be expected.

There will be little difficulty in finding the true interpretation of this action of the so-called "Liberals." Last year they helped the Democrats, and they are now deluded into the belief that they are able to help themselves. Then they made up their ticket out of the two which had been presented by the Republicans and Democrats, and now they are convinced that they can compel one or the other of these parties to accept the nominations which they are to make, in advance of any action by either. The game which they are playing has apparently the merit of adroitness, but it is not very likely to be successful. The purpose of the "Liberals" is now pretty well known, and they cannot hope for much encouragement in their schemes from either Republicans or Democrats. They have no principles and cannot pretend to have any. If they had, they would make common cause with one or the other of the leading parties, or they would at least join hands with the Independents, who do profess to have some convictions, however absurd most of them may be. By their own action the "Liberals" in New-York have confessed themselves to be nothing better than political bushwhackers. In the City they have lately secured an important office, and it is generally believed that it was paid for with a promise to nominate HAVEMEYER for another term. The stupidity of such a performance could only be equaled by its effrontery, but in all its aspects it is in perfect harmony with the general policy of the "Liberals."

It is time this farce of "Liberalism" should come to an end. The movement began in 1872 for the purpose of helping on individual interests; it has been continued with the design of serving no other ends. Having behind it nothing but a few bankrupted politicians, it is in no sense a party. These men apparently think that everybody is greatly afraid of them, but they will soon have occasion to be convinced that they are mistaken. There is no reason to fear any movement in American politics which is not based upon principles. So far as the Republicans are concerned, we are satisfied that at the proper time they will take such action as may be demanded by the public welfare, without any reference to what the "Liberals" may think about it.

UNPLEASANT FOR BATHERS.

In order to enjoy those walks along the Staten Island and Long Island shores to which we recently referred, it will be necessary to have them patrolled more frequently by persons employed to remove whatever of an offensive character may be deposited at high tide. At present it would not be possible to walk far from any given point, close to the water's edge, without encountering the dead body of a horse, goat, dog, or cat. Just as the pedestrian begins to regret that circumstances will not permit him to procure a lot, build a house upon the shore, and keep a few small boats and a yacht, he comes suddenly upon something that induces him to promptly change his mind, and that causes a desire to make a break for the high road. Between Bay Ridge and Fort Hamilton the beauty of the scenery will hardly be considered sufficient to compensate for the neglect to carry away dead animals and the foul things which, through carelessness or intention, are dropped from scows into New-York Bay. Occasionally the pedestrian reaches a line of straw mattresses that have been thrown overboard from emigrant vessels, and although these may not have a very bad odor, it is difficult to prevent a tendency to connect them with small-pox and cholera. Decayed eggs, fruit, and fish are to be found where there is nothing else of an unsightly nature. The prospect of a stroll under such conditions, it must be admitted, is not very inviting.

Some attempts have been made to free the Staten Island shores of these tidal deposits, but from the number of complaints that are heard, we should say that the man whose services have been engaged for the purpose, either has a secret power which enables him to "pull the wool" over the eyes of his paymaster, or he does not receive his money regularly. Not many days ago, one of our reporters, while conversing with a Staten Islander, elicited the information that the shore patrolman usually paid much more attention to the mattresses of emigrants than to the bodies of dead animals. Probably as the result of having once hidden his own slender purse in a mattress, this worthy came to the conclusion that others would not only do likewise, but would be forgetful enough to go away and leave their savings behind them. Intent on turning as much as he can to his own account, it appears, that he runs his knife through the canvas, and lets out the straw to be tossed by the tide. It would, of course, be better to have these mattresses removed entire, than to permit their contents to escape in this manner; but rather than have them remain at full length, or twisted up between stones, upon the beach, almost any way of getting rid of them would be preferred. Between Fort Hamilton and Bath, and thence along shore to Coney Island, the amount of objectionable matter partly embedded in the sand, is always great enough to be exceedingly unpleasant. When the tide is pretty high at Bath, dead animals, slaughter-house refuse, and decayed fish and vegetables collect so rapidly that a person who would bathe at such a time must have a strong stomach. When the tide is out, if not removed by the hotel keepers, in their own interest, the accumulation would very soon destroy the reputation of the place. At Coney Island, there is a larger extent of beach to be watched, and unless the saloon-keepers show a good deal of activity, they fail in the effort to keep the line clear.

The contractors for removing dead animals from New-York and Brooklyn are blamed for disfiguring the shores in the way described. Thus far, if any attempts have been made to punish them, they have not proved successful. This fact, however, has really nothing to do with the neglect which causes pestilence-breeding refuse to remain for days festering in the sun. Those who are responsible for it, to say the least, have much to answer for. It would cost very little to keep the shores free from nuisances of all kinds, and if the work cannot be effectually done in any other way, it would richly repay the owners of villas to club together and hire a boatman to do it at their expense.

We have received Trow's New-York City Directory for 1874-5, being the eighty eighth volume of this very useful publication. The number of names contained in it has risen to 229,503, which is more than thirteen hundred above the number in the volume preceding. The increase is partly due to the addition of the two new wards in Westchester County, and would probably have been greater except for the panic of last year. There are two good maps, one of the City and another of the Twenty-third and Twenty-fourth Wards. The work is issued to the public to-day.

POVERTY IN THE SOUTH-WEST.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

In charitable contributions, where the object was demonstrably worthy, New-York City has not been wont to hold out a grudging hand. Many persons wonder why, in the calamitous inundations of the South-west, so little, comparatively speaking, has been sent from our City in aid of the suffering men, women, and children of Louisiana and Mississippi. I have been often told, in reply to this question, that the South made good crops of sugar and cotton last year, and that there must, consequently, be a great deal of money in that section.

The first part of the statement is true. The mistake lies in supposing that the money for which the crops were sold is in possession of the planters. To the pork-packer, the manufacturer of fertilizers, the grain-grower, and to the factor, who received rates of interest for money lent, (for plantation outlays of necessity,) varying from fifteen to fifty per cent., all, or nearly all, the profits have gone. It takes but little knowledge to see that all these recipients are of the Northern, North-western, or Eastern States.

As I personally know, from several months spent in the South during the period of overflow, the people of the valley who have suffered are miserably poor. In some districts the poverty is heart-sickening. Planters have not only lost their growing crops, but the whole of their fences, stock, poultry, and seed, whether of sugar-cane, or of cotton. The hosts of widows and orphans are surely deserving of more consideration than they have received. Until the new crop of corn shall have ripened, they can only hope for bread such as charity may cast on those waters which have wrought their ruin.

In a letter just received the writer, a prominent New-Orleans physician, says: "Business here is prostrated, and the people impoverished beyond conception. I must thank you in the name of the poor people for the money sent. I spent it in groceries and calico for helpless orphan children, who had been completely drowned out by the overflow. I placed it where I was sure it would do the most good. My own place was so completely submerged that I was forced to take away my mules and cattle; my fences were washed away, and I lost even my seed-cane. Thus were swept off all my little economies since the close of the war. And yet I do not complain; there are so many much more hurt than I."

To any one disposed to extend relief to helpless women and children, there is an opportunity now afforded. Donors may rest assured that any contributions they may make will go to the relief of worthy recipients. Should any particular class be designated, the giver's wish shall be faithfully carried out.

Very respectfully your obedient servant,
JOHN T. METCALFE.

No. 18 West Thirtieth street, Wednesday, June 17, 1874.

ANNIVERSARY OF THE BATTLE OF BUNKER HILL.

BOSTON, June 17.—The Bunker Hill Monument Association held their annual meeting to-day. The President, George W. Warren, in his annual report, said it had been thought best not to make any extended celebration this anniversary. Next year would be an occasion of more moment and importance. Hon. Carl Schurz and George W. Curtis were made honorary members. It was voted that Robert C. Winthrop be invited to deliver the oration at the centennial anniversary of the battle of Bunker Hill on June 17, 1875, and that the Executive Committee be directed to make arrangements to have this occasion celebrated in a proper manner. Notwithstanding the unpleasant weather, the usual local observances in Charlestown were carried out, the principal of which was a military parade, in which all the companies participated. In addition to the celebration at Charlestown, the towns of Barre and Ludlow will celebrate the centennial anniversary. The soldiers' monument at Braintree will be dedicated, and the day will be appropriately recognized in other places.

SENATOR LEWIS ON CIVIL RIGHTS.

United States Senator John F. Lewis, of Virginia, a Republican, has written a letter, in reply to one from a colored man in that State, in which he says: "It is known to every intelligent person that the white people have a large and increasing majority in Virginia, and in point of education and wealth are very far in advance of the colored population. It is also known that there is an inveterate prejudice entertained by a very large majority of the citizens against mixed schools. It is equally well known the school fund has been fairly and impartially distributed, or, more correctly speaking, that the colored schools have been liberally cared for. Make it a penal offense to refuse to have universal schools, and the Constitution and the laws will be changed, and the Legislature will refuse to appropriate money for the common schools. Take care that in grasping at the shadow you do not lose the substance."

DEATH OF AN EXPENSIVE HEIFER.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., June 17.—Duchess of Oneida, a two-year-old heifer purchased by W. J. Alexander at the New-York Mills sale last Fall for $19,000, died on the Alexander Farm, Woodford County of pneumonia.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

THE INVESTIGATING COMMITTEE'S BILL PASSED BY THE HOUSE.

A LONG PARLIAMENTARY STRUGGLE ENDING IN A TRIUMPH FOR THE COMMITTEE.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 17.—The House considered and reported the bill of the District Investigating Committee, and, after a three-hours' debate and an exhausting parliamentary contest, the report was adopted and the bill passed by a very large majority, the vote standing, 216 yeas to 22 nays. This vote shows the exceeding confidence which the House have reposed in the fairness, integrity, and thoroughness of the Investigating Committee, and also discloses the advantage of a unanimous report. There was a very great struggle to induce the committee to consent that new amendments should be offered, but as it was soon apparent that a very great number of amendments would be offered, sufficient, doubtless to have killed the bill, Mr. Bass, of New-York, resolutely declined to yield, and successfully carried the bill through without amendment. In view of the great pressure brought to bear upon him by some of the oldest and most skillful parliamentarians of the House, Mr. Bass' success in parliamentary management was remarkable. The general drift of the amendments which it was proposed to offer was that personal property and railroad corporations in the District should be taxed, and that the percentage of the tax proposed in the bill shall be materially reduced. At present personal property and the railroads in the District, other than the street railroads, are exempt from taxation by local law. The committee were unanimously of the opinion that so radical a revolution in the tax system and in the tax machinery as would result from the imposition of a tax upon personal property and upon railroad property should not be made in this merely temporary bill, but should be left to the joint committee of the two Houses, to be incorporated in the permanent system of government which they are instructed to prepare. Mr. Chipman, the delegate of the District, seemed especially anxious that the whole subject should be opened for debate, and declared that the Government should not be destroyed and bound hand and foot without opportunity of discussion and amendment. Mr. Wilson, Chairman, of the committee, who had the bill in charge, very carefully explained the bill in a speech of an hour. The few criticisms which he made were quite severe upon the administration of the Board of Public Works, but in the main he confined himself to the substantial features of the published report, and to expositions of the provisions of the bill. In response to Mr. Niblack, who inquired whether the officers of the board who have violated the law and bankrupted the District were censured by the committee, Mr. Wilson replied that it was not the province of the committee to recommend the censure of any one. Mr. Bass explained the financial features of the bill, and showed why so large a tax as three per cent. was required. He refuted the arguments made by the local press that the bill would impose a double tax upon the District in twelve months, by showing that the only cases in which a double tax will of necessity be paid will be in the case of those persons who have been delinquent in the payment of taxes since last year, and showed that the double burden would of necessity be borne only by those who had hoped to rid themselves of any burden whatever.

THE SAFE BURGLARY INVESTIGATION STILL IN PROGRESS.

WASHINGTON, June 17.—The joint committee investigating the affairs of the District of Columbia met this afternoon to inquire further into the safe burglary case, Col. Whitley and his assistant Nettleship having been summoned to be examined concerning the recent statements of Michael Hayes affecting their official conduct in connection with that transaction.

AMUSEMENTS.

SIGNOR SALVINI'S REPRESENTATIONS.

Signor Salvini last evening appeared in "Saul," a tragedy in five acts, by Vittorio Alfieri, which was then given for the first time in this country. Alfieri's work is of the utmost simplicity in its construction, and its language is as beautiful as its story is simple. *Saul* is shown after the "evil spirit of God has come upon him," and the influence of this spirit is illustrated by the woes of the monarch whose ravings, alternating with rare moments of self-possession, remind one strongly of "King Lear." It must be acknowledged that dramatic works of this kind are a little tedious. A few of Signor Salvini's plays are wearisome, because a single incident, repeated again and again, with slight variations, is presented for three consecutive hours, and in the proceedings of two acts in "Saul," the actor really stands forth in as strong a light as the whole tragedy sheds upon him. This defect in the dramatic composition does not, however, lessen the impressiveness of Signor Salvini's performance. The span of his wonderful transitions; the matchless dignity of his delivery when the monarch for an instant recovers his self-consciousness; the tremendous force of his contempt; and the perfect realism which mantles his every effort, were once more prominent traits of the effort. In his striving after absolute naturalness, indeed, Signor Salvini is occasionally close upon what we might call a triviality of manner, not quite in keeping with the general idea of tragedy. Instances of this tendency occurred last night, we fancied, in the second act, but they only served to make the contrasts between the wanderings of the sorrow-stricken sovereign and his overwhelming denunciations of the prophet Samuel, (whom he beholds, in a dream, anointing *David*,) more awful in their depth and intensity. Loud applause broke in upon this part of the representation, and equally spontaneous tributes of admiration were elicited by the explosion of *Saul's* wrath against *David* at the close of the third act; by the withering sarcasm of the interview with *Achimelech* in the fourth—not forgetting the touch of fiendish cruelty with which the priest is commended to a slow and painful death—and by the spectacle offered by the maddened king in the last act. Like several of Signor Salvini's recitals, that of "Saul" was more fitted to make the audience marvel at the magnificent gifts and the art of the actor—his skill as a comedian, we may add, being asserted with unusual eloquence by his personation of *Saul*, richer in detail than many better known pictures he has supplied—than to afford genuine pleasure. Portions of the performance were literally harrowing.—Signor Salvini appears but one night more. At Booth's, to-morrow, he is to act in one of his grandest plays and to fill one of his grandest rôles. "Samson" will then be interpreted.

UNVEILING A STATUE.

FISHERVILLE, N. H., June 17.—The ceremonies of unveiling the fine granite statue commemorating the killing of ten Indians March 31, 1797, by Mrs. Hannah Duston, who had been captured by them at Haverhill, Mass., and her wonderful escape from the savages with her nurse and a white boy, were observed here to-day on the picturesque island at the junction of the Contoocook with the Merrimack River. It was here where the Indians brought their captives. The monument and statue cost $6,000, and it, with the island, is given to the State of New-Hampshire. The Northern Railroad crosses the island by two bridges. The rain of last night cleared off before noon, and the day was fine. Some two or three thousand people were present, including Gov. Weston and Council. The exercises were varied by music, prayer, and an historical address and poem, by Robert B. Caverly, of Lowell; sentiments and speeches by prominent gentlemen, singing by the Fisherville and Concord Choral societies, a collation, &c.

NOTES FROM ENGLAND.

MR. DISRAELI'S TROUBLES—PARLIAMENTARY DOINGS—THE QUEEN.

From Our Own Correspondent.

LONDON, Saturday, June 6, 1874.

Mr. Disraeli has already discovered that his bed is not to be altogether of roses, and that he cannot repose as soundly on the support of the publican as on a pillow of hops. It has been generally expected that the Parliamentary session would be very short, and that extremely little would be done; but toward 2 o'clock on Friday morning, Mr. Disraeli, waking up out of a quiet doze, startled the House of Commons by remarking that this was a delusion, and that the prospect was that the session would be a long one, and that much would be done. In a few days, he added, there would be seven measures of first-rate importance before them. The fact is that the Government has been making very little progress with its measures, and finds that not only opposition from the Liberals, but discontent on its own side, is growing up in its path. A section of Mr. Disraeli's followers has to be educated as to the difference between being in and out of office. For instance, when Mr. Disraeli was in opposition, he denounced the Gladstone Government for truckling to the priesthood in the administration of Irish affairs. But now that Mr. Disraeli is at the head of a Ministry, he finds that it is not so easy to get on without the aid of Cardinal Cullen. If he chose to put his foot down he could, no doubt, afford to be independent of the Irish vote, but for the present he wants to try what a little coaxing will do. A certain parish priest in Ireland, named Father O'Keeffe, has made himself conspicuous by quarreling with the great Cardinal, who thought to extinguish him by a suspension. This, however, only supplied the Father with the notoriety in which, apparently, he delights, and gave him an opportunity of bringing his grievances before the British Parliament. As parish priest he was *ex-officio* manager of the national schools in his parish, and the question was whether the Irish Board of Education was justified in following suit to the Cardinal, and removing the schools from Father O'Keeffe's charge. I need not trouble you with the details of a tedious controversy. It is enough to say that Mr. O'Keeffe seems to be one of those independent, self-willed persons who are held in abhorrence by the Roman Catholic hierarchy, and that the Cardinal does not appear to have been very scrupulous as to the means he took in order to get rid of a subordinate who did not believe in the infallibility of Cardinals. On the other hand, however, the Cardinal was only doing what he seems to have had authority to do under the rules of his Church, and the Education Board has at least a good pretext for refusing to accept an *ex-officio* manager who had been suspended from office. At the same time it is clear that, under this system, the schools are practically in the hands of the Cardinal, who represents the extreme wing of Ultramontane Catholicism, and there is equally little doubt that the Education Board, a majority of which is Roman Catholic, selected by the great man himself, is merely his servant. While Mr. Gladstone was in office a good many of his party wished to use this question as a means of proclaiming their independence of the priesthood, but the matter was put off. An attack on the Education Board has now, however, come from the Liberal side, and there was a general disposition on the Conservative benches to favor the attack. But Mr. Disraeli did not feel equal to the effort, and the word was passed that the motion must be defeated. This result was secured, but not without open signs of mutiny on the Conservative side.

THE LAW ON PUBLIC HOUSES.

The new law as to public houses is also a sore embarrassment to the Ministry. There can be no doubt that they were carried into office in a great degree as the champions of the publicans, who resented the restrictions on their business which had been imposed by the late Government, and it was probably from a sense of gratitude that the new Home Secretary undertook to relax the hours of closing. He had no sooner, however, introduced his bill than he found, or fancied, that public opinion was rather the other way. During the Whitsuntide holidays the Government has been meditating on the subject, and on Thursday poor Mr. Cross had to explain to the House that the bill which he had introduced as a measure of relaxation was to be converted into a measure of restriction. In London the closing hour at night is to be 12 o'clock, in lieu of 12:30, but the special licenses to certain houses to remain open later are to be withdrawn; and in the country the hours are to be shortened. If the Government had simply left things as they were, nobody could have blamed it, but if it perseveres in extending the policy which its members formerly denounced, it will certainly suffer for it. The Cabinet is itself divided on the question, and last night the First Lord of the Admiralty took part in debate against the Home Secretary—an unheard of thing when a Government bill is in question. There is no subject on which the British public is so sensitive as on the freedom of drinking; and unless the Government gives way it will probably be beaten. Some curious views as to the virtues of beer were propounded in the course of last night's debate. Lord Chief Justice Hamilton quoted evidence to show that Americans suffered from drinking spirits instead of beer. Mr. Fothergill, a large iron-master, advocated drinking beer in the morning, as it then did little harm. Beer was, in his opinion, the vilest stuff that could be imagined; yet beer-drinking was by no means so prejudicial as was supposed. Mr. Fielden, a Conservative, declared that if it had been known that the Government would take this course, they would never have been allowed to become a Government. If further restrictions were to be imposed on the social habits of the people, he should like to see a beginning made at the top, and not at the bottom. Let them take in hand the clubs and the drinking arrangements of the House of Commons as well as the public-houses.

THE QUEEN IN THE HIGHLANDS.

It is said that the Queen was with difficulty persuaded not to run off to Balmoral in the midst of the Czar's visit, and that the Premier had to suggest that a little delay would be decorous. Her Majesty is now in the midst of her faithful Highlanders, and enjoying herself in her own way. As soon as she got to Balmoral, she attended the funeral of one of her ghillies, going to the house of the deceased, and laying a wreath of flowers on the coffin at the end of the service. A few nights after there was a servants' ball at the Castle, and in the course of the evening the Queen not only countenanced the proceedings by her presence, but took part in the dancing. She danced with Prince Albert Victor and Prince George, sons of the Prince of Wales, and afterward took part in a reel with John Brown, her attendant, and Donald Stewart game-keeper. It is easy to understand what a relief this must have been after the severe etiquette of an imperial reception. This is the first time that the Queen has danced since the death of the Prince Consort. I leave you to imagine the state of mind of society on the arrival of this interesting piece of news, and all the comments, rumors, and conjectures to which it has given rise. Except at Balmoral her Majesty never attends a ball or even a concert.

J. H. F.

A NEW COASTWISE STEAMER.

The Eleanora, a new steamer of 1,000 tons burden, is shortly to be placed on the line of the Maine Steam-ship Company between this port and Portland. The new vessel, which is in all respect first-class, is 180 feet long, and contains accommodations for eighty passengers. This makes the third boat of this company plying coastwise from New-York.

GENERAL NOTES.

California has a Compulsory Education law, which will go into effect July 1.

A man in Needham, Mass., who was bitten by a neighbor's dog, is suing its owner for $10,000 damages.

Virginians are expecting President Grant to spend some time at the White Sulphur Springs after Congress adjourns.

The American Philological Society will hold its next session in Hartford, commencing Tuesday, July 14, and continuing three days.

The Maine Republican State Convention is to be held in Augusta to-day. If precedent is followed, Gov. Dingley will be nominated for re-election.

Mrs. Fry, widow of the commander of the Virginius, has established a wood-yard in New-Orleans by means of the money contributed to her.

A Richmond man, wishing to send a suit of clothes to Montana, and finding that it would cost $18 by express, forwarded them by mail at an expense of $4 80.

Republican papers in Kentucky contend that Capt. Thomas C. Jones, the Democratic candidate for Clerk of the State Court of Appeals is ineligible, having accepted a challenge to fight a duel in 1869.

Dr. E. Ransom has withdrawn as an independent Republican candidate for Congress in the First District of North Carolina, leaving a clear field for Clinton L. Cobb as against the Democratic nominee.

Col. Mosby and Ex-State Senator Bixey, of Virginia, got discussing politics at Salem, Fauquier County, that State, a few days ago, and at length emphasized matters by a liberal use of a cane and a carriage-whip. They were separated by friends.

E. D. Palmer, the sculptor, has completed the statue of Chancellor Robert R. Livingston, to be placed by the State in the National Capitol, and it has been sent to the founder in Paris to be cast in bronze. The figure is 6 feet 4 inches in height, exclusive of the base.

The Maine Democrats will hold their convention in Portland next Tuesday. Hon Joseph Titcomb, last year's defeated candidate, will probably be again nominated, although there has been a suggestion thrown out in the State that the Democrats take up Hon Joseph H. Williams as a citizen's candidate.

The Peninsula Peach-growers' Association held its June meeting in Dover, Del., on Tuesday, and listened to the customary doleful stories about the probable failure of the crop. The probable shipments were stated by some at 442,000 baskets by rail and 160,000 baskets by water. Others thought the aggregate would be 1,000,000 baskets.

Strong opposition is expressed at Saratoga against the running of Sunday trains, and in reply to remonstrances President Dickson, of the Rensselaer and Saratoga Railroad, says that excursion trains shall not hereafter be run on that day. The Sunday morning train, however, will be continued, to accommodate those business men who, having their families at Saratoga, leave this City by the Saturday night boats.

The Commissioners of Georgetown County, S. C., have been indicted by the Grand Jury for irregularities, malfeasance, and defalcation in office, set forth in ten different specifications, and the County Clerk for irregularities in his office and as being utterly unfit and incompetent to discharge his duties. The Grand Jury consisted of three white and fifteen colored men, and of the indicted men two are white and two black.

The Democrats of Albany are in a quarrel, and the truth is coming out. For example, the *Argus* says: "We speak advisedly when we assert that since 1869 there has existed in this city a secret and oath-bound organization for the purpose of controlling the Democratic Party." Further: "Having control of the organization, there was not to be an Inspector of Elections who was not a member of the oath-bound league. No matter what the votes cast might determine, the Inspectors were instructed by the leaders to return as elected such men as they might select." Moreover: "And infamy and wickedness went even to the lowest depths of crime, when plans were laid to put men out of the way who might obstruct the complete prosecution of the designs of these daring and unscrupulous plotters!"

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

THE DOGS.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

I am glad to see that you come to the aid of Recorder Hackett and Mr. Bergh, to stop the slaughter of the poor dogs. If the law would only authorize the strangling of the captors of the dogs the City would be benefited to an extent that would give property and life more security than the dogs ever endangered. Besides an encouragement to cruelty, the Morris ordinance offers a premium to dishonesty in the stealing of the finer dogs, which the pound-master also encourages in the hope of their being redeemed at $3 per head.

Strangle the biped curs that prowl around the City day and night, and we then commence in the right direction.

Respectfully, A FRIEND.

NEW-YORK, Wednesday, June 17, 1874.

IS IT OVER?

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

Do you not think that the people of New-York should rise in a body, and return thanks to the Board of Health, for I presume we are indebted to their influence for an abatement of a nuisance which we have suffered from for several years. I allude to the practice at the Gas-house of emptying their refuse stuff into the East River, which, I understand, is the cause of the dreadful stench from which we have suffered whenever the wind is from the east. Often and often of a hot night I have shut up all my windows, and gone to bed almost suffocated, rather than breathe the dreadful atmosphere. I firmly believe this has been one great cause why the people flock to the country the moment the hot weather commences. The common remark is "the City smells so bad." The wind has been from the east for the last three days, and I have smelled nothing of the horrible odor, and hope and trust I never shall again. I, for one, shall remain at home if we have no more trouble of this kind, in preference to crowding myself into a room 9 by 12, with a hard bed, and anything but tender meat at my meals. Yours truly, C. K. P., Madison avenue.

NEW-YORK, Tuesday, June 16, 1874.

BASE-BALL.

BOSTONS VS. ATHLETICS.

In a game at Boston yesterday between the Bostons and Athletics the former were victorious by a score of 12 to 8. The game was called at the end of the sixth inning on account of rain.

CHICAGO VS. PHILADELPHIA.

The following is the score of the game played in Philadelphia yesterday between the Chicago and Philadelphia Clubs:

	1st.	2d.	3d.	4th.	5th.	6th.	7th.	8th.	9th.	
Chicago	1	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	— 6
Philadelphia	1	0	0	4	3	2	2	2	1	—15

To-day the Chicagos will play the Mutuals and on Saturday the Atlantics, both games to take place on the Union grounds.

ARRIVALS AT THE HOTELS.

Ex-Gov. W. B. Lawrence, of Rhode Island, is at the Albemarle Hotel.

Congressman P. M. B. Young, of Georgia, is at the Hotel Brunswick.

Baron Geymuller, of Austria, is at the Hoffman House.

Ex-Gov. J. D. Cox, of Ohio, and Ex-Gov. J. B. Page, of Vermont, are at the Windsor Hotel.

Gov. Adelbert Ames, of Mississippi, and Major Isaac Doughty, of the United States Marine Corps, are at the Astor House.

Lieut. Gov. John C. Robinson, of Binghamton, and Hon. DeWitt C. Littlejohn, of Oswego, N. Y., are at the Metropolitan Hotel.

Gen. John C. Breckinridge, of Kentucky; Hon. Robert H. Pruyn of Albany; Dr. E. Eldridge, of Elmira; Gen. H. T. Reid, of Iowa, and Major Fraser, of the British Army, are at the Fifth Avenue Hotel.

RESUSCITATION OF DROWNED PERSONS.

The Massachusetts Humane Society has issued a card with these directions for restoring persons apparently drowned:

Convey the body to the nearest house, with head raised. Strip and rub dry. Wrap in blankets. Inflate the lungs by closing the nostrils with thumb and finger and blowing into the mouth forcibly, and then pressing with hand on the chest. Again blow in the mouth and press on the chest, and so on for ten minutes, or until he breathes. Keep the body warm, extremities also. Continue rubbing—do not give up so long as there is any chance of success.

AQUATIC SPORTS.

THE SCHUYLKILL NAVY REGATTA.

OPENING OF THE SERIES OF CONTESTS—THREE RACES ROWED—A WINDY DAY AND ROUGH WATER.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, June 17.—The Schuylkill Navy Regatta, open to all amateur oarsmen, was commenced this afternoon, but, as usual, the weather clerk appeared to be at variance with the Regatta Committee, as the day selected proved too breezy to admit of good shell-racing and fast time. The attendance of spectators was not as large as was anticipated, and the enthusiasm of the competitors seemed also to lack the customary warmth. The course was from a stake-boat anchored a little below the falls bridge to Rockland Landing, one and a half miles.

All the races were rowed in heats. The first trial heat of the "fours" was called at 2:45 P. M., the crews being composed as follows:

Pennsylvania Barge Club, Philadelphia—Oscar T. West, bow; Max Schmitt, Frank Henderson, John Lavens, Jr., stroke.

Crescent Boat Club, Philadelphia—W. Barnhurst, bow; E. A. Thompson, C. D. Tatman, A. Spering, stroke.

Friendship Boat Club, New-York—Thomas Allen, bow; William Curley, James McCartney, M. Robinson, stroke.

The Pennsylvania crew were the first to come to the starting point, followed a moment after by the Friendships, the Crescents causing a delay of several minutes. At the word "go" the Friendships dashed off with a vigorous stroke, and within 100 yards crossed the Pennsylvanias' bow, increasing their lead rapidly to a length and more, the Crescents as far astern of the Pennsylvania. The Philadelphia boats, however, better posted on the river, hugged the west bank closely, and kept a better course, but notwithstanding the Friendship's erratic steering, they maintained their advantage until within a half mile of the finish, when there came a repetition of the stupidity of last year's steering in the Friendship boat, and they crossed the Pennsylvania's bow, fouling them beyond the possibility of an excuse. Yet despite the interference of their leaders, the Pennsylvanias nerved themselves for a final effort, and in turn went to the front with a gallant dash, winning the first heat of the "fours" amid loud cheering, in 10:16:30, the Friendships' time being 10:18, the Crescents', 10:46. It is needless to add that the Philadelphia clubs, who were strongly represented on the river, were highly elated over their victory.

The second heat of the "fours" was called at 3:20, the crews competing being as follows:

Argonauta Rowing Association, Bergen Point, N. J.—Ed. Smith, bow; Benj. Stephenson, Walter Man, Fred. Eldred, stroke.

Vesper Boat Club, Philadelphia.—R. C. M. Mingus, bow: J. B. Mingus, F. B. Evans, H. McMillan, stroke.

The contestants in the second heat of the fours had more favorable weather, the wind having decreased in violence and the water being smoother than during the previous race. At 3:45 they got the word, and the Argonautas at once went away with a length in advance, the Vespers crossing behind them and running into the embankment heavily. The Argonautas had the race well in hand, and, settling down to a steady working stroke, maintained their position in advance, the Vespers doing more superlatively bad steering, but rowing manfully when they got their bow pointing the right way. Within a quarter of a mile of the finish the crews encountered a strong head wind, and the Vespers made a heroic effort to close the gap between themselves and their leaders, but it was of no avail, as the Argonautas crossed the line the winners, in 9:47:15; the Vespers' time 10:00.

The next event was the first trial heat of the pair-oared shells, the following crews crossing the line at 4:15:

Gramercy Boat Club, New-York.—William H. Gannon, bow; Henry M. Howell, stroke.

Nassau Boat Club, New-York.—Frank G. Brown, bow; John A. Walker, stroke.

Undine Barge Club, Philadelphia.—I. N. De Haven, bow; A. B. Frost, stroke.

When the Gramercy boat came to the starting point the crew were notified that they could only row under protest. At the word the Nassaus got away with a slight lead, the Undine following the Gramercy, who rowed without a rudder, falling behind fast, Gannon rowing Howell ashore. After half the distance had been traversed the race was confined to the Nassau and Undine boats, the former keeping a splendid course, with a lead of a length, which they continued to increase, winning the heat in 10:40:30; Undine, 10:51:30.

The Friendship and Philadelphia Boat Clubs withdrew their pair-oared entries; consequently the first heat of the pairs constituted a race. At a little after 5 P. M. the first heat of the singles was called, William G. Thomas, John Lavens, and F. M. Hartley, all of the Pennsylvania Club, responding. A few minutes after they got a neat send-off, Thomas getting a good grip of the water, going to the front, Lavens and Hartley following a length behind; but within an eighth of a mile, Lavens, with a long, telling stroke, came alongside and passed, Hartley jogging along behind. This order continued to the end, Lavens winning the heat in 11:47:30, Thomas' time being 12:24, Hartley withdrawing within a rod of the finish.

The second trial heat of the singles was started at 5:50 P. M., T. R. Keaton, Harlem Rowing Club, New-York, and F. Pleasanton, Bachelor Club, Philadelphia, being the only competitors, Max Schmitt, of the Pennsylvania, having withdrawn. They got away evenly, and both rowed very finely. Keaton, within 150 yards, showed clear water between the stern of his shell and his opponent's bow, the latter crossing behind him. Keaton continued well in advance, winning his heat in 12:06, Pleasanton's time being 12:31. J. B. Seibert, of the Quaker City Club, withdrew. Ed. Smith, Argonauta Boat Club, rowed over the course alone for the third trial heat. Smith's time, 11:49¾.

The final heats of the fours and singles and the double scull race come off to-morrow, Thursday, commencing at 4 o'clock.

YACHTING.

REGATTA OF THE WILLIAMSBURG YACHT CLUB—A CAPITAL RACE—FIVE YACHTS CAPSIZED.

The fourth annual regatta of the Williamsburg Yacht Club was held yesterday, and proved a source of singular excitement to the old "burg" town, as it was witnessed from vessels and from shore by almost as many spectators as the regattas of the New-York or Brooklyn Clubs. There were twenty yachts, all sloop rigged, entered for the race, and the whole number started, though it is a question of some doubt as to exactly how many got back last night, for no less than five of the vessels were capsized by flaws of wind at various periods in the race. The following were the contesting vessels:

	Name.	Owner.	Measurement. Feet.	Inches.
	First Class.			
1.	Melvina	A. Barker	40	4
2.	Victress	Schmidt & Martin	37	3
3.	Jeanette	Wm. H. Rexter	37	2½
	Second Class.			
4.	Eveleen Allen	Wm. Allen	34	4
5.	Kate	Barney Silverman	33	6
6.	Sorceress	Clifford & Hooper	32	0
7.	M. Conway	James Conway	30	6
	Third Class.			
8.	Dolly Varden	George Sparks	26	11
9.	Stephen J. Collahan	C. Rowling	24	2
	Fourth Class.			
10.	Nettie	T. W. Reeves	28	2½
11.	Orient	Wm. Sware	28	1
	Fifth Class.			
12.	Gracie	B. F. Briggs	22	9¾
13.	Katie	A. Conklin	22	8
14.	S. M. Rogers	H. Bowden	22	7½
	Sixth Class.			
15.	Jno. N. Lanthier	A. I. Brush	21	8
16.	N. Buckbie	Jno. Doyle	21	4½
17.	Foam	J. F. Smith	21	3
18.	F. Pidgeon	S. & A. Hill	21	1¾
19.	Jno. McDonald	George Needham	19	6
20.	Rosina	Wm. H. Sharp	19	3

The steamer Wyoming was chartered by the club to accompany the racers, and was furnished with a band of music for the delectation of her 500 passengers, over one-half of whom were ladies. The course was from a stake-boat at the foot of Eagle street, Greenpoint, through Hell Gate, to and around the Stepping Stones Buoy, near City Island, and return, the total distance was about twenty-two miles. For small yachts, such as belong to this club, no more attractive course could be selected, as it affords them plenty of "sea room," and is very picturesque and diversified. The vessels got away at the start in a somewhat confused manner, owing to some misunderstanding of the signal-guns, the sixth and fifth classes being off together at 10:34 A. M. All the other vessels were started within the succeeding ten minutes, there being no material advantage gained by any vessel over her class competitors. The wind was from south-west, about as strong as the vessels could bear, and light, squally gusts, that at times fell upon them, came near bringing at least one-half the fleet to grief. The yachts ran off the wind, on the port tack, all the way up to the turning stake. The first vessel careened was the F. Pidgeon, which was thrown on her beam-ends just north of Hallett's Point, but righted herself without damage. The large sloops were carrying mainsail, jib, and topsail. The remainder of the fleet wore mainsail and jib, and two or three of them set their balloon-jibs also. The Buckbie and Pidgeon headed the whole fleet passing through Flushing Bay, making a splendid struggle, almost abreast of each other, and kept it up to the Stepping Stones. The Nettie and Orient also made a close race, the Nettie only being able to hold her position through having her balloon-jib set. The vessels rounded the buoy in the following order:

	H.	M.	S.		H.	M.	S.
Buckbie	12	07	15	Orient	12	10	35
Pidgeon	12	09	31	Rogers	12	11	17
Lanthier	12	09	35	Foam	12	11	30
Sorceress	12	10	28	Jeanette	12	14	10
Melvina	12	10	30	Dolly Varden	12	15	20
Gracie	12	10	35	Collahan	12	16	16
Nettie	12	10	35				

After rounding the buoy, the Foam went over on her port side, and filled almost immediately, and her crew scrambling up on her side were for some moments the cause of much anxiety. The sloop was finally brought alongside the Wyoming and righted, but was, of course, out of the race. The yachts ran home, beating all the way against a very stiff, and at times squally, breeze. The Victoress was capsized on her way back, opposite the north-east end of Riker's Island. The Gracie also went over about a mile south of the Stepping Stones, and the Katie met with a similar mishap in Flushing Bay. The Conway carried away her topmast, and the Sorceress lost a man overboard in Flushing Bay. He clung to the jib sheet, however, and was rescued by the crew. Her jib was carried away at the same time. She came home under three-reefed mainsail and jib topsail, all the vessels of the fleet being obliged to shorten sail. They reached the home stake-boat in the following order:

	H.	M.	S.		H.	M.	S.
Orient	2	40	00	Sorceress	3	28	05
Nettie	2	40	30	* ——	3	42	25
Melvina	2	45	55	Dolly Varden	3	44	25
Jeanette	3	01	22	Rosina	4	35	50
Buckbie	3	05	35	Collahan	4	16	20

The vessel marked with an asterisk above, capsized almost immediately after passing the stake boat, and as she had lost her racing number from her mainsail her name was not ascertained. She was said to be either the Lanthier or the McDonald. Fortunately there were no lives lost in any of the casualties which attended the regatta.

The following vessels were winners in their respective classes, Melvina, Sorceress, Dolly Varden, Orient, Rogers and Buckbie.

THE ATALANTA-YALE MATCH.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

Your correspondent "Gar," in this morning's issue, very plainly intimates that the Atalanta Boat Club are assuming an ungenerous position by insisting upon a consummation of the match now on with the Yale crew. A brief explanation of the position may change the opinion of both your correspondent and others who have not taken the trouble to thoroughly post themselves.

The match was first sought for by the Yale crew, and quite positively insisted upon, and finally accepted by the Atalantas, the latter giving the college men all they asked, both as to time and place, though at first suggesting the propriety of naming the race a day or two before the college regatta, either upon the Harlem, at Lansingburg, or Saratoga Lake, in order to give both crews a more extended period for training. As six-oared races are about out of date, the Atalantas were then obliged to undergo considerable expense in order to get a suitable boat in condition, and six of their members have for several weeks been neglecting business in order to prepare for the match. Again, the Atalantas, though entered for the Philadelphia regatta, (17th and 18th inst.,) could not well send a four there to compete, as this would have a tendency to break the practice of their six, and they have also been obliged to hold in abeyance a very important challenge from the "Argonautas," of Bergen Point, in order to give Yale the precedence.

In fact, from the very day the match was made, the Atalantas have made all other movements secondary to their engagement with Yale, and do not feel that they can in any way be blamed for insisting upon a race not of their own seeking at the outset, and which has already cost them time, money, and inconvenience, to say nothing of the disappointment at being unable to take part in the races referred to above. I. X. T.

NEW-YORK, Wednesday, June 18, 1874.

OBITUARY.

DEATH OF COL. JAMES LEE.

Col. James Lee, an old and respected merchant of this City, died at his residence on Tuesday, the 16th inst. Mr. Lee was a native of New-York, where he was born in 1796. He received his education in the Grammar School of Union College, Schenectady, and afterward went into the office of Mr. John Mason, in this City, as clerk. In 1815 he founded the house of Hattrick, Lee & Co., a firm which afterward took the name of Stewart, Lee & Co. In 1826 it was succeeded by the present firm of James Lee & Co. Mr. Lee served during the war of 1812 in the New-York Regiment. He always took a deep interest in the welfare of the country, but never held any official position. In politics he was a Democrat, and in public and private life won the esteem of a wide circle of friends belonging to both parties. He was at one time Colonel of the old Third Regiment, but resigned in 1827, after holding that post for several years. Col. Lee was mainly instrumental in procuring the erection of the Washington Monument in Union square in 1856, and in recognition of his successful efforts in this respect, he was elected an honorary member of the New-York Historical Society. His name has been also identified with the organization of several benevolent institutions in the City. At the time of his death he had attained his seventy-eighth year.

HON. EDWARD DICKINSON.

Hon. Edward Dickinson, of Amherst, a member of the Massachusetts House of Representatives from the Fourth Hampshire District, died suddenly at the Tremont House, Boston, on Tuesday afternoon, of apoplexy.

JUDGE RICHARD W. WALKER.

Judge Richard W. Walker, formerly Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Alabama, and a leading citizen of North Alabama, died at Huntsville, Ala., yesterday.

MAJOR STEVENSON.

Major Stevenson, Gen. Forrest's Chief Quartermaster during the war, and since Collector of Internal Revenue for North Mississippi, died on Tuesday, at Holly Springs.

THE NEW STEAM-SHIP INDIANA.

The President and Directors of the American Line of steamers, plying between Philadelphia and Liverpool, held a reception on board the new steam-ship Indiana, in the Erie Basin, yesterday afternoon. At 4 P. M. the party embarked on the steam-boat George Birkbeck at Pier No. 1 North River, and proceeded to the Erie Basin, where they were met by Capt. Sumner, Commodore of the line, who accompanied them over the vessel. After a thorough inspection of the new ship, the visitors were entertained at a dinner on board by the President, Mr. Henry D. Welch. Toasts were offered and responded to by Messrs. Wetherell, R. W. Downing, Parker, Storey, Greene, and others. The party then returned to the City, arriving at 8 P. M. The Indiana was built by Messrs. Wm. Cramp & Son, of Philadelphia. Her dimensions are: Length, 355 feet; breadth of beam, 43 feet: depth of hold, 33 feet, and tonnage 3,000, built under the rule of the London Lloyds. She is brig-rigged, fitted with compound engines, 54 and 90 by 48-inch stroke, wheels 17 feet in diameter, with a pitch of 25 feet, and is furnished with three boilers firing from either end. In addition she has 18 furnaces, with an indicated horse-power of 2,000. The cabin and steerage contain accommodations for 75 first and 700 second-class passengers. A feature in this boat is the provision of ten life-rafts, constructed with air-tight compartments, and fitted to contain provisions in case of shipwreck at sea. Ten life-boats are also provided and a large number of life-preservers distributed throughout the vessel. The saloon is 115 feet in length by 43 in width, and a marvel of elegance, the paneling being English walnut. A handsome Waters piano adorns the upper end, which is relieved by a finely-covered book-case at the lower entrance. The tables are so constructed as to be reduced to one-half the size required for dining purposes, and the seats are reversible. The state-rooms are models of convenience, and luxuriously upholstered. The following is the list of officers: Captain, George Sumner; First Officer, P. J. Hammond; Second Officer, H. Tillinghast; Third Officer, W. C. Warrington; Fourth Officer, R. Madseon; Purser, G. E. Ettling; Surgeon, H. W. Birkley; Chief Engineer, John Van Diver; Assistant Engineers, W. S. Matthews, H. Wilson, Benj. Hill, Joseph Bigley; Steward, O. N. Dodge; Stewardess, G. McKnight.

CROP PROSPECTS.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., June 17.—The crops in Southern and Western Kentucky are suffering from the long continued drought. Only very slight rains have fallen for three months, and the best advices received indicate that not more than one-third of the usual crop of tobacco will be gathered.

WEST POINT.

FAREWELL CEREMONIES YESTERDAY.

PROFESSOR WAYLAND'S ADDRESS—PROMOTIONS FROM THE SECOND AND THIRD CLASSES.

From Our Own Correspondent.

WEST POINT, N. Y., Wednesday, June 17, 1874.

This morning the promised farewell ceremonies upon the green, in connection with the first class, could not take place on account of the rain. They were performed in the chapel, and were quite as interesting and more easily understood by the spectators. By 10 o'clock, notwithstanding the fitful character of the weather, a large number of ladies surrounded the front and rear porches of the house, demanding admission. Each of the visitors feared being crowded out, and, indeed, it was very evident that all could not get into the building to see the diplomas given. But the best was done that could have been under the circumstances. At 10:30 the doors were opened, and the rush for seats began and ended in a moment, for even here the rigid discipline of West Point made civilians subservient to its irresistible laws. The front rows of the side aisles were reserved for officers, the Board of Visitors, and a few favored persons. The centre aisles belonged to the cadets, so that only half of each side aisle could be occupied by visitors. Even the choir and organ-loft were set apart for the exclusive use of the band. With military punctuality the parade was formed at the appointed hour, 10:45, and a few minutes later the band's marching time was heard, and Dr. Forsyth, Chaplain, took his seat in the pulpit. The first filed into the front seats in the centre; the main body of the cadets in full uniform followed; the band took up its position as before indicated, and Superintendent Ruger, side by side with the Chairman of the Board of Visitors, walked from the door to the dais inside the chancel through the church. The band played "Hail, Columbia," and when it stopped Superintendent Ruger introduced Prof. Wayland, of Yale College, who delivered the following address:

PROF. WAYLAND'S ADDRESS.

GENTLEMEN OF THE GRADUATING CLASS: The diplomas which you are about to receive will certify to the civilized world that you have acquired those habits of truthfulness, trustworthiness, and personal honor which, while always indispensable to real greatness and the highest success, were never so important to this country as at the present moment. The traditions of past times and the record of recent years justify the proud boast of this military school that no man who has not earned the respect and confidence of his instructors can go forth from these walls officially recognized as an educated gentleman. On this subject, therefore, I have only to express my sincere conviction that, to the close of your lives, which I pray may be long and happy, your knightly shields will never be sullied by a stain, nor your crests lowered in deserved dishonor.

In continuation the speaker said: Hold constantly before you the highest ideals of military excellence, and strive manfully to realize them in your lives. Remember always that the nation which has placed the opportunity for professional promotion within your grasp expects you to prove worthy of her fostering care, and confidently commits her honor to your keeping. And remember also that while no reward is deemed too great for the military hero who leads the armies of his country to glorious victory, so no measure of contempt should be thought too large for the incompetent soldier whose golden youth has been wasted in idleness or self-indulgence, and who has never been weighed but to be found wanting. And now you are naturally waiting some words of encouragement. Certainly they are not far to seek. I need hardly assure you that the nation at whose generous hands you have received your elementary education will not forget you; will not be indifferent to your future career, nor unmindful of your future merit. From this moment you are marked men. To-day the press of the country will record your names and the order of your rank. The roll is made up, and its memory will remain. I have said that you are the wards, I might almost have said the favorites, of the nation. Wherever you go your diplomas will be your ready introduction to the choicest society which your country can boast. In whatever service you may be hereafter employed, on whatever fields your prowess may be put forth, the telegraphic wires will convey the swift tidings to the remotest corners of the land, and millions will rejoice in your success, sympathize with your sufferings, or shed tears of sincere sorrow over your honored graves. And is there, here to-day no other element of encouragement, no other incentive to honorable ambition? Confront, if you can, with steady nerve and unshrinking gaze, this feminine battalion, this battery of bright eyes more formidable to your peace of mind than the frowning cannon of a thousand forts—then tell me, if you dare, that you can have a "sharper spur to prick the sides of your intent" than the approving smiles of sympathizing women? Are these ladies here to enjoy the lovely scenery of the storied Hudson, to look with awe upon the venerable, or with admiration upon the younger, members of this corps of instructors? Speaking unofficially I give it as my decided opinion that they have not come to West Point for any such purpose.

In conclusion it only remains for me, in behalf of the Board of Visitors, whom I have the honor to represent, to congratulate you on the successful completion of your academic course, and to wish you a speedy and safe return to your homes. Gentlemen of the graduating class, I bid you all farewell.

THE LAST EXAMINATION.

After this speech Superintendent Ruger informed the graduates of Secretary Belknap's good wishes for their future. The following standings in class were read, showing how the members ranked in the last examination:

Thomas W. Symons	1	Frederick W. Sibley	22
Arthur Murray	2	Charles C. Norton	23
Henry M. Andrews	3	Charles E. S. Wood	24
Montgomery M. Macomb	4	Luther R. Hare	25
James L. Wilson	5	Willis Wittich	26
Frank S. Rice	6	George L. Turner	27
John F. Honeycut	7	Alfred Reynolds	28
George L. Anderson	8	William L. Geary	29
John P. Wisser	9	William S. Davies	30
Joseph S. Oyster	10	Christian C. Hewitt	31
Orin B. Mitcham	11	Henry P. Walker	32
Albert H. Mellen	12	Louis A. Craig	33
Clarence Deems	13	Edward E. Hardin	34
Wright P. Edgerton	14	Charles R. Tyler	35
Edgar B. Robertson	15	Charles A. Williams	36
Edmund K. Webster	16	Marion P. Maus	37
Russell Thayer	17	Charles F. Lloyd	38
George R. Cecil	18	Theodore H. Eckerson	39
Harrison G. Otis	19	William H. Wheeler	40
Charles H. Cabaniss, Jr.	20	J. Hansell French	41
Charles W. Rowell	21		

The cadets then were called in their class order by Col. Hall, Adjutant of the post, and received their diplomas from the Superintendent. "The Star Spangled Banner" was next played by the band, and the blessing uttered by Dr. Forsyth terminated the chapel ceremonies. The cadets formed on the green without and gave a regimental salute to the graduates as they came down the steps. The sun shone out brightly at this stage of the proceedings, and lit up the many-colored dresses of the throngs beneath the trees. In column the whole corps, graduates and undergraduates less the plebs, marched to a spot beside the stone barracks and halting drew up in line, the graduates in the centre, to hear their graduated Adjutant read the orders for the last time. Among the rest he announced the following promotions from the second and third classes, to take the places of the departing first classmen:

PROMOTIONS.

To be Captains—Leach, G. R. Smith, E. Wheeler, and Hoyle.

Adjutant—Jefferson.

Quartermaster—Baird.

Lieutenants—Griffin, Bridgman, Huntingdon, W. A. Mann, A. Rogers, Wainright, Backus, Young, Evans, Jones, E. P. Andrus, and Eltonhead.

Quartermaster Sergeant—Gayle.

First Sergeants—Borup, Bonesteele, Dravo, Garlington.

Sergeants—Paque, G. Andrews, Raines, Bacon, Adams, Garst, Farrow, Pitcher, J. R. Williams, M. S. Smith, Dowd, McCormick.

Corporals—Brandegee, Holabird, Wilder, Woodward, Black, Gatewood, Massey, Stephenson, Godon, Maney, Thorington, Blair, Plummer, Bigelow, Glass, Price, Spriugett, Day, Patten, and G. W. Baxter.

Col. Upton once more congratulated the graduates and dismissed them. They gave three ringing cheers, and, flinging their shakos in the air, rushed wildly from the ranks to their quarters. The parade was ended, and fifteen minutes later, at noon, the First Class was free. Before they went, however, Graduates Anderson, Rice, Thayer, and Wilson were ordered to report to Gen. Upton, July 4, to act as instructors, according to custom.

The majority of the graduates left for New-York on the afternoon boat.

NATIONAL BUTTER-MAKERS' CONVENTION

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., June 17.—The National Butter-makers' Convention assembled in this city to-day. About 200 delegates were present. A few amendments were made to the constitution, and the name of the organization changed to the National Butter and Egg Association. In the afternoon Mr. Dake addressed the convention on the subject of butter-making. Eight new members were added, and the time for holding the annual meeting fixed for the first Wednesday in March.

A LADY VICTIM TO CARELESS USE OF FIREARMS.

PHILADELPHIA, June 17.—Miss Elizabeth P. Tamplin, who was wounded by the carelessness of Charles Yetter, two weeks since, in pointing and firing a pistol at her, not knowing it was loaded, died on Monday evening at the hospital. The physician had given a certificate that death resulted from hemorrhage of the lungs, and asserted that the pistol-shot wound was healed up. Coroner Brown on visiting the residence of the deceased, found that the funeral was to take place this afternoon, which he caused to be postponed until the necessary post-mortem examination could be made. Yetter is in custody, having been arrested before the lady's death. Miss Tamplin stated that she believed the firing of the pistol to have been unintentional, as there was no misunderstanding between herself and Yetter, nor any cause for such action on his part.

MADISON UNIVERSITY COMMENCEMENT.

ANNIVERSARY OF THE THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY—EDUCATION SOCIETY—CLASS-DAY EXERCISES.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

MADISON UNIVERSITY, HAMILTON, N. Y., Tuesday, June 16, 1874.

The fifty-fifth anniversary of the Theological Seminary occurred to-day in Alumni Hall. The orations by the graduates, all of whom had completed the full eight years' course, excepting two, were excellent. They had the commendable merit of brevity, none being over twelve minutes. The exercises took place in the following order:

Prayer by Rev. Dr. Mason, of Boston.

Music—"A pilgrim through this lonely world
The blessed Savior passed."

1. The Loneliness of Jesus.................H. A. Cornell
2. The Liberality of the Gospel..................D. Dunham
3. Missionary Epochs..............................M. C. Mason
4. The Church of the Future....................O. P. Meeks

"Glorious things of thee are spoken,
Zion, city of our God."

5. Qualifications for Successful Preaching..L. F. Moore
6. The Relation of Baptist Principles to the Reformation..........L. J. Parry
7. Chrysostom as a Preacher.................J. O. Perkins
8. The Attractions of the Missionary Life..E. G. Phillips

"Yes, my native land, I love thee,
All thy scenes, I love them well."

9. Diversity in the Pew Demands Diversity in the Pulpit..........J. L. Ray
10. Positivism a Violence to Human Nature, J. W. Robinson
11. Building, or Iconoclasm?..........H. O. Rowlands
12. Liberality without Laxity..............G. B. Vosburg

"Apostles of the living Christ, go forth;
Let love compel."

The exercises closed with a most appropriate, well-timed address to the graduating class by Rev. Dr. Beebee, formerly Professor of Belle Lettres and Elocution, but now of Homileties. It was an address of surpassing excellence, and was a rare enjoyment to Dr. Beebee's warm admirers, who scarcely have the pleasure of hearing him upon public occasions once in seven years, notwithstanding his splendid abilities.

In the afternoon the annual meeting of the Education Society was held, Rev. T. A. T. Hannon, of Brooklyn, presiding. Reports of the Secretary and Treasurer were read, showing a healthy, prosperous state of affairs. Addresses were made by Col. Morgan L. Smith, of Newark, N. J.; Dr. Corey, of Utica; President Dodge, Dr. Spear, and several others. Samuel Colgate, Esq., of New-York, was elected President of the society, and Revs. Henry A. Smith and D. W. Skinner, of Hamilton, N. Y.; James E. Hadnett, of New-York; Wm. H. Scronton, of Utica, and Rev. Lucius M. Haynes, of Norwich, were elected new members of the Board of Trustees of the Baptist Education Society of the State of New-York.

The Class Day exercises of the Senior Class also took place this afternoon. A very pretty elm-tree was planted near the "big rock" alongside the walk at the foot of University Hill, and in the rock a cavity was drilled and cut out in which to deposit the records. The exercises consisted of a poem, a history, a prophecy, (which latter was, of course, very amusing,) smoking the pipe, and good music by a band. To-night the anniversary of the Alumni Association was held, Dr. Corey, of Utica, in the chair. Prayer was offered by A. S. Patton, D. D., of New-York. The oration was delivered by Rev. Charles Keyser, D. D., of Trenton, N. J., upon "Cromwell," whose character as a soldier, Christian, and statesman was discussed in a thorough and exhaustive manner.

The necrology of the year was read by Prof. N. L. Andrews, showing that death had made sad havoc among some of the best and widely-known sons of Madison University. Two or three had died from the effects of wounds received in the service of their country during the late rebellion; some had passed away to receive the reward of fidelity in their Master's calling, and others had laid down the burden of life in the various pursuits and professions, the whole forming a shadowy chapter in the annals of the university, over which we drop a silent tear, and turn again to life's demands and relentless duties, knowing and feeling that sooner or later death's summons will come to place our names on the long roll of those who were but are no more.

At the close of the public exercises officers for the ensuing year were elected as follows: Rev. Dr. Sarles, of Brooklyn, President; Prof. N. L. Andrews, Secretary; and D. W. Skinner, Treasurer. Prof. Raymond, LL. D., of Vassar College, was elected orator for the next anniversary. The pecuniary affairs of the university are very prosperous. The property and profitable investments are worth more than half a million.

ELMIRA FEMALE COLLEGE.

PRIZES AWARDED YESTERDAY—COMMENCEMENT TO-DAY.

ELMIRA, N. Y., June 17.—This evening an address was delivered before the college and the two college societies by Rev. D. R. Jeffery, of Brooklyn. The prizes of the year were also announced and delivered. The Hall prize, $25, for the best essay, was awarded to Miss Lillie M. Wood, of Buffalo. The Diven prizes for the best reading were awarded, the first, $30, to Miss M. A. Lynch, of Havana, and the second, $20, to Miss Helen O. Gray, of Watkins. The prizes were delivered to the successful young ladies by the founder of them himself, Gen. A. S. Diven. The Frisbie prize in scholarship, $50, for the best scholar in the graduating class, was awarded to Miss Mary C. Gelston, of Naples, Ontario County, N. Y. A large number of graduates of the institution were present, and many prominent clergymen of this vicinity. Commencement Day takes place to-morrow. The graduating class numbers nine.

EXAMINATIONS AT THE NORMAL COLLEGE.

The annual examination of students of the Normal College, preparatory to awarding the Ottendorfer gold and silver medals for proficiency in German, took place at the college yesterday, as also the examination for the Kelly medals of silver and bronze for excellence in the methods and principles of teaching. In the contest for both a lively competition was developed, and the rate of merit evinced by the respective participants was such as to satisfy the highest expectations of the friends of the institution. To-day the Barron prizes of $50 each for elocution and singing, will be awarded, and on Friday the classes will be examined in physiology and metaphysics. For the former the prize is the Kane gold medal, and for the latter a medal of similar composition, provided by the Alumni of the college.

Late Discovery.—"MORSE'S LUXURENE," for the hair and scalp, most refined of all oleine dressings, and most serviceable in stopping the hair from falling off. Price 50 cents. For sale by all druggists. Wholesale by John F. Henry, Curran & Co., Chas. N. Crittenden. and others in New-York.—*Advertisement.*

A pure Port Wine is a necessity during the Summer months, and the public will be pleased to know that PARK & TILFORD have for sale the pure Lion Port four years old, made from the Oporto grape by Dr. Sylvester at his vineyards, Lyons, N. Y. Absolute purity is guaranteed by the affidavit of the maker. Observe the brand "Lion Port."—*Advertisement.*

In Stiffness and Soreness of the Muscles and Joints, Rheumatic Pains, I have experienced immediate relief from GILES & CO.'S LINIMENT IODIDE AMMONIA. THOMAS BAKER, Wallack's Theatre. Sold at HUDNUT'S, Ann st. and Broadway. REICHARDT'S, 4th av. and 28th st. Depot, No. 451 6th av.—*Advertisement.*

Plain English.

There is no good reason why an English-speaking people should be doctored in Latin. If we should describe the properties of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters in the jargon of the profession, not one reader in twenty would understand what it is good for. We prefer to say in simple words that it possesses strengthening, regulating, and purifying qualities of the highest order; that the vegetable ingredients of which it is composed are eminently wholesome and salutary, and that the stimulant which is combined with them is the purest that can be manufactured. We prescribe it, not in garbled Latin, but in the good old mother tongue, as a remedy for languor, debility, nervousness, indigestion, liver complaint, fever and ague, constipation, rheumatism, and low spirits, and as a preventive of every disease produced by foul air, whether it stagnates in crowded work-rooms or imperils life and health in swampy districts and new clearings. So the masses say, and so they have been saying for the last twenty years.

The Philosophy of Dental Decay.

When the thin sheath of enamel in which the substance of a tooth is inclosed is worn through, decomposition begins. By using SOZODONT the enamel is strengthened and the inner bone protected from disease.

Hair Dye.—W. A. Batchelor's Hair Dye is splendid; best in the world. Never fails. Established thirty-seven years. Sold by druggists everywhere. Sold and properly applied at BATCHELOR'S celebrated Wig and Toupée Factory, No. 16 Bond st., New-York.

Don't Go in the Country Without Boots, Shoes, India-rubber and Bath Shoes. And the best place in New-York to obtain them is at MILLER & CO.'S, No. 3 Union Square.

Brook's Boots and Shoes, the largest assortment in the City. Established in 1848. Now at No. 1,196 Broadway, corner of 29th st.

Portable Lemonade for Sunday-schools, and excursionists supplied. JAS. PYLE, 350 Washington st.

"For the Blood is the Life."

See Deuteronomy, Chap. xii, Verse 23. The blood being the source from which our systems are built up, and from which we derive our mental as well as physical capabilities, how important that it should be kept pure. If it contains vile festering poisons, all organic functions are weakened thereby. Settling upon important organs, as the lungs, liver, or kidneys, the effect is most disastrous. Hence it behooves every one to keep their blood in a perfectly healthy condition, and more especially does this apply at this particular season of the year than at any other. No matter what the exciting cause may be, the real cause of a large proportion of all diseases is bad blood. Now Dr. Pierce does not wish to place his Golden Medical Discovery in the catalogue of quack patent nostrums by recommending it to cure every disease, nor does he so recommend it; on the contrary, there are hundreds of diseases that he acknowledges it will not cure; but what he does claim is this, that there is but one form of blood disease that it will not cure, and that disease is cancer. He does not recommend his discovery for that disease, yet he knows it to be the most searching blood cleanser yet discovered, and that it will free the blood and system of all other known blood poisons, be they animal, vegetable, or mineral. The Golden Discovery is warranted by him to cure the worst forms of Skin Diseases, as all forms of Blotches, Pimples, and Eruptions, also all Glandular Swellings, and the worst form of Scrofulous and Ulcerated Sores of Neck, Legs, or other parts, and all Scrofulous Diseases of the Bones, as White Swellings, Fever Sores, Hip Joint and Spinal Diseases, all of which belong to Scrofulous Diseases.

CONFIRMED.—HIP JOINT DISEASE CURED.

W. GROVE STATION, Iowa, July 14, 1872.

Dr. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.:

DEAR SIR: My wife first became lame nine years ago. Swellings would appear and disappear on her hip, and she was gradually becoming reduced, and her whole system rotten with disease. In 1871 a swelling broke on her hip, discharging large quantities, and since that time there are several openings. Have had five doctors at an expense of $125, who say nothing will do any good but a surgical operation.

July 16, 1873, he writes thus: My wife has certainly received a great benefit from the use of your Discovery, for she was not able to get off the bed, and was not expected to live a week when she commenced using it, a year ago. She has been doing most of her work for over six months. Has used twenty bottles, and still using it. Her recovery is considered as almost a miracle, and we attribute it to the use of your valuable medicine. I can cheerfully recommend it as a blood purifier and strength restorer. J. M. ROBINSON.

Brown's Vermifuge Comfits, or Worm LOZENGES, give the best possible effect. Children having worms require immediate attention. 25c. a box.

Wedding Cards, No. 104 Fulton-st.
WILLIAM EVERDELL'S SONS. Established 1815.
We have no branch offices.

Lundborg's Recherche Perfumes possess great delicacy and are truthful to nature.

MARRIED.

BENNETT—SAYRE.—On Tuesday, June 16, at the residence of the bride's parents, by Rev. Theo. L. Cuyler, W. H. BENNETT, M. D., of New-York, to ALICE J., youngest daughter of John N. Sayre, Esq., of Brooklyn.

LITCHFIELD—McGINNIS.—On Tuesday, June 16, at St. Paul's Church, by Rev. T. Stafford Drowne, D. D., ARTHUR B. LITCHFIELD to FANNY MAY, daughter of Edward W. McGinnis, all of Brooklyn, N. Y.

LUSK—GEBHARD.—On Wednesday, June 10, at Elizabeth, N. J., by Rev. W. C. Roberts, D. D., RICHARD E. LUSK to Mrs. M. W. GEBHARD, both of the above place.

MATTHEWS—BATES.—At Montreal, Canada, on Tuesday, June 16, by Rev. George H. Wells, GARDINER D. MATTHEWS, of Brooklyn, N. Y., to HATTIE C. BATES, of Boston, Mass. No cards.

OLIVER—SMITH.—In St. James' Church, June 16, 1874, by Rev. Dr. Morton, assisted by Hon. and Rev. James Wentworth Leigh, of England, MARSHAL OLIVER to FANNY MACTIER, eldest daughter of the late Major Gen. Charles F. Smith, United States Army.

DIED.

ACHENBACH.—At his residence, in Hackensack, N. J., GEORGE ACHENBACH, in the 63d year of his age. Notice of funeral hereafter.

BANGS.—On Wednesday evening, June 17, 1874, at No. 41 7th av., Brooklyn, MARY E., wife of Charles W. Bangs.

GRAHAM.—At Watertown, N. Y., on Wednesday, June 17, STUART, infant son of R. M. C. and Cornelia F. Graham, aged 7 months.

HANDY.—ARTHUR A. HANDY, son of Alexander and Georgia Handy, Wednesday June 17, aged 4 months.

HOPPIN.—At Elizabeth, N. J., Wednesday, June 17, 1874, ELIZABETH, wife of Charles Alsop Hoppin. Funeral from Christ Church at 4 P. M. Friday, 19th inst.

MANSON.—On Wednesday, June 17, ANN BRAID, wife of Daniel Manson, in the 61st year of her age. Funeral will take place Friday, June 19, from the residence of her son, No. 106 East 85th st. Relatives and friends are invited.

LEE.—On Tuesday, June 16, of pneumonia and Bright's disease of the kidneys, JAMES LEE, of this City, in the 79th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, No. 28 West 11th st., on Friday morning, June 19, at 10 o'clock.

LEWIS.—In Greenburg, (Dobb's Ferry,) at the house of his brother-in-law, Rev. T. M. Niven, Jr., on Tuesday morning, June 16, 1874, WILLIAM BEALE LEWIS, M. D., of New-York City, aged 32 years.

The funeral services will be held at the Greenburg Presbyterian Church, on Friday, 19th, at 10:30 A. M. Trains leave Forty-second Street Depot for Dobb's Ferry at 9:10 A. M., returning at 1:13 P. M.

SMITH.—On Wednesday, June 17, ALEXANDER H., infant son of William H. and Mary A. Smith, aged 5 months and 26 days.

Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral from the residence of his grandfather, J. L. Smith, No. 306 East 50th st., Thursday, June 18, at 3 P. M.

WELCH.—On Tuesday, June 16, ELENOR WILSON, eldest child of Charles and Serepta Welch, aged 2 years and six months.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from her late residence, corner of Graham st. and Summit av., Jersey City Heights, on Thursday, at 2:30 P. M. Take Montgomery avenue cars at Hoboken Ferry.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

THE
POPULAR SCIENCE MONTHLY.
CONDUCTED BY
E. L. YOUMANS.

NO. XXVII..........................PRICE, FIFTY CENTS

Contents of No. 27, for July:

I. TELESCOPIC RESEARCH ON THE NEBULA OF ORION. By EDWARD S. HOLDEN. (Illustrated.)
II. THE GENESIS OF WOMAN. By ELY VAN DE WARKER.
III. HUMMING-BIRDS. By JAMES H. PARTRIDGE. (Illustrated.)
IV. THE DEVELOPMENT OF PSYCHOLOGY.
V. THE FIELD TELEGRAPH. By A. HILLIARD ATTERIDGE. (Illustrated.)
VI. HINTS ON THE STEREOSCOPE. By FRANKLIN C. HILL. (Illustrated.)
VII. RELIGION AND SCIENCE. By Hon. LAWRENCE JOHNSON.
VIII. CLIMATE AND SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT. By HERBERT SPENCER.
IX. THE HYDRAULICS OF GREAT RIVERS.
X. ANIMALS EXTINCT IN THE HISTORIC PERIOD. By EMILE BLANCHARD.
XI. THE MOQUIS INDIANS OF ARIZONA. By Dr. OSCAR LOEW. (Illustrated.)
XII. MENTAL EVOLUTION AND NECESSARY TRUTHS. By HERBERT SPENCER.
XIII. SKETCH OF DR. THOMAS YOUNG. (Portrait.)
XIV. EDITOR'S TABLE: Who are the Propagators of Atheism?—The Social Science Association—The Principles of Sociology—War and Education.

LITERARY NOTICES: RUGGLE'S Tabular Statements, from 1840 to 1870, of the Agricultural Products of the States and Territories of the United States of America—ARNOLD'S Higher Schools and Universities in Germany—KRUSI'S Drawing—WINCHELL'S Doctrine of Evolution—COUES'S Field Ornithology—Proceedings of the Georgia Teachers' Association—GEIKIE'S Great Ice Age, and its Relation to the Antiquity of Man—BENSON'S My Visit to the Sun; or, Critical Essays on Physics, Metaphysics, and Ethics—JEVON'S Principles of Science.

MISCELLANY: Volcanic Eruption in the Sandwich Islands—Need of a New Chronology—Life in an Attenuated Atmosphere—Lake Superior Gold-Mines—Researches on the Zodiacal Light—The Great Lava-Flood of the West—Why Paints Crack and Peel—Results of the Polaris Voyage—Australian Compliments to American Microscopes—The Improvement of Human Life—Fossil Edentates.

NOTES.

THE POPULAR SCIENCE MONTHLY is published in a large octavo, handsomely printed on clear type. Terms Five Dollars per annum; or, Fifty Cents per copy.

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THE POPULAR SCIENCE MONTHLY and APPLETONS' JOURNAL for one year, $8.

D. APPLETON & CO., Publishers,
Nos. 549 and 551 Broadway, N. Y.

MISCELLANEOUS.

BRIC-A-BRAC.—NOW ON EXHIBITION AT Clinton Hall, ANTIQUES AND BRIC-A-BRAC, consisting largely of Etruscan Pottery and Statuary, Italian Majolica and Porcelain, with examples of old Ecclesiastic and Domestic Art in various forms. Also, a fine collection of Arms and Armor, Carved Furniture, Bronzes, examples of Gobelins Tapestry, Meerschaum Pipes, Watches, Snuff-boxes, Ink-stands, Paintings, Engravings, Medals, &c. To be sold by auction on the afternoons of Thursday, Friday, Saturday, Monday, and Tuesday, June 18 to 23, 1874, commencing each day at 3 o'clock. The Messrs. LEAVITT, Auctioneers.

POST OFFICE NOTICE.

The Mails for Europe for the week ending SATURDAY, June 20, 1874, will close at this office, as follows: On TUESDAY, at 12 M.; on WEDNESDAY, at 12 and 1:30 P. M.; on THURSDAY, at 11:30 A. M., and on SATURDAY, at 7:30 and 11:30 A. M.

T. L. JAMES, Postmaster.

IMPERIAL GUARD.—NOTICE.—THE TRIP which was to have taken place to-day is postponed a few days. Members who have changed their addresses are requested to send in their new addresses immediately. Young men—Americans—desiring to become members of this independent organization, can get all information by addressing Imperial Guard, Box No. 127 *Times* Office.

R. STUART WILLIS, ATTORNEY AND Counselor at Law, Notary Public, No. 182 Broadway, Room No. 4 New-York.

POLITICAL.

TENTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT REPUBLICAN ASSOCIATION.—Regular meeting of the above association will be held THIS (Thursday) EVENING at 8 o'clock, at No. 28 Avenue A.
WM. GRAHAM, Sec. J. M. PATTERSON, JR., Pres.

THE REAL ESTATE MARKET.

At the Exchange yesterday, Wednesday, June 17, at an Executor's sale to close the estate of George L. Havemeyer, deceased, A. H. Muller & Son sold the premises Nos. 319, 321, and 323 West Fifteenth street, north side, 200 feet west of Eighth avenue, embracing a plot of ground in size 75 by about 170, with two three-story brick houses and one two and a half story brick house upon the front thereof, and a frame carpenter shop in rear for $45,250 in the total. The property was bought by A. H. Havemeyer, a party interested in the estate.

R. V. Harnett, by order of the Supreme Court, in foreclosure, under the direction of George W. Carr, Esq., Referee, disposed of one lot 19.7 by 100.11, on East One Hundred and Thirteenth street, south side, 235 feet east of Fourth avenue, for $2,000, the purchaser being Edmund Connolly, a mortgagee. Mr. Harnett also sold under a similar Court decree, Isaac L. Miller, Esq., Referee, a three-story and basement yellow-stone-front house, with lease of lot 20 by about 91, on East Fifty-sixth street, north side, 254 feet east of First avenue, for $7,240, the amount including one year's ground rent due. Purchaser, Terence Farley, a defendant in the legal action. The lease is dated May 1, 1870; term, twenty years; ground rent, $240 per annum. The legal sale, by the same auctioneer, of five brown-stone-front houses and lots on East Sixty-ninth street, north side, 300 feet east of Fourth avenue, was adjourned to July 1.

A. J. Bleecker, Son & White, under a Supreme Court foreclosure order, Philo T. Ruggles, Esq., Referee, sold a plot of ground 100 by 400, on Naegle avenue, north side, 230 feet east of Elwood street, Dyckman estate, for $4,000 over and above mortgage, with interest, amounting to $1,475, making the total price realized $5,475. Purchaser Sarah A. Armstrong, plaintiff in foreclosure suit.

The sale of twelve tenement houses and lots on East Fourth street, west of Avenue C, was postponed to the 25th inst.

The legal sale by Hugh N. Camp of the store and lot No. 228 Pearl street, north of Fletcher street, was again adjourned to July 1.

Concerning the other sales of the day, namely, in Brooklyn, by N. R. Connor; at Clarendon, N. J., by Messrs. Johnson & Gibson; at Bellemount, N. J., by O. H. Pierson, and at Bayonne, N. J., by Lewis E. Wood, reports as to result will be made to-morrow.

The sale of Twenty-third Ward property announced for Tuesday, by Oliver Bryan, to be held on the premises, was adjourned, to take place at the Exchange on the 30th inst.

TO-DAY'S AUCTIONS.

The auctions noticed for to-day are as follows, and we would call particular attention to the proposed sale at Roselle, N. J., Mellick Bros., autioneers.

By A. J. Bleecker, Son & White, at the Exchange, public auction sale of the five-story and basement brick store and tenement, 19.9 by 50, with lot 78 feet deep, No. 1,562 Third avenue, west side, between Eighty-seventh and Eighty-eighth streets.

By Wm. Kennelly, at the Exchange, Supreme Court foreclosure sale, R. B. Roosevelt, Esq., Referee, of a house, with lot 25 by about 75 (rear irregular) on West Sixty-eighth street, north side, 99.9 feet west of Broadway. Also similar sale, J. J. Macklin, Esq., Referee, of twelve lots, together forming a plot in size 201.10 by 150, on Tenth avenue, east side, taking in the block front between One Hundred and Eighteenth and One Hundred and Nineteenth streets.

By James M. Miller, at the Exchange, Supreme Court foreclosure sale, Thomas H. Landon, Esq., Referee, of two houses, with lots each 25 by 100, on Seventh avenue, west side, 48.9 feet north of Thirty-second street. Also, similar sale, N. Jarvis, Jr., Esq., Referee, of a house, with lot 19 by 70, on West Forty-seventh street, south side, 41 feet east of Sixth avenue.

By ——, auctioneer, Supreme Court forclosure sale, N. A. Chedsey, Esq., Referee, of a house with lease, and lot on East Broadway, south side, known as lot No. 18, of the H. Rutger map.

By Jere. Johnson, Jr., at Whitestone, Long Island, on the grounds, at 12 M., public auction sale of 250 first-class villa sites, all well located and adjacent to the railway station. Special train via James Slip and Thirty-fourth Street Ferries at 11:30 o'clock.

By A. D. Mellick, Jr., and Bro., at Roselle, N. J., on the line of the Central Railroad, distant from New-York about forty-three minutes, on the property, at 12 M., public auction sale of 200 valuable building lots, situate respectively on Fifth, Sixth, and Washington avenues. Roselle is one of the most attractive suburbs of New-York; its location is one of the healthiest in New-Jersey, and the property to be offered being in every respect choice, the lots should sell well. Special train from foot of Liberty street at 11 o'clock.

By Miller & Ogden, at Belmont, N. J., on the premises, at 1 o'clock, continuation sale of desirable building lots. Free railway passes at office of John A. Elwell, No. 93 Cedar street.

By Roe H. Smith & Co., at Long Island City, on the ground, at 1 o'clock, executor's sale to close estate of Peter Rapelye, deceased, of 293 choice lots, located in the Fifth Ward of the city named, embracing a tract of land about thirty acres in extent, fronting on the Bowery Bay road. Conveyances will meet parties desiring to attend the auction on the arrival of the Harlem steam-boats, and take them to property.

EXCHANGE SALES, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 17.

NEW-YORK.

By A. H. Muller & Son.

2 three-story brick houses, 1 two and a half-story brick house, (front,) 1 frame shop, (rear,) and plot, Nos. 319, 321, and 323 West 15th st., n. s., 200 ft. w. of 8th av., plot 75xabout 170	$45,250

By Richard V. Harnett.

1 lot, East 113th st., s. s., 235 ft. e. of 4th av., 19.7x100.11	$2,000
1 three-story, and basement Nova Scotia stone-front house and lease of lot, East 56th st., n. s., 254 ft. e. of 1st av., lot 20xabout 91; lease dated May 1, 1870, term 20 years; ground rent $240 per annum	7,240

By A. J. Bleecker, Son & White.

1 plot, Naegle av., n. s., 230 ft. e. of Elwood st., 100x400	$5,475

RECORDED REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

NEW-YORK.

Tuesday, June 16.

Boulevard, n. e. corner of 94th st., 23.6x142.6, to centre Old Bloomingdale Road, x31.4x143.7	17,100
Carmine st., n. s., 75 ft. e. of Bedford st., 25x100	34,500
Henry st., s. s., 290 ft. w. of Market st., 25x100	13,600
Lewis st., w. s. 45.8 ft. n. of Ludlow st., 22.10x64	7,000
Same Property	6,500
Washington st., Nos. 673 and 675, between West 10th st. and Charles st., the Brewery, 48x83	26,000
36th st., s. s., 150 ft. e. of 10th av., 25x98.9	8,000
40th st., s. s., 400 ft. e. of 10th av., 25x98.9	25,000
55th st., n. s., 130 ft. e. of 3d av., 20x100.5	17,000
64th st., n. s., 90 ft. e. of Madison av., 20x100.5	33,000
64th st., n. s., 325 ft. e. of 11th av., 50x100.5	6,000
82d st., s. s., 150 ft. e. of 2d av., 25x102.2	11,750
87th st., s. s., 275 ft. e. of Avenue A, 146x62x146	16,000
116th st., s. s., 319 ft. w. of Avenue A, 16.8x100.10	7,000
130th st., s. s., 215 ft. e. of 4th av., widened, 25x99.11	3,600
Lexington av., w. s., 80 ft. s. of 61st st., 20.5x80	11,000
Oliver av., w. s., 50 ft. s. of Elm st., 50x124, West Farms	700
6th av., w. s., 24.11 ft. n. of 131st st., 25.1x75	7,700
9th av., n. e. corner 46th st., runs n. 75 ft., thence e. 75 ft., thence s. w. to point on 46th st., 50 ft. e. of 9th av., thence e. 50 ft.; other considerations	12,000

LEASES RECORDED.

Bowery, corner Bayard st., New-England Hotel, 10 years, per year	$8,500
East Broadway, No. 46, 3 years, per year	1,600
Howard st., No. 28, third and fourth lofts, 4 7-12 years, per year	2,500
45th st., s. s., ball and bar room, and c- of Turtle Bay Brewery, 2 years, per year	2,400
44th st., s. s., 390 ft. e. of 2d av., large plot, 2 years. 1 year, $2,000, 1 year	2,500
Avenue A, e. s., 69.3 ft. n. of 20th st., 22.9x70, 21 years, per year	350

CITY REAL ESTATE.

IMPORTANT TO MERCHANTS AND MINORS.

MARINE COURT—PART III.
BEFORE JUDGE SPAULDING AND A JURY.
H. S. MACK
vs.
HENRY PISER et al.

In September, 1873, the defendant, who was a co- rtner of a firm doing business in Augusta, Ga., ught a bill of goods amounting to $139 96 from a m in this City, and in payment gave their note to em for that amount at four months, who indorsed it the plaintiff. Before the note became due the de- ndants failed. The plaintiff commenced this action recover the amount due on the note. The defendant ser only was served with the summons, the other de- ndant being in Georgia. Piser answered the com- int, alleging that at the time the note was given he s under the age of twenty-one years, and that, erefore, as to him, the note was void. On the trial lay both the defendant and his mother testified that was born on the 18th day of February, 1853, and s not twenty-one years of age until Feb. 18, 1874. nsel on both sides then submitted their case to the rt. Judge Spaulding charged the jury on infancy. jury rendered a verdict for the defendant Piser. as a consequence of this verdict that Piser released from all contracts made by him prior to . 18, 1874.

ANDREW BLAKE, for Plaintiff.
C. L. HALBERSTADT, for Defendant.

WOODLAWN HEIGHTS, TWENTY-FOURTH Ward.—Only place in New-York City where ex- s trains stop; about thirty minutes from 42d st. dreds of lots have been purchased for building pur- and investment. A number of houses are built, idence and about thirty acres can be bought in Elegant views, embracing Long Island property can be immediately sold in lots POTTER BROTHERS, No. 4 Warren st.

ELEGANT DWELLINGS CHEAP—NO. 18 st., No. 1 East 53d st., No. 18 West 53d t 48th st., 5th av., Nos. 584, 614, 675. V. K. STEVENSON, Jr., No. 11 Pine st.

A THREE-AND-A-HALF-STORY HIGH- ment and cellar house for sale cheap, in terms to suit purchasers; size, 21x45x BURNHAM, No. 609 Hudson st.

A LARGE AND COMFORTABLE HOUSE FOR Ninth Ward, with or without carpets and to suit purchasers; size, 22x40x75. E. T. BURNHAM, No. 609 Hudson st.

CITY REAL ESTATE.

TO INVESTORS.—I WILL SELL AT A BARGAIN, for cash, no trade, a first-class brown-stone house, 46th st., near 5th av., 25 by 62 by 100 feet. Also, four-story house, 23d st., near 6th av., lot 25x100, ready for business; both well rented. S. EDDY, No. 1 Park place.

A BARGAIN.—AN EXTRA-WIDE CORNER HOUSE on Madison av. and 56th st.; has three stories finished in cabinet; all latest improvements; electric bells to every room and hall; inspection desired. Apply on premises.

BROOKLYN REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE.—A HANDSOME PROPERTY ON WASHington av., Brooklyn, consisting of house in fine order, garden filled with fruit, lawn, stable, if desired; will be sold below value, and on easy terms, if applied for soon. Apply at No. 37 Park row, Room No. 11, New-York.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

A LOVELY RESIDENCE FOR SALE.—SUMmer and Winter family house, (seventeen rooms;) all the modern conveniences; elegant parlor, 37x16; large dining-room; fine kitchen, with stationary tubs; hot and cold water; first-class range; bath-room and water-closets; furnace heaters; gas-pipes introduced in all the rooms, arranged for owner's use; handsome carriage-house, stables, coachman's rooms; all the requisite out-buildings, sheds, &c.; inclosed and entirely fenced; in perfect order, with thirty-four acres land; lawn, orchard, garden, flowers, fruit, magnificent views, and very speculative building sites; one hour on the Erie Railway, near Ridgewood; no nuisances; no malaria; salubrious all the year round; picturesque drives and walks; most desirable neighbors; eligible alike for business, retirement, or pleasure; horses, carriages, implements, &c., if desired. Apply to W. A. BATCHELOR, No. 16 Bond st., New-York.

FIRST IN HEALTH AND BEAUTY.

RUTHERFORD PARK, N. J.

Forty minutes from foot of Chambers st. Dwellings and building sites for sale in great variety, and on accommodating terms. Houses built to order. Apply to Henry G. Bell, 41 Worth st.; F. W. Tomkins, 37 Park row; Robert S. Walker, 205 Broadway; George McKibbin, 49 Greene st.; John Barry, 156 Broadway; D. B. Ivison, 138 Grand st.; F. T. Hewitt, Agent Union Land Co., 8 Broad st., Room 11; E. J. Love, 243 Hudson st.; J. T. Beckwith, 315 Greenwich st.

FARM.—THE PLACE FOR A NEW-YORK FAMILY to Summer at; to exchange for New-York property, vessel property, or cash; twelve acres, highly cultivated; plenty fruit (200 pear-trees, &c.;) house five years old, nineteen rooms, heated by furnace; hot and cold water in all rooms; water-closets, bath-rooms; walls hard-finished and frescoed; everything first-rate shape; barns and other outbuildings; ten miles from Norwich, Conn.; three miles from railroad station. Apply to OVERTON & HAWKINS, No. 163 Maiden lane, New-York. Price, $10,000.

FOR SALE—IN SCARSDALE, WESTCHESTER County, delightful country-seat; twenty-two acres high land; house by City builder; has fifteen rooms, and embraces every requisite for a gentleman's residence; very fine approaches and extended views in every direction; ample stable and out-buildings. Full particulars and photographs with ADAMS BAILEY, No. 55 Liberty st., Room No. 13.

FOR SALE—ON LINE OF CENTRAL RAILROAD of New-Jersey, at Elizabeth, N. J., Mansard-roof house at a great sacrifice; twelve rooms, large lot, desirably located; taxes and assessments paid; price, $6,600, worth $7,500; easy terms. Address Post Office Box No. 1,873.

FOR SALE.—COOLEST MOUNTAIN RESIDENCE in New-Hampshire, completely furnished, horses, carriages, &c., for twelve to fifteen persons; immediate occupancy; cheap; family abroad. Particulars of ARTHUR MESSER, No. 41 Broadway.

ORANGE, N. J.—COUNTRY HOUSES, LANDS, and village lots for sale; a great variety. Also, furnished and unfurnished houses to let for season or year, by WALTER E. SMITH, formerly Blackwell & Smith, Orange, corner of Main and Cone streets.

ORANGE, N. J.—SPECIALTY, LOW PRICES, EASY Terms—Residences for sale, very easy terms; rent furnished, unfurnished, season or year.
HAMILTON & WALLIS, No. 30 Pine st.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

JERE. JOHNSON, Jr., Auctioneer.
J. M. GIBSON, Auctioneer.

New-Jersey, New-Jersey, the pride of the nation!
Embalmed in her archives in history and story;
In war and in peace ever foremost her station!
In progress none equal her thrift or her glory.

FIRST GRAND AUCTION
OF
400 GLORIOUS VILLA SITES,
in the lovely and desirable precincts of
RIDGEFIELD PARK,

Beyond all doubt or cavil the most charming, desirable, recherche suburb of the Metropolis, on

SATURDAY, JUNE 20,

on arrival of special (free) train, which will leave New-York, via Cortlandt and Desbrosses Street Ferries, at 11:30 o'clock A. M.

This beautiful property, forty-five minutes from New-York, surrounding Ridgefield Park Hotel and station, on the New-Jersey Midland Railroad and Hackensack River, has scarcely a peer among suburbs.

Health, Beauty, and Accessibility.

GRAFULLA'S BAND, BANQUET UNDER THE GREAT TENT BY WEEKS, HARRISON'S SONGS, FISHER'S TERRIFIC BALLOON ASCENSION, form part of the day's programme.

SALE ABSOLUTE, TITLES PERFECT, TERMS LIBERAL.

Maps and railroad passes of JERE. JOHNSON, Jr., No. 21 Park row, New-York, or CHARLES CLINTON, No. 16 Hudson st., Hoboken.

A. D. MELLICK, JR., & BRO.,

Auctioneers and Dealers in New-Jersey Real Estate,
NO. 6 PINE ST., NEW-YORK,
WILL SELL AT PUBLIC AUCTION,
ON THURSDAY, JUNE 18, 1874,
At 12 M., on the premises,
200 CHOICE BUILDING LOTS AT

ROSELLE, N. J.,

FORTY-THREE MINUTES FROM NEW-YORK, by the popular Central Railroad of New-Jersey, which has practically solved the question of rapid transit, and with the finest ferry-boats and cars running out of New-York, has rendered this property more accessible from the City Hall than any point on the island north of 50th st. The fare by commutation is less than 11 cents per trip.

These lots are handsomely situated, fronting 5th, 6th, and Washington avs., and on an elevation commanding extensive views, in the immediate vicinity of fine improvements, churches, schools, and stores, and convenient to three railroad stations.

Roselle, favorably known as a peculiarly attractive town, fourteen miles from New-York, two miles beyond Elizabeth, is noted for its healthfulness and beauty of surroundings. Its rapid growth has been remarkable, and at present there is not an unoccupied house in the town, and many new buildings are in course of erection. Roselle has four churches, a fine hotel, academy, schools, and stores, and NO NUISANCES of any kind whatever.

Splendid music by Grafulla's Seventh Regiment Band. Luncheon before the sale. Special train will leave foot of Liberty st. at 11 A. M. For free tickets and maps apply to the Auctioneers,
NO. 6 PINE ST., NEW-YORK.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

EXECUTOR'S SALE
OF THE VALUABLE PROPERTIES,
NO. 35 WALL ST.
and
NOS. 13 AND 15 BROAD ST.
ALSO THE BRICK HOUSES AND LOTS,
NOS. 113, 115, 117, 119, AND 121 CLINTON PLACE,
ON TUESDAY, JUNE 30,
at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway,
By order of the Executors of
WM. P. FURNISS, DECEASED,
and in pursuance of a decree
OF THE SUPREME COURT.

The premises on Wall and Broad sts. are occupied as offices, and being near the STOCK EXCHANGE, DREXEL BUILDING, and MECHANICS' and other banks, are very desirable for Insurance Companies, Bankers, and Brokers.

75 per cent. may remain on
BOND AND MORTGAGE.
Maps at the office of
ADRIAN H. MULLER & SON, AUCTIONEERS,
No. 7 Pine st.

LOTS! LOTS!! LOTS!!!

ANOTHER SALE OF LOTS
at
BELLMOUNT,
OPPOSITE BELLEVILLE,
JUNE 18, AT 1 O'CLOCK.
PASSES CAN BE OBTAINED OF
MILLER & OGDEN,

Auctioneers, No. 830 Broad st., Newark, and of JOHN A. ELWELL, No. 93 Cedar st., New-York. Trains leave per Erie Railway from Chambers st. at 10:45 and 11:30 A. M. Returning leave Belleville at 5 P. M.

EXECUTORS' SALE OF REAL ESTATE.—The executors of John P. De Wint will sell at public auction on the 23d of July, at 11 A. M., at the Five Corners, Fishkill Landing, about 260 acres of land lying on the east bank of the Hudson and on either side of the Stony Kill Road, at Fishkill Landing, together with five dwellings, barns, &c. For particulars and map of property apply to the executors, WM. S. VERPLANCK, JAMES MACKIN, J. DE WINT HOOK, Fishkill, on Hudson, or No. 490 Broadway, New-York, up stairs.

DWELLINGS TO LET.

A FURNISHED MANSION ON THE HUDSON River to let, being the late residence of Herman Livingston, Esq.; beautifully located; boating, bathing, and fishing unsurpassed; all the principal trains on the Hudson River Railroad and the day boats stop within a quarter of a mile of the house; personal examination of premises invited. Apply to E. H. BAURHYTE, Catskill Station, or J. ROMAINE BROWN, No. 1,280 Broadway, New-York City.

TO LET—AT BEDFORD, WESTCHESTER COUNTY—A country residence, fully furnished; fine outbuildings; coach-house and stables; ice-house filled; garden made; country healthy and picturesque; one hour and twenty-five minutes to Bedford Station via Harlem Railroad express trains. Apply to RALPH MEAD, Jr., Nos. 13 and 15 Coenties slip.

TO LET—ON CENTRAL AV., NEAR WILLIAMS Bridge, Harlem Railroad, a large furnished house, with lawn, garden, carriage-house, and stable, plenty of fruit and shade. Apply to S. M. VALENTINE, No. 177 Madison av., or No. 34 Burling slip, up stairs.

TO LET—TO A SMALL FAMILY FOR TWO months from July 1, at Red Bank, N. J., a house of twenty rooms, well furnished and delightfully situated on the bay. Price, $150 per month. Would refer to U. D. WARD, No. 150 Nassau st., New-York.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET—ONE HOUR from New-York, on Central Railroad of New-Jersey; modern improvements; fine shade; centrally located; two minutes' walk from depot. Address M. W. T., Box No. 141 *Times* Office.

TO LET—A FURNISHED COUNTRY PLACE AT Newark, N. J., for the season or year; pleasant, airy, and healthy location; shade and fruit trees; rent low, or part will be taken in board. Apply to GUSTAVUS BAYLIES, No. 292 Broadway.

CONVENIENT—COMPLETELY FURNISHED cottage; ten rooms, fine garden, fruit, stable, &c., at Highbridgeville; $300 yearly; other country places cheap. JOHN J. COADY, No. 120 Park av.

ROCKAWAY, LONG ISLAND.—TO LET A furnished country seat overlooking the sea; fine grounds, shade, and fruit; rent moderate. H. STETTENWERF, No. 71 Broadway, Room No. 129.

STORES, &C., TO LET.

OFFICES TO LET
IN
TIMES BUILDING.
SPLENDID OFFICES TO LET IN THE FIRE-PROOF TIMES BUILDING.
Apply at TIMES COUNTING-ROOM.

SILVER-PLATED WARE, FANCY GOODS, OR WATCHES AND JEWELRY, ON MAIDEN LANE.—A very desirable store and location for above lines of business. Lease for sale; possession about Aug. 1; a rare chance for a party desiring to locate in time for the Fall trade. Address E. G., Post Office Box No. 4,459.

TO RENT—THE MOST ELIGIBLE OFFICES IN the National Shoe and Leather Bank building, on the second floor, suitable for an insurance company, (now occupied by the Berkshire Life.) Possession given May 1. For particulars inquire at above-named bank.

TO RENT OR LEASE—FOR LIGHT MANUFACturing purposes, the frame building No. 158 West Broadway, two blocks from Broadway, one block from Canal st.; moderate rent.
JAMES PRICE, No. 200 Hudson st.

LOFTS TO RENT.—THE FIRST, THIRD, AND fourth lofts corner Reade and Hudson sts.; also, other lofts in excellent locations; good light; good order; moderate rents.
JAMES PRICE, No. 200 Hudson st.

TO LET OR LEASE—THE WHOLE OR PART OF the building No. 102 Gold st., corner of Frankfort; forty rooms; rent $1,200 a year. Apply in drug store or to GUSTAVUS BAYLIES, No. 292 Broadway.

LOFTS, OFFICES, AND SUB-CELLARS IN Barclay and Vesey sts., on Broadway block. Apply to J. & J. W. MEEKS, No. 30 Vesey st., Room No. 6.

INSTRUCTION.

PENNSYLVANIA MILITARY ACADEMY,
CHESTER, PENN.
COMMENCEMENT EXERCISES.
Lecture on AMERICAN HUMOR, by Hon. S. S. COX, on THURSDAY EVENING, June 18.
Orations by graduates.
Review, Dress Parade, Infantry and Artillery Drill, on FRIDAY, June 19, commencing at 10 A. M.
THEO. HYATT, President.

KINDERGARTEN.

Miss HAINES and Mlle. De JANON respectfully announce that they will continue, under skillful teachers, their Kindergarten at No. 7 Gramercy Park.

All applications to be made at No. 10 Gramercy Park for Oct. 1, 1874.

COLUMBIA COLLEGE—ENTRANCE EXAMINATION.—Examinations for admission to Columbia College will be held at the College, East 49th st. and Madison av., on FRIDAY, June 19, beginning at 9:30 o'clock A. M. Candidates are requested to present themselves punctually.
F. A. P. BARNARD, LL. D., President.

COLUMBIA COLLEGE—SCHOOL OF MINES—Examinations for admission to the School of Mines of Columbia College will be held on MONDAY, June 22, at the College, East 49th st. and Madison av., beginning at 9:30 o'clock A. M. Candidates are requested to present themselves punctually.
F. A. P. BARNARD, LL. D., President.

GROVE HALL, NEW-HAVEN, CONN.
SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES.
Established 1820.
Summer term opens April 9.
For circulars address
E. A. KINGSLEY, M. A., Principal.

MADAME O. da SILVA
AND
MRS. ALEX. BRADFORD'S
(formerly Mrs. Ogden Hoffman's) English, French, and German Boarding and Day School for young ladies and children, No. 17 West 38th st., N. Y., reopens Sept. 28. Application may be made personally or by letter as above.

MISSES PORTER AND CHAMPNEY'S
HOME SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES AND CHILDREN,
Hadley, Mass.
The Fall Term will commence on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 16, 1874. For circulars and testimonials address the Principals.

EDWARDS PLACE SCHOOL FOR BOYS AND Young Men, Stockbridge, Mass., begins its twentieth year Sept. 22. $600 per annum. Six Professors prepare forty-five pupils for college scientific school, or business. Messrs. HOFFMAN & FLACK, Associate Principals.

REMOVAL.—THE CHARLIER INSTITUTE FOR boys and young gentlemen, now at Nos. 126 and 128 East 24th st., will remove next September to its new building, West 59th st., on Central Park, near 6th av.
Prof. ELIE CHARLIER, Director.

THE ELIZABETH INSTITUTE, A BOARDing and day school for young ladies, will reopen Sept. 16, 1874. Apply to Miss N. C. READ, No. 521 North Broad st., Elizabeth, N. J.

RYE SEMINARY, RYE, N. Y.—THE NEXT session commences Sept. 18. The course of instruction is extensive and thorough. For particulars apply to the Principal, Mrs. S. J. LIFE.

PHONOGRAPHY COLLEGE, 23D ST., CORner 6th av.; private lessons. Reference: James E. Munson, author, No. 34 Park row.

BOARDING-SCHOOL AT WILTON, CONN.—Home comforts; healthy location; easy of access; terms reasonable. Address AUGUSTUS WHITLOCK.

$250 PER YEAR.—INSTITUTE FOR YOUNG boys, Hempstead, L. I. E. HINDS, A. M.

CLAVERACK College and H. R. Inst., at Claverack, N. Y. 20 instructors. ALONZO FLACK, Ph. D., Pres.

TEACHERS.

AN EXPERIENCED CLASSICAL AND MATHematical teacher desires pupils; prepares for college. (English or American;) highest City reference. Address TUTOR, Box No. 33 *Times* Up-town Office, No. 54½ West 32d st.

TEACHING.—AN EPISCOPAL CLERGYMAN, MASter of Arts, wishes to devote two or three hours daily to tutoring; French and German if desired. Address B., Box No. 141 *Times* Office.

DIVIDENDS.

WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH COMPANY,
TREASURER'S OFFICE,
NEW-YORK, June 10, 1874.
DIVIDEND NO. 29.

The Board of Directors have declared a quarterly dividend of Two per Cent. on the capital stock of this company from the net earnings of the three months ending June 30, inst., payable at the office of the Treasurer on and after the 15th day of July next, to shareholders of record on the books of the company at the close of business on the 25th of June.

The transfer-books will be closed on the afternoon of the 25th inst., and opened on the morning of the 16th of July next.
R. H. ROCHESTER, Treasurer.

THE NEW-YORK CENTRAL AND HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD COMPANY, HARLEM DIVISION, GRAND CENTRAL DEPOT, NEW-YORK, June 10, 1874.

A DIVIDEND OF FOUR PER CENT. UPON the capital stock of the New-York and Harlem Railroad Company will be paid by the New-York Central and Hudson River Railroad Company, lessee, (under the provisions of the contract between the two companies,) at this office, on the 1st day of July next.

The transfer books will be closed at 3 P. M., June 20, and reopened 10 A. M. July 2.
C. VANDERBILT, Jr., Treasurer.

ST. LOUIS, ALTON, AND TERRE HAUTE RAILROAD COMPANY,
No. 12 WALL ST., June 4, 1874.

A DIVIDEND OF THREE PER CENT. ON THE Preferred stock of this company has been declared by the Board of Directors, payable on the 6th day of July next. The transfer books of preferred stock will be closed on the 25th day of June instant, at 3 o'clock P. M., and opened on the 7th day of July next at 10 o'clock A. M.
C. BUTLER, President.

TREASURER'S OFFICE, NEW-YORK, NEW-HAVEN, AND HARTFORD RAILROAD COMPANY, CORNER 42D ST. AND 4TH AV., NEW-YORK, June 1, 1874.

A DIVIDEND OF FIVE PER CENT. ON THE capital stock of the company has been declared, payable to the stockholders on and after July 1, 1874. The transfer-books will be closed from June 10 to July 6, both inclusive.
JOHN T. SHELTON, Treasurer.

NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY,
NOS. 261 AND 263 BROADWAY, CORNER WARREN ST.,
NEW-YORK, June 4, 1874.

DIVIDEND.—THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF this company have declared a Dividend of FOUR PER CENT., payable on and after the 1st day of July next.

Transfer books will be closed on the 20th day of June until July 1.
JOHN C. CRUIKSHANK, Secretary.

THE JULY COUPONS OF THE REAL ESTATE MORTGAGE BONDS, negotiated and guaranteed by the EQUITABLE TRUST COMPANY, will be paid on and after the 1st day of July next, at the New-York office of the company, No. 52 William st.
JONATHAN EDWARDS, President.

FINANCIAL.

VERMILYE & CO.
BANKERS,
16 and 18 Nassau st., New-York.

DEALERS IN ALL ISSUES OF GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.
FIRST-CLASS RAILROAD AND MUNICIPAL BONDS ALWAYS ON HAND FOR INVESTMENT.
BUY AND SELL ON COMMISSION
RAILWAY STOCKS, BONDS, AND GOLD.
INTEREST ON DEPOSITS.
WASH'N R. VERMILYE, DONALD MACKAY,
JAS. A. TROWBRIDGE, LATHAM A. FISH.

Baltimore, Washington & Alexandria
BRANCH OF THE
Washington City & Point Lookout RR.
First Mortgage 6 per cent. Gold Bonds.

WE OFFER FOR SALE $500,000 OF THE ABOVE BONDS AT 95 AND ACCRUED INTEREST.

THE ROAD IS LEASED BY THE BALTIMORE AND OHIO RAILROAD COMPANY, WHICH CONTRACTS TO PAY THE INTEREST ON THE BONDS AND TO PROVIDE A SINKING FUND SUFFICIENT TO RETIRE THE SAME PRIOR TO MATURITY. A CERTIFICATE TO THIS EFFECT IS ATTACHED TO EACH BOND.

THE ATTENTION OF INVESTORS IS CALLED TO THE SECURITY OFFERED BY THESE BONDS.

DREXEL, MORGAN & CO.

FOR SALE,
10 TO 20 PER CENT.
CITY, COUNTY, AND RAILROAD BONDS,
CITY RAILROAD STOCKS,
AND OTHER CHOICE STOCKS AND BONDS.
ALL STRICTLY FIRST-CLASS SECURITIES, PAYING TEN TO TWENTY PER CENT.,
AT A LARGE REDUCTION BELOW PAR,
Offered by
ALBERT H. NICOLAY & CO.,
STOCK BROKERS AND AUCTIONEERS,
NO. 43 PINE ST., NEW-YORK.
N. B.—Investment securities our specialty twenty-two years.

J. & W. SELIGMAN & CO.,
BANKERS,
No. 21 Broad st., New-York,
ISSUE LETTERS OF CREDIT FOR TRAVELERS, PAYABLE IN ANY PART OF EUROPE, ASIA, AFRICA, AUSTRALIA, AND AMERICA.
DRAW BILLS OF EXCHANGE AND MAKE TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS OF MONEY ON EUROPE AND CALIFORNIA.

NEW-YORK, JUNE 6, 1874.
CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURG RAILROAD COMPANY.

Six bonds of the Construction and Equipment Sinking Fund bonds of the Cleveland and Pittsburg Railroad Company, due 1st January, 1913, being Nos. 76, 165, 203, 407, 444, and 449, having been drawn by lot for the sinking fund, the holders thereof are requested to present the same for payment at the office of the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, No. 26 Exchange place, New-York, on or before the 1st proximo, after which time interest will cease on the same.
G. A. INGERSOLL, Treasurer.

OFFICE OF THE ERIE RAILWAY COMPANY,
NEW-YORK, June 9, 1874.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of the Erie Railway Company, for the election of Directors and for the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting, will be held at the office of the company, corner of 8th av. and 23d st., on TUESDAY, the 14th day of July next. The polls will be open at 10 o'clock A. M., and remain open till 2 o'clock P. M. of that day.

The transfer-books of both common and preferred stock will be closed after business hours on Saturday, the 13th inst., and remain closed until Wednesday, the 15th of July next.

By order of the Board.
A. R. MACDONOUGH, Secretary.

COMMERCIAL WAREHOUSE COMPANY.
Cash capital, $2,000,000. Office, No. 29 William st., corner Exchange place. Warehouses, Atlantic Dock, Brooklyn. Cash advances made on first-class securities on demand and time. Cash advances made on all kinds of merchandise stored in our own warehouses, or consigned to us, on favorable terms.
PAUL J. ARMOUR, President; JOSE F. NAVARRO Vice President; JOHN BAIRD, Second Vice President; FELICIANO LATASA, Third Vice President.
Paul J. Armour, Wm. D. Bowerman, C. H. Delamater, José F. Navarro, Feliciano Latasa, Juan J. Jova, John Baird, Thomas Murphy, Henry B. Hyde.
WILLIAM TOBIN, Superintendent of Warehouses.
JAMES CLYNE, Secretary.

TO HOLDERS OF OHIO STATE STOCKS.—Notice is hereby given that the interest due on the 1st day of July, 1874, on the funded debt of the State of Ohio, will be paid at the American Exchange National Bank of New-York, from the 1st to the 16th proximo, and thereafter at our office in this City.

The transfer-books will be closed on the 15th inst., and remain closed until the 16th proximo.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, June 12, 1874.
JAMES WILLIAMS, Auditor of State,
A. T. WIKOFF, Secretary of State,
JOHN LITTLE, Attorney General,
Commissioners of Sinking Fund of State of Ohio.

SECOND MORTGAGES FOR SALE.
One for $75,000.
One for 50,000.
One for 40,000.
On business property worth double both mortgages. None but principals need apply.
Address PRINCIPAL,
Box No. 4,076 Post Office.

NEW-YORK, June 13, 1874.
THE HOLDERS OF THE FIRST MORTGAGE bonds of the Boston, Hartford and Erie Railroad Company, known as the "Birdell" bonds, by communicating with the undersigned, at the office of Grant & Co., No. 33 Wall st., will be informed as to the proposed plans for the transfer of the property to the New-York and New-England Railroad Company.
R. SUYDAM GRANT.

THE ORIENTAL BANK.
CAPITAL.........$300,000 | SURPLUS.........$320,000
WASHINGTON A. HALL, President.
HENRY T. CHAPMAN, Jr., Cashier.
The usual Semi-annual Dividend of Six per Cent., has this day been declared, payable July 1, 1874.
NEW-YORK, June 17, 1874.

NEW-YORK AND OSWEGO MIDLAND RAILROAD.—The first mortgage bondholders are requested to meet on the 19th day of June, at 4 P. M., at the Cooper Institute, same room as before, for purpose of receiving and acting upon the Committee's report.
L. H. MEYER, Chairman.

BROWN BROTHERS & CO.,
NO. 59 WALL ST.,
ISSUE COMMERCIAL and TRAVELERS' CREDITS AVAILABLE in all PARTS of the WORLD.

LIVINGSTON & COMPANY, BANKERS, NO. 10 Pine st., New-York, draw bills on London, receive deposits subject to check; five per cent. allowed on daily balances.

FIRE INSURANCE STOCKS BOUGHT AND sold by WM. C. GILMAN, No. 46 Pine st.

AUCTION SALES.

WILLIAM ABBOTT, Auctioneer—Sales-rooms No. 50 New Bowery.

WILL SELL ON FRIDAY, AT 10:30 O'CLOCK, the furniture, &c., contained in the five-story house at No. 58 Rutgers st., off East Broadway, consisting of chairs, tables, bureaus, and wash-stands, carpets and oil-cloth, book cases, wardrobes, office desks, large iron safes, a large lot of crockery-ware, scales, and cooking utensils; about 100 iron, carved bedsteads; a large number of solid oak settees suitable for Sunday-schools or lecture-rooms; lot of school desks, with chairs; one piano, one metal and one wooden pipe organ, chandeliers, &c. The house to be let for a term of years.

JOHN H. DRAPER & Co., Auctioneers.

THE DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA AND Western Railroad Company will sell 25,000 TONS SCRANTON COAL, at public auction, on WEDNESDAY, June 24, at 12 o'clock noon, at No. 26 Exchange place.
SAMUEL SLOAN, President.

R. V. GARRETTSON, Auctioneer.

HAVEN & CO. WILL SELL, THURSDAY, June 18, at 11 o'clock, all the fixtures, furniture, &c., of the Asbury Life Insurance Company, No. 805 Broadway, corner of 11th st.

EDWARD M. BROWN, Auctioneer.

BY BROWN & SECCOMB, THIS DAY, (THURSday,) June 18, at 12 o'clock, within their store, fresh Menton Lemons, cargo Lur. Can be seen on Pier No. 13 East River.

HELP WANTED.

HOUSEKEEPER.—WANTED, A LADY WITH two or three children, (daughters preferred,) six to twelve years old, to keep house, one hour from the City; a very nice place; no family but the owner; must understand directing servants and to make a home pleasant; undoubted reference will be required and given. Direct B., Box No. 198 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A LADY OF REFINEMENT, TO FILL the position of housekeeper, nurse, and companion to an elderly lady, a short distance in the country; any lady of undoubted character wishing a good home, and capable of filling a position of this kind, may address J. M. T., Box No. 190 *Times* Office.

WANTED—TWO OR THREE EXPERIENCED SUBscription canvassers for a daily paper, on a salary or commission; to first-class men an unusual opportunity is offered. Address, with references, box No. 3,906 Post Office.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

ADVERTISEMENTS ARE RECEIVED FOR THE NEW-YORK TIMES
At the Times Up-Town Office,
No. 54½ West 32d st., junction Broadway and 6th av.,
And the Times West-Side Office,
No. 308 West 23d st., corner of 8th av.
NO EXTRA CHARGE WHATEVER.

A NUMBER OF GOOD GERMAN GIRLS and other good, reliable servants of all nations, Swedish, Welsh, Irish, English, Scotch, and colored, for City or country, hotels, boarding houses, and others, at the Home Bureau, No. 138 6th av., above 10th st.; conducted by American ladies.

AT MRS. LOWE'S GERMAN AGENCY, NOS. 316 and 318 Bowery, entrance on Bleecker st., a large number of well-recommended German servants for all capacities.

AT PELTON & CO.'S, NO. 645 6TH AV., formerly with Bedell.—Competent and reliable servants; highly recommended; both Protestant and Catholic; for City and country.

COLORED EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, NO. 227 West 15th st.—First-class servants for every capacity, porters, &c., girls for private families, boarding and Summer houses supplied.

CHAMBER-WORK AND WAITING AND Help with Washing.—By a neat, tidy young woman, who is willing to be generally useful in a good home; will give best recommendations for honesty, industry, character, &c. Can be seen at Carpenter's, No. 138 West 11th st., corner 6th av.

CHAMBER-MAID, &c.—NURSE.—BY TWO North of Ireland, Protestant girls, one as chamber-maid and waitress, other to take care of children and do sewing, (together;) are sober and obliging; City or country; good City references. Apply at No. 344 West 26th st.

CHAMBER-MAID AND SEAMSTRESS.—BY a respectable young woman, as chamber-maid and seamstress; can operate on Wheeler & Wilson's and Singer's machine; willing and obliging. Call at present employer's, No. 22 East 30th st., Wednesday and Thursday, before 2 o'clock.

CHAMBER-MAID AND LAUNDRESS.—BY A very nice girl, who is a good laundress and fine washer and ironer, and a very good chamber-maid; has two years' references, and is very anxious to get a place. Can be seen at No. 621 6th av., between 36th and 37th sts., first floor.

COOK, LAUNDRESS, &c.—BY TWO ENGLISH Protestant women, with good recommendations; one as meat and pastry cook, the other as first-class laundress, head ironer, &c.; they are desirous of obtaining a situation together or separate, in a hotel or boarding-house in the country. Inquire at the Home Bureau, No. 138 6th av., above 10th st.

CHAMBER-MAID, WAITRESS, OR NURSE.—By a young Swedish woman, speaking English; family going abroad; excellent references; is a good seamstress. Call at the Swedish Office, No. 108 East 27th st., between 4th and Lexington avs.

CHAMBER-MAID AND WAITRESS.—BY A young girl as chamber-maid and waitress, or taking care of children and sewing; City or country; City reference. Call at No. 571 3d av.

COOK AND HOUSE-WORK.—BY A THOROUGH good cook, washer and ironer, for City and country, by an excellent young colored woman, with several years' recommendations; is kind among children, and good disposition. Can be seen at the Home Bureau, No. 136 6th av., above 10th st.

COOK AND CHAMBER-MAID.—BY TWO very good girls, who are willing to do the work of a family between them; City or country; both understand their work well; present employer can be seen, and will give best recommendations. Call at No. 138 West 11th st., corner 6th av.

COOK.—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT WOMAN as cook; capable of doing all kinds of good cooking in a private family; excellent baker; can make desserts; no objection to the country, and will assist with coarse washing; best City reference. Call at No. 230 West 16th st., candy store.

COOK.—IN CITY OR COUNTRY, BY AN EXPERIenced woman, as cook in a hotel or Summer house as meat or pastry cook; has first-class reference, and can take entire charge of kitchen. Apply at Mrs. Whitfield's, No. 110 6th av., next door to Park & Tilford's grocery.

COOK.—BY A HIGHLY RESPECTABLE NORTH OF Ireland young woman; excellent cook; can do French and English and all other cooking; meats, game, fowls, pastry, creams, jellies, ices; gets up nice side-dishes; good baker; best references. Call at Bookham's new office, No. 309 4th av.

COOK.—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN AS GOOD cook and baker; understands pastry, game, and soups, making butter, if required; would like to go with a family to the country; good reference. Call for two days at No. 392 2d av., in crockery store.

COOK—CHAMBER-MAID.—BY TWO EXCELlent North of Ireland girls; they are very capable in their line of business; the one as cook and laundress, the other as chamber-maid and waitress; City or country. Call at No. 106 6th av., over shoe store.

COOK.—BY A SWEDISH WOMAN; IS A THOROughly capable cook; has a quiet, civil, obliging disposition; has good recommendations; City or country, public or private place. Call at No. 106 6th av., over shoe store.

COOK.—BY A VERY RESPECTABLE WOMAN, about thirty; very good family cook; has lived in the best families; understands the milk and butter; expert baker; country or City; best testimonials for honesty; sober, obliging, &c. Call at No. 309 4th av.

COOK, WASHER, AND IRONER.—BY A very nice girl, who is a very good cook and a nice washer and ironer; would prefer to stay in the City; has the best of references. Call at No. 621 6th av., between 36th and 37th sts., first floor.

COOK.—IN CITY OR COUNTRY, BY A GOOD cook; is a first-class baker, and willing to assist in the washing; best of references; is neat, orderly, and thoroughly competent. Apply at Mrs. Whitfield's, No. 110 6th av., next to Park & Tilford's grocery.

COOK.—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN AS FIRST-class cook, makes excellent bread and biscuits, soups, desserts, jellies, preserves, pastry, &c.; has unexceptionable City reference. Can be seen at Odell's Agency, No. 109 West 34th st., corner Broadway. Inquire for A. C.

COOK, WASH, AND IRON, OR GENERAL housework, by a neat, industrious girl; good cook and excellent washer and ironer; respectful, economical, and willing servant; best references; City or country. Call at No. 111 Atlantic st., Brooklyn.

COOK AND LAUNDRESS.—BY A NEAT AND respectable young woman as cook and laundress; is an excellent cook and a thorough laundress; unexceptionable City references; City or country. Apply at A. Pelton & Co.'s, No. 645 6th av., near 38th st.

COOK.—IN THE COUNTRY BY A COLORED COOK, in a private family; understands meats, soups, game, pastry, &c.; best of references. Apply at Mrs. Whitfield's, No. 110 6th av., next to Park & Tilford's grocery.

COOK.—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOMAN AS good family cook; understands milk and butter; has seven years' reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 252 East 42d st., between Lexington and 3d avs.

COOK AND GENERAL HOUSE-WORK.—By a Swedish woman, for City or country; has good references. Can be seen at the Home Bureau, No. 138 6th av., above 10th st.

COOK, &c.—CHAMBER-MAID, &c.—BY two girls; one as cook, washer, and ironer; the other as chamber-maid and waitress; City or country. Call at No. 247½ Bowery.

COOK, &c.—BY A GERMAN GIRL AS PLAIN cook; will do washing and ironing, or general house-work in a small private family; best of reference. Call at No. 391 8th av.

COOK.—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL AS COOK; expert at all kinds of pastry, and will assist with washing; best City reference. Call at No. 254 West 37th st., between 7th and 8th avs.

COOK, &c.—CHAMBER-MAID AND WAITRESS.—By two good girls; one as cook, will assist with washing; other as chamber-maid and waitress. Apply at present employer's, No. 247 West 22d st.

COOK.—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN AS FIRST-class cook; understands all kinds of cooking pastry and cooking in general; no objection to the country; best City reference. Call at 230 West 18th st.

COOK.—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOMAN AS first-class cook in a private family; understands all kinds of cooking desired in a gentleman's family; excellent City reference. Apply at Bedell's, No. 340 4th av.

COOK—LAUNDRESS.—BY TWO EXPERIENCED women, one as cook and the other laundress; both thoroughly competent; excellent reference. Call at No. 117 West 24th st., near 6th av.

COOK.—BY A COMPETENT WOMAN AS COOK; will assist with washing or take charge of a dairy; City or country; excellent reference. Call at present employer's, No. 17 West 46th st.

COOK.—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL AS COOK, washer, and ironer; willing and obliging; has first-class City reference; no objection to the country. Apply at No. 410 3d av., in the book store.

COOK.—BY A FIRST-CLASS COOK; THOROUGHLY understands her business in all its branches; French and Spanish cooking; best City reference. Call at No. 224 West 32d st., between 7th and 8th avs.

COOK, WASHER, AND IRONER.—BY A RESPECTABLE woman as cook, washer, and ironer in a private family; no objection to the country; good City reference if required. Call at No. 341 West 16th st.

COOK.—BY A WELL-RECOMMENDED GERMAN girl to cook, wash, and iron; very willing; City or country. Call at No. 93 East Houston st., up-stairs.

COOK.—BY A FIRST-CLASS FAMILY COOK, WHO will wash and iron for a small family; with references. Can be seen at No. 68 West 37th st.

COOK.—BY A FIRST-CLASS COOK; UNDERSTANDS her business thoroughly; willing to assist with washing; good reference. Call at No. 221 West 27th st.

FAMILIES REQUIRING HELP FOR ANY situation may provide themselves with the best of all nationalities by applying, in person or by written order, at the FRENCH OFFICE, No. 68 West 37th st.

GOVERNESS OR COMPANION.—BY A VERY educated young German lady, who speaks French fluently, wishes an engagement as governess or companion to a lady; best of references. Address G. D., Box No. 269 Post Office, New-York.

HOUSEKEEPER.—BY A RESPECTABLE WIDOW lady; would like to take charge of a house during the Summer months; or would go as infant's nurse with a lady in the country; is kind and fond of children. Apply in the store, No. 703 6th av.

HOUSE-WORK.—BY A BRIGHT, INTELLIGENT young girl, who has been in the country but a short time, and is willing to be generally useful in any capacity; is kind and attentive to children; will be recommended for honesty and industry. Call at No. 138 West 11th st., corner 6th av.

HOUSE-WORK.—BY A NORWEGIAN PROTESTANT young woman to do general house-work; is a plain cook, washer, and ironer; speaks English; City or country. Call at No. 106 6th av., over shoe store.

HOUSE-WORK.—BY A GERMAN GIRL WITH two years and six months' recommendations, to do general house-work; City or country. Inquire at No. 279 Bowery, entrance on Houston st.

HOUSE-WORK.—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT girl to do house work; would like to go into the country. Call at No. 83 Lewis st., second floor, front room.

HOUSE-WORK.—IN A SMALL PRIVATE FAMILY. Call at No. 34 Orchard st.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

HOUSE-MAID.—BY A FIRST-CLASS ENGLISH house-maid or regular chamber-maid, Protestant. Call at No. 68 West 37th st., French Office.

KITCHEN MAID.—BY A GENERAL HOUSEwork girl, or kitchen maid; well recommended. Can be seen at No. 68 West 37th st.

LAUNDRESS, CHAMBER-MAID AND LAUNdress, or Fine Washing.—By a neat, respectable, and industrious young woman as laundress and chamber-maid; is competent in any capacity; honest, sober, obliging, &c.; country or City. Call at No. 106 6th av., over shoe store.

LAUNDRESS.—BY A FIRST-CLASS, NEAT, TIDY girl, who thoroughly understands all branches of the business, puffs, flutes, ruffling, &c.; either in City or country; good recommendations. Call at the Home Bureau, No. 138 6th av., above 10th st.

LAUNDRESS.—IN THE COUNTRY BY A COLORED laundress, in a private family; understands laces, puffing, fluting, &c.; best of references. Apply at Mrs. Whitfield's, No. 110 6th av., next to Park & Tilford's grocery.

NURSE OR NURSERY GOVERNESS, INvalid or sick nurse, or to make herself generally useful; not above her business; terms moderate; an American young woman, highly respectable and educated, teaches and speaks French fluently; competent to fill either situation; best testimonials. Call at Bookham's new office, No. 309 4th av.

NURSE AND SEAMSTRESS.—BY A RESPECTable English Protestant; is a good seamstress, and understands the care of children entirely, either an infant or growing children; has first-class references; no objection to make herself useful, and would go any distance in the country. Call at No. 621 6th av., between 36th and 37th sts., Jacquin's.

NURSE.—BY AN ENGLISH WOMAN, FOR INFANT or invalid, who thoroughly understands her business; speaks English and French; country preferred; best recommendations. Inquire at the Home and Bureau, No. 138 6th av., above 10th st.

NURSE.—BY A HEALTHY YOUNG WOMAN AS wet nurse, who has lately lost her husband; is very kind and affectionate to children; has no objections to the country; will give excellent recommendations as to character, honesty, and responsibility. Call at No. 138 West 11th st., corner 6th av.

NURSE.—FOR GROWING CHILDREN; IS FULLY capable of taking the entire charge of the nursery; is fond of children; would assist in housekeeping; understands household duties; best City reference. Call at No. 781 7th av., near 52d st.

NURSE AND SEAMSTRESS.—BY A RESPECTable young French woman as experienced children's nurse and seamstress; no objection to the country; has very good City reference. Can be seen at No. 69 4th av., between 9th and 10th sts.

NURSE.—BY AN INTELLIGENT, MIDDLE-AGED colored woman, in the country, (or would travel) as nurse to an invalid, or child two or three years old; is competent to fill a place of responsibility. Can be seen at her present employer's, No. 131 East 17th st.

NURSE AND SEAMSTRESS.—BY A RESPECTable middle-aged English Protestant woman as nurse and seamstress; is a neat hand-sewer, or can take charge of an infant from its birth; unexceptionable City references. Apply at Bedell's, No. 340 4th av.

NURSE OR CHILDREN'S MAID.—ENGLISH; just arrived; lived with first-class families in England; can have good City references; City or country. Can be seen any time at No. 22 East 16th st.

NURSE.—BY A YOUNG AMERICAN GIRL AS child's nurse, and do plain sewing; best of City reference. Apply at No. 176 7th av.

NURSE.—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL, TO TAKE care of growing children going to the country. Apply at present employer's, No. 153 East 56th st.

SEAMSTRESS, &c.—BY A NEAT, ACTIVE, AMERican young woman, as seamstress and dress-maker; can operate and take care of children; City or country; best of City reference. Call at No. 203 West 27th st., near 7th av.

SEAMSTRESS.—BY A SWEDISH LADY TO GO out in private families by the day, week, or month, as seamstress; can cut, fit, trim, and work on machine; good reference. Call or address No. 1 17th st., corner of 5th av.

SEAMSTRESS.—BY A GIRL AS SEAMSTRESS and lady's maid; understands her duties thoroughly; best City references. Call for two days at No. 341 6th av., between 21st and 22d sts., second floor, in dress-maker's.

SERVANT.—IN THE COUNTRY, BY A STOUT, ACtive woman, as general servant; understands the care of milk and butter. Apply at Mrs. Whitfield's, No. 110 6th av., next Park & Tilford's grocery.

WAITRESS.—BY A RESPECTABLE PRESBYTErian woman in a private family as waitress and chamber-maid; the best of reference can be given. Apply at No. 338 East 26th st., between 1st and 2d avs.

WAITRESS.—BY A COLORED GIRL, NEAT AND tidy, just from Norfolk, Va., as waitress or general house-work in a small family; willing to go to the country. Call at No. 543 6th av., second floor.

WAITRESS.—BY A VERY NEAT AND TIDY YOUNG woman as first-class waitress in a private family; understands care of silver and making salads, &c.; has excellent City reference. Apply at Bedell's, 340 4th av.

MALES.

COACHMAN AND GROOM.—BY A RESPECTAble man as coachman in City or country; will be found willing and obliging; thoroughly understands his business; two years' unexceptionable references from last employer. Call Wednesday and Thursday for Wm. K., at Veterinary Institute, No. 15 West 44th st.

COACHMAN AND GROOM.—BY A COLORED young man; excellent coachman and groom; good driver; thoroughly understands care of horses, stock, gardening, farming, or any work about a gentleman's place; willing to do it; very highest testimonials. Call at Bookham's new office, No. 309 4th av.

COACHMAN AND GROOM.—BY A RESPECTAble, clean, active young man, single; is a thorough groom and experienced City driver; is sober, honest, willing, and obliging; City or country; City reference from last employer. Call on M., coachman, Coleman's harness store, No. 778 6th av., corner of 44th st.

COACHMAN AND GROOM.—BY AN ENGLISH Protestant young man; excellent coachman and groom; good driver; thoroughly understands care of horses, stock, gardening; will take full charge of a gentleman's residence; willing to do it; very highest testimonials. Call at Bookham's new office, 309 4th av.

COACHMAN AND GARDENER.—BY A YOUNG Scotchman, who thoroughly understands the care of horses, harness, carriages, &c.; is a stylish driver; best of City and country reference. Address S. C., Box No. 196, *Times* Office.

COACHMAN.—A GENTLEMAN LEAVING THE City wants a place for his coachman; can recommend him in every respect as thoroughly understanding his business. Apply at Room No. 92 Drexel Building, Broad st.

COACHMAN.—BY A SINGLE YOUNG MAN OF long experience; is a first-rate driver and excellent groom; has the best City reference from last employer. Address H. M., Box No. 124 *Times* Up-town Office, No. 54½ West 32d st.

COACHMAN AND GROOM.—HAVING THE highest recommendations from his late employer, as coachman and groom. Inquire at Wood Gibson's, No. 793 Broadway.

FARM-WORK, &c.—BY A RESPECTABLE Frenchman, aged twenty-eight years, who was brought up a farmer, and can plow, hoe, mow, rake and bind, fork hay, milk, care cattle and horses, drive, &c.; wages moderate. Call at Carpenter's, No. 138 West 11th st., corner 6th av.

FARM-WORK AND USEFUL MAN.—BY A single young man, lately landed, who is a first-rate groom, and can drive horses, do farm-work, and assist in garden, mow lawns, &c.; best references. Call at Carpenter's, No. 138 West 11th st., corner 6th av.

GARDENER.—BY A GERMAN, AGED TWENTY-eight; married; as head waiter in a private place; would prefer one where plants are grown for specimens, viz.: orchids, stove and greenhouse plants; can be highly recommended. Address A. F. Chatfield, Exotic Nurseries, Chestnut st., Albany, N. Y.

HANDY MAN, COACHMAN, &c.—BY AN English Protestant man, aged twenty-three years, with best recommendations; can do carpentering and painting, care and drive horses, milk, care cattle, &c. Call at Carpenter's, 138 West 11th st., corner 6th av.

PORTER.—BY A YOUNG (COLORED) MAN, IN A store; willing and obliging; good City reference. Call on or address for two days, A. Morris, No. 9 West 14th st.

SERVANT IN HOTEL, BOARDING-HOUSE OR PRIvate House.—By a Swiss Protestant young man, aged twenty-two years, who can build fires, clean rooms, also carpets, furniture, and mirrors, wash windows, clean sidewalks, &c., &c.; best recommendations. Call at Carpenter's, No. 138 West 11th st., corner 6th av.

USEFUL MAN AND WIFE—COOK, WASH, and Iron.—By an English Protestant man and wife (one child of ten years;) very useful in the country; wife will cook, wash, and iron, or do general house-work; man will act as coachman and groom or will do farm-work, &c.; understands the care of horses and cattle, milk, &c.; good recommendations. Inquire at the Home Bureau, No. 138 6th av., above 10th st.

USEFUL MAN.—BY A COLORED MAN, ON A gentleman's place in the country; by the year; is a good stone mason, and understands all kinds of frame work; can furnish the best of references from last employer of five years. Address D. S. Brown, Box No. 187 Morristown, N. J.

USEFUL MAN.—BY A MAN, AGED THIRTY-seven years, who can take care of and drive horses, do gardening, repair roads and walks, milk, take care of cattle, mow lawns, &c., &c.; good recommendations. Call at Carpenter's, 138 West 11th st., corner 6th av.

USEFUL MAN.—BY A NORWEGIAN, AGED twenty-five years; speaks good English; is a good groom and driver, and can care cattle, milk, build fires, and make himself useful; good recommendations. Call at Carpenter's, No. 138 West 11th st., corner 6th av.

WAITER.—BY A FIRST-CLASS WAITER MAN IN A private family; thoroughly understands his business; has no objection to go any distance in the country. Can be seen for two days in his last employment at No. 5 East 33th st.

WAITER.—BY AN EXPERIENCED FRENCH WAITer in a private family or hotel, who is expert at his duties in every respect and has many years' unexceptionable references from first-class families; speaks English perfectly. Address J. J., *Times* Up-Town Office, No. 54½ West 32d st.

WAITER.—BY A VERY RESPECTABLE COLORED young man, capable and reliable, as waiter, groom, porter, fireman, or will make himself generally useful around a gentleman's place. Can be seen at No. 543 6th av., second floor.

WAITER.—BY A SWEDE; HAS HAD SOME EXperience; speaks English and French; is willing to do everything required; low wages to begin with; the best of references. Call at the Swedish Office, No. 108 East 27th st.

WAITER.—BY A COLORED BOY, THIRTEEN years of age, just from the South, as waiter, or with a doctor; not particular about the wages. Can be seen at No. 543 6th av., second floor.

WAITER OR VALET.—BY A RESPECTABLE Englishman, aged thirty; thoroughly up to his work, with first-rate testimonials. Apply by letter to G. H., No. 22 East 16th st.

WAITER.—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG MAN AS waiter in a private family; is thoroughly competent and well recommended. Apply at Bedell's, No. 340 4th av.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

MALES.

WAITER.—BY A COLORED MAN TO TAKE CHARGE of a boarding-house as waiter; understands [illegible] ing and carving. Call or address residence, J. B., No. 15 Grand st.

WAITER.—BY AN ENGLISHMAN AS WAITER IN a private family; best of City reference given. Can be seen at present employer's, No. 16 East 10th st.

PROPOSALS.

BOARD OF EDUCATION.

Sealed proposals will be received by the Board of School Trustees of the several wards, as hereinafter named, at the Hall of the Board of Education, for the Repairs, Painting, and Alterations of Buildings, Furniture, and Heating Apparatus, required to be done or furnished during the months of July and August, 1874, in their respective wards, as follows:

By the Trustees of the First Ward, until 9:30 o'clock A. M., on MONDAY, June 22.
JOHN McINTIRE, Chairman.

By the Trustees of the Fourth Ward, until 9:30 o'clock A. M., on MONDAY, June 22.
M. FRIEDMAN, Chairman.

By the Trustees of the Fifth Ward, until 4 o'clock P. M., on MONDAY, June 22.
WM. L. HARDING, Chairman.

By the Trustees of the Sixth Ward, until 4 o'clock P. M., on MONDAY, June 22.
TIMOTHY BRENNAN, Chairman.

By the Trustees of the Seventh Ward, until 9:30 o'clock A. M., on TUESDAY, June 23.
DAVID HAYS, Chairman.

By the Trustees of the Eighth Ward, until 9:30 o'clock A. M., on TUESDAY, June 23.
PHILIP KETTERER, Chairman.

By the Trustees of the Ninth Ward, until 4 o'clock P. M., on TUESDAY, June 23.
CHARLES S. WRIGHT, Chairman.

By the Trustees of the Tenth Ward, until 4 o'clock, P. M., on TUESDAY, June 23.
J. B. TAYLOR, M. D., Chairman.

By the Trustees of the Eleventh Ward, until 9:30 o'clock A. M., on WEDNESDAY, June 24.
GEORGE B. RHOADS, Chairman.

By the Trustees of the Twelfth Ward, until 9:30 A. M., on WEDNESDAY, June 24.
DAVID H. KNAPP, Chairman.

By the Trustees of the Thirteenth Ward, until 4 o'clock P. M., on WEDNESDAY, June 24.
FREDERICK GERMAN, Chairman.

By the Trustees of the Fourteenth Ward, until 4 o'clock P. M., on WEDNESDAY, June 24.
FRANKLIN SMITH, M. D., Chairman.

By the Trustees of the Fifteenth Ward, until 9:30 o'clock A. M., on THURSDAY, June 25.
EDWARD SCHELL, Chairman.

By the Trustees of the Sixteenth Ward, until 9:30 o'clock A. M. on THURSDAY, June 25.
MATTHEW BIRD, Chairman.

By the Trustees of the Seventeenth Ward, until 4 o'clock P. M., on THURSDAY, June 25.
HENRY MERZ, Chairman.

By the Trustees of the Eighteenth Ward, until 4 o'clock P. M., on THURSDAY, June 25.
JOHN F. TROW, Chairman.

By the Trustees of the Nineteenth Ward, until 9:30 o'clock A. M., on SATURDAY, June 27.
RICHARD KELLY, Chairman.

By the Trustees of the Twentieth Ward, until 9:30 o'clock A. M., on FRIDAY, June 26.
HENRY D. RANNEY, M. D., Chairman.

By the Trustees of the Twenty-first Ward, until 4 P. M., on FRIDAY, June 26.
JOHN STEPHENSON, Chairman.

By the Trustees of the Twenty-second Ward, until 4 o'clock P. M., on FRIDAY, June 26.
JOEL W. MASON, Chairman.

By the Trustees of the Twenty-third Ward, until 4 o'clock P. M., on MONDAY, June 29.
NATHAN S. KING, M. D., Chairman.

By the Trustees of the Twenty-fourth Ward, until 4 o'clock P. M., on MONDAY, June 29.
MORRIS WILKINS, Chairman.

Plans and specifications may be seen at the office of the Superintendent of School-buildings, No. 146 Grand st., third floor.

Two responsible and approved sureties, residents of this City, will be required from each successful bidder; proposals will not be considered unless sureties are named.

The name of a party or firm submitting a proposal must be indorsed on the outside of the envelope containing said proposal.

The Trustees reserve the right to reject any or all of the proposals submitted.

Dated NEW-YORK, June 8, 1874.

UNITED STATES ARMY BUILDING, OFFICE PURCHASING AND DEPOT COMMISSARY OF SUBSISTENCE, NEW-YORK CITY, June 15, 1874.

SEALED PROPOSALS, IN DUPLICATE, will be received at this office until 12 o'clock M., July 16, 1874, for supplying for the use of the United States Army 50,000 pounds of manufactured tobacco. This amount, at the option of the Commissary General, within six months subsequent to date of award of contract, to be increased as much as 50,000 pounds.

Proposals will state what kind of leaf tobacco is to be used, and when such leaf was raised and cured; whether or not binders are to be used; what kind of casing is to be used; whether the tobacco is to be machine or band made; when and where the tobacco is to be manufactured.

TWENTY-FIVE THOUSAND POUNDS of the tobacco contracted for must be made and delivered within thirty days of notification of award of contract. The remainder must be made and delivered within four months thereafter, provided the Subsistence Department may require not exceeding 20,000 pounds to be delivered per month, until the entire amount has been delivered and accepted. Any tobacco required under the second clause of the first paragraph of this advertisement must be made and delivered, in addition to the above, at a rate not to exceed 10,000 pounds per month, until all the tobacco has been received and accepted.

The tobacco must be made in plugs weighing eight (8) ounces each, and be in every respect equal to the standard which has been adopted by the Subsistence Department.

The tobacco must be packed in caddies of twenty-one pounds net each, and the caddies packed in cases, each case containing eight (8) caddies. The cases to be lead-lined and securely strapped for shipment.

Samples (one case packed as above) of the tobacco proposed to be furnished, must accompany proposals, and be referred to therein. Reference will also be made in the proposals to the caddies and case to be furnished, as to kind and condition of material, &c.

An officer of the Subsistence Department and an expert will inspect the samples, the leaf to be used, and the tobacco in process of manufacture, and when ready for delivery.

The tobacco will be accepted, which, in all respects, is deemed to be best for the use of the army, the department reserving the right to reject any and all bids, which, in their judgment, it is not for the interest of the Government to accept.

Two sureties, who will agree to guarantee the execution of the contract according to its true intent and meaning, and who will enter into a bond in the sum of ten thousand dollars to that effect, if required, will sign the bids as well as the proposer.

M. R. MORGAN,
Brevet Brigadier General and C. S.

PROPOSALS FOR FURNISHING RATIONS FOR light-vessels, supply-vessels, and tenders in the Third Light-house District.

LIGHT-HOUSE INSPECTOR'S OFFICE,
TOMPKINSVILLE, N. Y., June 16, 1874.

Sealed proposals will be received at this office until 12 o'clock M., on FRIDAY, the 26th day of June, 1874, for furnishing and delivering rations for the tenders, light-vessels, and supply-vessels, in the Third Light-house District, for one year, from the 1st day of July, 1874, to the 30th June, 1875, inclusive. The rations to be of good and approved quality; to be delivered alongside of the light-house tender, or other vessel provided for the purpose, at either New-London or New-York, as may be ordered, in good and sufficient packages, barrels, boxes, and cases, and in good order, for the number of persons which will be specified by the Inspector for each vessel, once a quarter, free of all expense to the United States, agreeably to specifications and tables marked A and B attached thereto, which will form a part of the contract, copies of which may be had by applying at this office.

All bids must be sealed and indorsed "Proposals for Rations for Light-vessels, &c.," and then placed in another envelope, and left or directed to this office, prepaid, if sent by mail.

The right is reserved to reject any or all bids.

By order of the Light-house Board.
STEPHEN D. TRENCHARD,
Commodore U. S. N., and Light-house Inspector.

OFFICE LIGHT-HOUSE INSPECTOR,
TOMPKINSVILLE, N. Y., May 26, 1874.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED AT this office until 12 o'clock M., on FRIDAY, the 26th day of June next, for raising, replacing, and keeping in their proper positions, and in good order, all the buoys now in the Fire Island Inlet, and such others as may be authorized for one year, from the 1st day of July next to the succeeding 30th day of June, according to the regulations of the Light-house Board and the printed specifications, copies of which can be had by applying at this office.

By order of the Light-house Board.
STEPHEN D. TRENCHARD,
Light-house Inspector, Third District.

OFFICE LIGHT-HOUSE INSPECTOR,
TOMPKINSVILLE, N. Y., May 26, 1874.

SEPARATE SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE received at this office until 12 o'clock M., on FRIDAY, the 26th day June next, for raising, replacing, and keeping in their proper positions, and in good order, all the buoys now in the Hudson River, between Albany and Troy and between Albany and New-York, and such others as may be authorized, for one year, from the 1st day of July next to the succeeding 30th day of June, according to the regulations of the Light-house Board and the printed specifications, copies of which can be had by applying at this office.

By order of the Light-house Board,
STEPHEN D. TRENCHARD,
Light-house Inspector, Third District.

OFFICE LIGHT-HOUSE INSPECTOR,
TOMPKINSVILLE, N. Y., May 26, 1874.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED AT this office until 12 o'clock M., on FRIDAY, the 26th day of June next, for raising, replacing, and keeping in their proper positions, and in good order, all the buoys now in the Rockaway and New Inlets, and such others as may be authorized, for one year, from the 1st day of July next to the succeeding 30th day of June, according to the regulations of the Light-house Board and the printed specifications, copies of which can be had by applying at this office.

By order of the Light-house Board.
STEPHEN D. TRENCHARD,
Light-house Inspector, Third District.

OFFICE LIGHT-HOUSE INSPECTOR,
TOMPKINSVILLE, N. Y., May 26, 1874.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED AT this office until 12 o'clock M., on FRIDAY, the 26th day of June next, for raising, replacing, and keeping in their proper positions, and in good order, all the buoys now in the channels of Lake Champlain, and such others as may be authorized, for one year, from the 1st day of July next to the succeeding 30th day of June, according to the regulations of the Light-house Board and the printed specifications, copies of which can be had by applying at this office.

By order of the Light-house Board.
STEPHEN D. TRENCHARD,
Light-house Inspector, Third District.

PROPOSALS FOR GRANITE AND IRON WORK.

Sealed proposals will be received by the Department of Public Parks until 9:30 A. M., June 19, 1874, for the IRON WORK, also the GRANITE WORK, as part of the building known as the MUSEUM OF ART, Central Park. For full particulars see the *City Record*. Copies for sale at No. 2 City Hall.

SCREENED GRAVEL.

Sealed proposals will be received by the Department of Public Parks, until 9:30 A. M., Jan 19, 1874, for 5,000 cubic yards of SCREENED GRAVEL. For full particulars see the *City Record*. Copies for sale at No. 2 City Hall.

PROPOSALS FOR COAL.

Sealed proposals will be received by the Department of Charities and Correction until 2 P. M., June 29, 1874, for 8,000 gross tons of coal. For full particulars see the *City Record*. Copies for sale at No. 2 City Hall.

SHIPPING.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAM-SHIP LINE

TO CALIFORNIA, JAPAN AND CHINA,
VIA PANAMA.
RATES OF PASSAGE,
(Including all necessaries for the trip:)

New-York to San Francisco, $50, $100, or $110 currency.
San Francisco to Yokohama, $150, gold.
San Francisco to Hong Kong, $200, gold.
Steamers leave Pier No. 42 North River, New-York, as follows:
COLON, Capt. S. P. Griffin, June 20, at 12 noon.
CITY OF PANAMA, Capt. C. C. Lima, June 27, at 12 noon. Freight and way passengers only.
ACAPULCO, Capt. J. M. Dow, Tuesday, July 7.
And every alternate SATURDAY thereafter, connecting with all steamers for Central American and South Pacific ports.

Extra steamers for freight and way passengers will be dispatched on intervening Saturdays as necessity may require.

Steamers leave San Francisco for Japan and China, as follows:
JAPAN......June 13
GREAT REPUBLIC......June 27
and every fortnightly Saturday thereafter.

Steamers leave China and Japan for San Francisco and New-York as follows:

From Hong Kong..May 13	From Yokohama...May 22
From Hong Kong..May 27	From Yokohama...June 5
From Hong Kong..June 10	From Yokohama...June 19

Tea will be brought from San Francisco to New-York fast, in twenty-eight days, at $49, gold, per ton of 2,000 pounds.

For freight and passage, or further information, apply at company's office, on wharf foot Canal st., New-York.
H. J. BULLAY, Superintendent.
RUFUS HATCH, Managing Director.
G. H. DAYTON, Freight Agent.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO, VIA STRAITS OF MAGELLAN.

NOTICE TO SHIPPERS.
THE PACIFIC MAIL STEAM-SHIP COMPANY will dispatch their new and magnificent iron steam-ship CITY OF PEKING, 5,000 tons burden, for San Francisco, as above, on or about July 15, 1874. Clipper freight taken at unusually low rates. The CITY OF TOKIO, sister ship to the above will follow and sail on or about Aug. 15. For rates of passage, freight, or other information, apply at Company's office on wharf, Pier No. 42 North River, foot of Canal st., New-York.
H. J. BULLAY, Superintendent,
RUFUS HATCH, Managing Director.
G. H. DAYTON, Freight Agent.

WHITE STAR LINE.

FOR QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL, CARRYING UNITED STATES MAIL.
NEW AND FULL-POWERED STEAM-SHIPS.

Sailing from New-York on SATURDAYS, from Liverpool on THURSDAYS, calling at Cork Harbor each way.
ADRIATIC......SATURDAY, June 20, at 10 A. M.
OCEANIC......SATURDAY, July 4, at 9 A. M.
REPUBLIC......SATURDAY, July 11, at 3 P. M.
CELTIC......SATURDAY, July 18, at 9 A. M.
From White Star Dock, Pier No. 52 North River.

Passenger accommodations (for all classes) unrivaled, combining
SAFETY, SPEED, AND COMFORT.
Saloon, State-rooms, smoking-room and Bath-rooms in MIDSHIP section, where least motion is felt. Surgeons and stewardesses accompany these steamers.

Rates—Saloon, $80, gold; return tickets, $140, gold; steerage at low rates. Those wishing to send for friends from the old country can now obtain steerage prepaid certificates at low rates.

Passengers booked to or from all parts of America, to Paris, Hamburg, Norway, Sweden, India, Australia, China, &c.

Drafts from £1 upward.

For inspection of plans and other information apply at the Company's offices, No. 19 Broadway, New-York.
R. J. CORTIS, Agent.

CUNARD LINE.

NOTICE.
With the view of diminishing the chances of collision, the steamers of this line take a specified course for all seasons of the year.

On the outward passage from Queenstown to New-York or Boston, crossing meridian of 50 at 43 latitude, or nothing to the north of 43.

On the homeward passage, crossing the meridian of 50 at 42, or nothing to the north of 42.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAM-SHIPS, BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR.

FROM NEW-YORK.	FROM NEW-YORK.
*Cuba, Wednesday, June 17	Calabria, Wednesday, July 8
Batavia, Saturday, June 20	*Scotia, Wed'day, July 15
Abyssinia, Wed'y, June 24	Algeria, Saturday, July 18
*Russia, Wednesday, July 1	Cuba, Wednesday, July 22
China, Saturday, July 4	Abyssinia, Wed'day, July 29

And every following WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY from New-York.

Steamers marked thus * do not carry steerage passengers.

Rates of passage—Cabin, $80, $100, and $130, gold, according to accommodation. Return tickets on favorable terms. Steerage at lowest rates. Steerage tickets from Liverpool and Queenstown, and all parts of Europe, at lowest rates. For freight and cabin passage apply at the company's office, No. 4 Bowling green; for steerage passage, No. 111 Broadway, Trinity Building.
CHAS. G. FRANCKLYN, Agent.

STATE LINE.

NEW-YORK TO GLASGOW, LIVERPOOL, BELFAST, AND LONDONDERRY.

These elegant new Clyde-built steamers will sail from Pier No. 36 North River as follows:
STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA......Wednesday, June 24
STATE OF VIRGINIA......Wednesday, July 8
STATE OF GEORGIA......Wednesday, July 22
And every Wednesday thereafter, taking passengers at through rates to all parts of Great Britain and Ireland, Norway, Sweden, Denmark, and Germany. Drafts for £1 and upward. For freight or passage apply to
AUSTIN BALDWIN & CO., Agents,
No. 72 Broadway.
Steerage office, No. 45 Broadway.
STEERAGE AS LOW AS BY ANY OTHER LINE.

THE STATE LINE.

SPECIAL NOTICE.
After Saturday, June 13, the steamers of this line will be dispatched every alternate Wednesday until July 22, when regular weekly sailings (every Wednesday) will commence.

ANCHOR LINE.

PASSAGE RATES REDUCED.
NEW-YORK AND GLASGOW.
STEAMER EVERY ALTERNATE DAY.
From company's piers, 20 and 21 North River, N. Y.

Olympia, Thursday, June 18	Elysia, Saturday...June 27
Australia, Sat'day, June 20	Bolivia, Tuesday...June 30
Ethiopia, Tuesday..June 23	Caledonia, Thurs'y, July 2
Italia, Thursday....June 25	Alexandria, Sat.....July 4

RATES OF PASSAGE—PAYABLE IN CURRENCY.
TO GLASGOW, LIVERPOOL, LONDONDERRY, QUEENSTOWN OR BELFAST.
Cabin, $65 to $80, according to steamer and accommodations. Return tickets issued at reduced rates.
INTERMEDIATE, $30. STEERAGE, $20.
Drafts issued for any amount at lowest rates.
Send for circulars, giving further information, to Company's offices, No. 7 Bowling green.
HENDERSON BROTHERS, Agents.

ONLY DIRECT LINE TO FRANCE.

THE GENERAL TRANSATLANTIC COMPANY'S MAIL STEAM-SHIPS BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND HAVRE, CALLING AT BREST.

The splendid vessels on this favorite route for the Continent, (being more southerly than any other,) will sail from Pier No. 50 North River, as follows:
PEREIRE, Surmont......Saturday...June 27
WASHINGTON, Lachesnez......Saturday...July 11
VILLE DE PARIS, Danre......Saturday...July 25
PRICE OF PASSAGE IN GOLD, (including wine,)
First Cabin, $125...Second Cabin, $75......Third, $35.
Excursion tickets at reduced rates.

American travelers, by taking this line, avoid both transit by English railway and the discomforts of crossing the Channel, besides saving time, trouble, and expense.
GEORGE MACKENZIE, Agent.
No. 58 Broadway.

Note.—*Lengthened* steamers being at present unpopular, it is proper to state the fact that there is not now one such in the *French* line.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

(VIA QUEENSTOWN,)
CARRYING THE UNITED STATES MAILS.

THE LIVERPOOL AND GREAT WESTERN STEAM COMPANY will dispatch one of their first-class full-power iron screw steam-ships from
PIER NO. 46 NORTH RIVER, EVERY TUESDAY, as follows:
WYOMING, Capt. Guard......June 23, 12 M.
NEVADA, Capt. Price......June 30, 3 P. M.
MONTANA, Capt. Forsyth......July 7, 12 M.
IDAHO, Capt. ——......July 14, 3 P. M.
WISCONSIN, Capt. Freeman......July 21, 11 A. M.
MINNESOTA, Capt. Beddoe......July 28, 3 P. M.
Cabin passage, $80, gold.
Steerage passage, (Office No. 29 B'way,) at low rates.
For freight or cabin passage apply to
WILLIAMS & GUION, No. 63 Wall st.

NATIONAL LINE.

Notice.—The most southerly route has *always* been adopted by this company to avoid ice and headlands.
From Piers Nos. 44 and 47 North River.
TO QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL.

Queen..Sat., June 20, 9 A. M.	Spain......July 4, 9:30 A. M.
Italy...Sat., June 27, 3 P. M.	Greece...July 11, 2:30 P. M.

FOR LONDON DIRECT.
ERIN, Capt. Andrews......Thursday, June 25, at 1 P. M.
Cabin passage, $70 and $80, currency. Steerage at greatly reduced price. Return tickets at reduced rates. Prepaid steerage tickets from Liverpool at the lowest rates. Apply at the company's office, No. 69 Broadway.
F. W. J. HURST, Manager.

INMAN LINE—SOUTHERLY COURSE.

Royal Mail Steamers are appointed to sail as follows:
FOR QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL.
CITY OF CHESTER......Saturday, June 20, 10 A. M.
CITY OF RICHMOND......Saturday, June 27, 2 P. M.
CITY OF PARIS......Saturday, July 4, 9 A. M.
CITY OF BROOKLYN......Saturday, July 11, 2 P. M.
CITY OF BRUSSELS......Saturday, July 18, 3 P. M.
CABIN PASSAGE, $80 and $90, gold.
STEERAGE, to and from all points, at reduced rates.
Cabin and general office, No. 5 Broadway.
Steerage Offices, No. 33 Broadway and pier No. 45 North River.
JOHN G. DALE, Agent.

NORTH GERMAN LLOYD STEAM-SHIP CO.

FOR SOUTHAMPTON AND BREMEN.
The steam-ship DONAU, Capt. Ha. F. Neynaber, will sail on WEDNESDAY, June 17, at 2 P. M., from Bremen Pier, foot 3d st., Hoboken, to be followed by steam-ship NECKAR, Capt. J. C. Meyer, on SATURDAY, June 20.
RATES OF PASSAGE TO LONDON, HAVRE, AND BREMEN, payable in gold or its equivalent in currency:

First cabin	$120
Second cabin	72
Steerage	30

For freight or passage apply to
OELRICHS & CO., Agents, No. 2 Bowling green.

NOTICE TO TRAVELERS.

Families or gentlemen going to travel on the Continent of Europe, who can afford the expense of a courier, should never leave Paris without one. Their services are invaluable in relieving the traveler from multiplicity of cares and troubles respecting passports, examination and conveyance of luggage, in securing the best accommodation, in protecting the traveler from imposition, and an infinity of annoyances to which they are exposed in various parts of the Continent. Competent and trustworthy couriers and traveling servants may always be obtained by applying to the COURIER SOCIETY, No. 8 Rue d'alger, near the Tuileries Garden, Paris.

UNITED STATES PASSPORT BUREAU.—United States passports, indispensable to travelers, issued by J. B. NONES, Passport Agent, No. 91 Duane st., corner Broadway.

SHIPPING.

FOR SAVANNAH, GA.

THE FLORIDA PORTS, AND THE SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST.
GREAT SOUTHERN FREIGHT AND PASSENGER LINE.
CENTRAL RAILROAD OF GEORGIA, AND ATLANTIC AND GULF RAILROAD.
WEDNESDAYS AND SATURDAYS.
THE STEAM-SHIPS

SAN SALVADOR, Capt. Nickerson, SATURDAY, June 20, from Pier No. 43 North River, at 3 P. M.
WM. R. GARRISON, Agent, No. 5 Bowling green.

LEO, Capt. Dearborn, WEDNESDAY, June 24, from Pier No. 16 East River, at 3 P. M.
MURRAY, FERRIS & CO., Agents, No. 62 South st.

H. LIVINGSTON, Capt Mallory, SATURDAY, June 27, from Pier No. 43 North River, at 3 P. M.
WM. R. GARRISON, Agent, No. 5 Bowling green.

MONTGOMERY, Capt. Faircloth, WEDNESDAY, July 1, from Pier No. 13 North River, at 3 P. M.
R. LOWDEN, Agent, No. 93 West st.

Insurance by this line ONE-HALF PER CENT.
Superior accommodations for passengers.
Through rates and bills of lading, in connection with Central Railroad of Georgia, to all points.
Through rates and bills of lading in connection with the Atlantic and Gulf Railroad and Florida steamers.
GEORGE YONGE, Agent, Central Railroad of Georgia, No. 409 Broadway.
G. D. OWENS, General Freight and Passenger Agent.

GREAT SOUTHERN FREIGHT AND PASSENGER LINE,

FOR CHARLESTON, S. C., THE FLORIDA PORTS, AND THE SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST,
SAILING WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY,
from Pier No. 29 North River.
GEORGIA, Capt. S. Crowell, Saturday, June 20.
SOUTH CAROLINA, Capt. J. T. Beckett, Wednesday, June 24.
Superior accommodations for passengers.
☞ Insurance by this line ONE-HALF PER CENT.
Goods forwarded free of commission.

Passage tickets and bills of lading issued and signed at the office of
JAMES W. QUINTARD & CO., Agents, No. 177 West st., (corner of Warren,)
Or W. P. CLYDE & CO., No. 6 Bowling green.

Through freight tariffs. Passage tickets by all routes and to all points in the South and South-west, and further information can be obtained at the office of
BENTLEY D. HASELL, General Agent Great Southern Freight Line, No. 317 Broadway.

ATLAS MAIL LINE.

BI-MONTHLY SERVICE TO HAYTI, VENEZUELA, CURACOA, MARACAIBO, JAMAICA, AND COLOMBIA.
First-class full-powered iron screw steamers, from Pier No. 51 North River.
For HAYTI, CURACOA, VENEZUELA, and PORTO RICO.
ATLAS......June 26
CLARIBEL......July 17
For JAMAICA AND COLOMBIA.
ANDES......June 26
ETNA......July 7
First-class passenger accommodation.
PIM, FORWOOD & CO., Agents.
Nos. 56 Wall and 59 Pine sts.

FOR ST. THOMAS AND BRAZIL.

THE UNITED STATES AND BRAZIL MAIL STEAM-SHIP COMPANY.
Regular mail steamers SAILING 23D OF EVERY MONTH, making close connections at RIO DE JANEIRO with the English and French Mail Steam-ships for MONTEVIDEO and BUENOS AYRES.
The splendid steam-ship ONTARIO, Capt. Geo. B. Slocum, will sail from PIER No. 43 NORTH RIVER, on TUESDAY, June 23, at 3 P. M., calling at ST. THOMAS, PARA, PERNAMBUCO, BAHIA, and RIO DE JANEIRO, going and returning.
First cabin passage to St. Thomas, $100; to Para, $150; to Pernambuco, $200; to Bahia, $210, and to Rio de Janeiro, $225, gold. Steerage half price. EXCURSION TICKETS, good for six months, at three quarters of above rates. Freights greatly reduced.
Apply to WM. R. GARRISON, No. 5 Bowling green.

NEW-YORK AND HAVANA DIRECT MAIL LINE.

These first-class steam-ships will sail every TUESDAY, at 3 P. M., from Pier No. 13 North River, (foot of Cedar st.,) for Havana direct, as follows:
MORRO CASTLE, Capt. Thos. H. Morton, June 23.
CRESCENT CITY, Capt. T. S. Curtis, June 30.
COLUMBUS, Capt. R. C. Reed, July 7.
For freight or passage (having magnificent accommodations) apply to
WM. P. CLYDE & CO., No. 6 Bowling green.
D. McKellar, Agent in Havana.
March 31, 1873.

FOR HAVANA.

NASSAU, PROGRESO, CAMPECHE, AND VERA CRUZ.
New-York, Havana, and Mexican Mail Steam-ship Line, Leaving Pier No. 3 North River, at 3 P. M.
CITY OF HAVANA, (Havana direct)......June 18
CITY OF NEW-YORK, (Havana direct)......June 25
CUBA, (Havana and Mexico)......June 27
CITY OF MERIDA, (Havana direct)......July 2
For freight or passage, apply to
F. ALEXANDRE & SONS, No. 33 Broadway.

SAN DOMINGO.

For Porto Plata, Samana, and San Domingo City. The United States Mail Steam-ship ASHLAND, Capt. Edward Whitehurst, will leave Pier No. 12 North River, on SATURDAY, June 20, at 3 P. M.
For freight or passage at reduced rates, apply to
L. DEL MONTE, No. 50 Exchange place.

COOK'S TOURIST AND EXCURSION TICKETS

Are issued to every part of the world. They are printed in English on one side and in the language of the country where used on the other. To any part of Ireland or Scotland, 162 routes. To Italy and Switzerland, 195 routes. To Holland, Belgium, and the Rhine, every route. Tickets issued combining every country in Europe, available by any line of steamers from America. They are all sold at reductions ranging from ten to forty-five per cent. below ordinary fares. Their holders are not required to travel in large parties. Cook's Hotel coupons, guaranteeing best accommodations at over 300 first-class hotels, at uniform and reduced rates. Cook's *Excursionist* for June contains fare and expenses for over 2,000 European and American tours, price 10 cents. COOK'S EDUCATIONAL PARTY to Switzerland, Italy, &c., sails by special steamer BOLIVIA, June 30. Fares, $350, $450, and $550, gold, all expenses.
COOK, SON & JENKINS, 261 Broadway, New-York.

UNITED STATES PASSPORT BUREAU.—Official passports of the Department of State issued by A. C. WILLMARTH, United States Court-house, No. 41 Chambers st.

STEAMBOATS.

NARRAGANSETT STEAM-SHIP COMPANY.

FALL RIVER LINE

FOR BOSTON, via NEWPORT and FALL RIVER.
Daily, (Sundays, June 14 to Sept. 13, inclusive,) at 5 P. M.
From Pier No. 28 North River, foot Murray st.
The world-renowned steamers
BRISTOL and PROVIDENCE.
Capt. A. G. Simmons. Capt. B. M. Simmons.

The most direct route to Taunton, Middleboro, Plymouth, New-Bedford, Martha's Vineyard, Nantucket, Cape Cod, the WHITE MOUNTAINS, and all principal points in New-England and the Provinces. For tickets and state-rooms apply at Nos. 241 and 529 Broadway; Broadway, corner 23d st.; Dodd's Express offices, No. 944 Broadway and No. 10 Court st., Brooklyn, or at the office on the pier, and at all principal hotels and ticket-offices in the City. HALL'S BAND engaged for the season.
A. P. BACON, Superintendent.
Geo. L. Connor, General Passenger Agent.

HELEN.

Between New-York (from foot of Franklin st., Pier No. 35,) and Red Bank, as follows:

LEAVE NEW-YORK.	LEAVE RED BANK.
Friday, 12th......7:00 A. M.	Thursday, 11th...3:00 P. M.
Saturday, 13th...3:30 P. M.	Friday, 12th.....3:00 P. M.
Tuesday, 16th....8:00 A. M.	Monday, 15th....3:00 P. M.
Wedn'day, 17th..8:00 A. M.	Tuesday, 16th....3:00 P. M.
Thurs'day, 18th..1:00 A. M.	Wedn'day, 17th..4:00 P. M.
Friday, 19th......12:00 M.	Friday, 19th......6:30 A. M.
Saturday, 20th...12:30 P. M.	

ALBANY AND TROY BY DAY LINE.—Steam-boats C. VIBBARD and DANIEL DREW leave foot of Vestry st., Pier No. 39 North River, at 8:30 A. M., and 23d st. (north of Erie Ferry) at 8:45, landing at YONKERS, TARRYTOWN, and NYACK, (by ferry-boat,) POUGHKEEPSIE, RHINEBECK, CATSKILL, and HUDSON, connecting for all points WEST and NORTH. Trip tickets to WEST POINT, CORNWALL, and NEWBURG, returning same day, $1.

ALBANY AND TROY MERCHANTS' OPPOSITION LINE—Fare, 50c. deck, with berth, $1—JAMES B. SCHUYLER, Spring St. Pier, Monday's, Wednesday's, and Friday's at 6 P. M., landing at 23d st., on and after the 15th returning from Albany at 8 P. M. Day excursion trip every Sunday at 7 A. M., 23d st. 7:15 A. M., making usual landings, returning from Albany same evening at 7. Fare for round trip, $1.

FOR NEW-HAVEN, HARTFORD, SPRINGFIELD, WHITE MOUNTAINS, MONTREAL, AND INTERMEDIATE POINTS.—Steamer leaves Peck Slip daily (Sunday excepted) at 3 P. M.; 23d st., East River, 3:15 P. M., connecting with special train at New-Haven. Night boat leaves Peck Slip at 11 o'clock. Tickets sold and baggage checked at No. 944 Broadway, New-York; Nos. 163 Pierrepont and 4 Court sts., Brooklyn.

AFTERNOON BOAT FOR NEWBURG, POUGHKEEPSIE, RONDOUT, and KINGSTON, landing at Cozzen's, West Point, Cornwall, New-Hamburg, and Milton—the MARY POWELL, from Vestry st., Pier No. 39, every afternoon at 3:30 o'clock. Tickets in packages at reduced rates.

FOR RONDOUT AND KINGSTON.—LANDING at Cozzens', Cornwall, Newburg, Marlboro, Milton, Poughkeepsie, West Park, Esopus. Steam-boat JAMES W. BALDWIN leaves Harrison st. Pier, North River, MONDAY, WEDNESDAY, and FRIDAY, at 4 o'clock P. M.

FOR RONDOUT AND KINGSTON, LANDING at Cozzen's, Cornwall, Newburg, Marlborough, Milton, Highlands, (New-Paltz,) Esopus—the steam-boat THOMAS CORNELL leaves Harrison st., Pier No. 34 N. R., every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at 4 P. M.

CITIZENS' LINE FOR TROY—LOW FARE.—Elegant steam-boats daily, Saturdays excepted, at 6 P M. From Pier No. 49 North River, foot Leroy st., connecting with railroads for all points north and west.
JOSEPH CORNELL, Superintendent.

FOR NORWALK AND DANBURY.—THE favorite steamer NELLY WHITE leaves daily foot of Market st., East River, at 2:45, and 33d st. at 3 P. M., connecting with the Danbury Railroad.

PEOPLE'S LINE FOR ALBANY.—THE SPLENDID steamers DREW and ST. JOHN leave Pier No. 41, foot Canal st., daily, (Sundays excepted,) at 6 P. M.

FOR BRIDGEPORT AND ALL POINTS ON Housatonic and Naugatuck Railroad.—Fare, $1. Steamers leave Catharine-slip at 11:30 A. M.

STEAM-BOATS.

SEA BIRD.

For Red Bank and intermediate stations. Pier No. 35 North River, foot of Franklin st.

LEAVE NEW-YORK.	LEAVE RED BANK.
Thursday, 18th. 7:00 A. M.	Thursday, 18th. 11:30 A. M.
Friday, 19th... 7:00 A. M.	Friday, 19th... 11:30 A. M.
Saturday, 20th.. 8:00 A. M.	Saturday, 20th 12:00 M.
Sunday, 21st... 8:00 A. M.	Sunday, 21st... 1:00 P. M.
Monday, 22d... 9:00 A. M.	Monday, 22d... 1:30 P. M.
Tuesday, 23d...10:00 A. M.	Tuesday, 23d... 2:30 P. M.

RAILROADS.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

THE GREAT TRUNK LINE AND UNITED STATES MAIL ROUTE.

Trains leave New-York, from foot of Desbrosses and Cortlandt sts., as follows:
Express for Harrisburg, Pittsburg, the West and South, with Pullman palace cars attached, 9:30 A. M., 5 and 8:30 P. M. Sunday, 5 and 8:30 P. M.
For Williamsport, Lock Haven, Corry, and Erie, via Philadelphia and Erie Railroad, 8:30 P. M. For Williamsport and Lock Haven, 9:30 A. M., connecting at Philadelphia.
For Baltimore, Washington, and the South, "Limited, Washington Express" of Pullman parlor cars, daily, except Sunday, at 9:30 A. M.; arrive at Washington at 4:10 P. M.; regular at 8:40 A. M.; 3 and 9 P. M. Sunday, 9 P. M.
Express for Philadelphia, 8:40, 9:30, A. M., 12:30, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8:30, 9 P. M., and 12 night. Sunday 5, 7, 8:30, and 9 P. M. Emigrant and second class, 7 P. M.
Accommodation for Trenton at 7 A. M., 2, and 3:10 P. M.
For Newark at 6, 6:30, 7, 7:40, 8, 9, 10, 11 A. M., 12 M., 1, 2, 2:30, 3:10, 3:40, 4:10, 4:30, 5, 5:20, 5:40, 6, 6:10, 6:30, 7:30, 8:10, 10, 11:30 P. M., and 12 night. Sunday 5:20 and 8:10 P. M.
For Elizabeth, 6, 6:30, 7, 7:40, 8, 9, 10 A. M., 12 M., 1, 2, 2:30, 3:10, 3:40, 4:10, 4:30, 5:10, 5:20, 5:40, 6, 6:10, 6:30, 7:30, 8:10, 10, 11:30 P. M., and 12 night. Sunday 5:20 and 8:10 P. M.
For Rahway, 6, 6:30, 7, 8, 10 A. M., 12 M., 1, 2, 2:30, 3:10, 3:40, 4:10, 5:10, 5:20, 5:40, 6, 6:10, 6:30, 8:10, 10 P. M., and 12 night. Sunday 5:20 P. M.
For Woodbridge, Perth Amboy, and South Amboy, 6 and 10 A. M., 2:30, 5:10, and 6 P. M.
For New-Brunswick, 7 and 8 A. M., 12 M., 2, 3:10, 4:10, 5:20, 6:10 P. M., and 12 night.
For East Millstone, 12 noon, 3:10 and 4:10 P. M.
For Lambertville and Flemington, 9:30 A. M. and 4 P. M.
For Phillipsburg and Belvidere, 9:30 A. M., 2 and 4 P. M.
For Bordentown, Burlington, and Camden, 7 and 9:30 A. M., 12:30, 2, 3:10, 5, and 7 P. M.
For Freehold, 7 A. M., 2 and 4 P. M.
For Farmingdale and Squan, 7 A. M. and 2 P. M.
For Pemberton and Camden, 6 A. M., and via boat from Pier No. 39 at 3:35 P. M.
Trains arrive as follow: From Pittsburg, 6:50 A. M., 12:35 and 9:35 P. M., daily; 6:50 P. M. daily, except Monday. From Washington and Baltimore, 6:20 A. M., 4:15, 5:15 and 10:27 P. M. Sunday 6:20 A. M. and 10:27 P. M. From Philadelphia, 5:10, 6:20, 6:50, 10:15, 11:55 A. M., 2:15, 4:15, 5:15, 6:50, 8:44, 10:27 P. M. Sunday 5:10, 6:20, 6:50, 11:55 A. M., 6:50, and 10:27 P. M.
Ticket-offices, Nos. 526, 435, 271, and 944 Broadway, No. 1 Astor House, and foot of Desbrosses and Cortlandt sts. Emigrant Ticket-office, No. 8 Battery place.
A. J. CASSATT, General Manager.
D. M. BOYD, Jr., General Passenger Agent.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF NEW-JERSEY.

ALLENTOWN LINE TO THE WEST.
Passenger and Freight Station in New-York, foot of Liberty st. Connects at Somerville with South Branch R. R.; at Hampton Junction with Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad; at Phillipsburg with Lehigh and Susquehanna Division; also with Lehigh Valley Railroad. Direct line to Harrisburg, Pittsburg, and the West; also to Central Pennsylvania and New-York State.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.
Commencing June 15, 1874.—Leave New-York as follows:
5:15 A. M.—News Train for Easton, Bethlehem, Bath, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c.
6 A. M.—Way Train for Somerville and Flemington.
7 A. M.—Way Train for Easton, Belvidere, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Pittston, Mahanoy City, Mt. Carmel, Hazleton, Tunkhannock, Towanda, Waverly, &c. Connects at Junction with Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad.
9 A. M.—Morning Express, daily, (except Sundays,) for Easton, Allentown, Harrisburg, and the West. Connects at Somerville for Flemington; at Easton for Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Towanda, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c., with through cars to Danville, Williamsport, &c.
10:30 A. M.—Way Train for Somerville.
12:40 P. M.—Express for Flemington, Easton, Bath, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Mahanoy City, Hazleton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Reading, Columbia, Lancaster, Ephrata, Pottsville, Harrisburg, &c.
2:30 P. M.—Way Train for Easton, Catasauqua, and Belvidere.
3:30 P. M.—Way Train for Plainfield. On Saturdays only to Somerville.
4 P. M.—Way Train for Easton, Allentown, and Mauch Chunk. Connects at Junction with Del., Lack. & West. R. R.
4:30 P. M.—Way Train for Somerville and Flemington.
5 P. M.—Way Train for Somerville.
5:15 P. M.—Way Train for Plainfield.
5:30 P. M.—Evening Express, daily, for Easton, Belvidere, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Towanda, Reading, Harrisburg, Pittsburg, Chicago, &c.
6 and 7 P. M.—Way Trains for Somerville.
7:30 P. M.—(Emigrant.)—For Easton.
9:15 P. M.—Way Train for Somerville.
12 P. M.—For Plainfield.
For Elizabeth at 5:15, 6, 6:15, 6:40, 7, 7:30, 8, 8:45, 9, 9:40, 10:30, 11:15 A. M.; 12 M.; 12:40, 1, 1:30, 2, 2:30, 3, 3:30, 3:45, 4, 4:15, 4:30, 4:45, 5, 5:15, 5:30, 5:45, 6, 6:10, 6:30, 7, 7:30, 8:15, 9:15, 10:30, 11:15, 12 P. M.
R. E. RICKER, Superintendent and Engineer.
H. P. BALDWIN, General Passenger Agent.

NEW-YORK CENTRAL AND HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD.—After June 5, 1874, through trains will leave Grand Central Depot:
8:00 A. M., Chicago and Northern Express, with drawing-room cars through to Rochester and St Albans.
10:30 A. M., special Chicago Express, with drawing-room cars to Rochester, Buffalo, &c.
10:45 A. M., Northern and Western Express.
3:40 P. M., Albany and Troy Express.
4:00 P. M., Montreal Express, with sleeping cars from New-York to St. Albans.
6:00 P. M., Express, daily, with sleeping cars for Watertown and Canandaigua.
8:00 P. M., Pacific Express, daily, with sleeping cars for Rochester, Buffalo, and Niagara Falls; also for Chicago, via both L. S. and M. C. Railroads.
11:00 P. M., Express, with sleeping cars for Troy and Albany. Way trains as per Local Time Table.
C. H. KENDRICK, General Passenger Agent.

NEW-YORK, NEW-HAVEN AND HARTFORD RAILROAD.

After May 18, 1874, trains leave Grand Central Depot (42d st.) for New-Canaan Railroad at 8:05 A. M., 1, 4:38, and 5:40 P. M.; Danbury and Norwalk Railroad at 8:05 A. M., 3:15 and 4:38 P. M.; Naugatuck Railroad at 8:05 A. M., 1 and 3 P. M.; Housatonic Railroad at 8:05 A. M. and 3 P. M.; New-Haven and Northampton Railroad at 8:05 A. M. and 3 P. M.; For Newport at 8:05 A. M. and 1 P. M.; Boston and Albany Railroad at 8:05 and 10 A. M., 3 and 8:10 P. M., (7 P. M. on Sunday;) Boston (via Shore Line) at 1 and 9:10 P. M, (9:10 P. M. on Sundays.)
Way trains as per local time tables.
J. T. MOODY, Superintendent New-York Division.
E. M. REED, General Superintendent. New-Haven.

WICKFORD RAILROAD ROUTE TO NEWPORT.—Passengers for this line take 8:05 A. M. and 1 P. M. express trains from Grand Central Depot, arriving at Newport, R. I., at 4:15 and 8:10 P. M.
THEO. WARREN, Superintendent.

EXCURSIONS.

DAILY EXCURSION TO SEA CLIFF AND Glen Cove, Landing at Whitestone Each Way.—Sea Cliff House open, with excellent accommodations for 400 guests; superior bathing, boating, and fishing. The steamer GENERAL SEDGWICK will leave Peck slip, New-York, daily, Sundays excepted, at 8:30 A. M.; returning, leave Sea Cliff at 4 P. M., stopping at 33d st. each way. On and after June 25, the SEDGWICK will make two round trips daily, leaving Sea Cliff 6:45 A. M., and 3 P. M.; foot of Grand st., East River, New-York, at 9 A. M. and 5 P. M. Large discount to Sabbath-school and church parties. Apply to S. P. KITTLE, No. 210 Canal st., New-York, or J. E. CORNELL, No. 44 Court st., Brooklyn.

TO CHARTER.—SALOON STEAMERS WILLIAM COOK, WYOMING and G. T. OLYPHANT, for large or small parties. Barges SARAH SMITH, CALEDONIA, CHICAGO, J. R. BALDWIN, and REPUBLIC. Excelsior Park, Oriental, Eaglewood, Raritan Beach, and Cold Spring Groves to let. Office, No. 384 West st., opposite Hoboken (upper) Ferry. Open evenings.
H. B. CROSSETT.

FOR EXCURSIONS.—THE FIRST-CLASS STEAMERS WM. COOK, ARROWSMITH, and NORWALK; barges SANDS, HASKETT, MYERS, MORTON, and others; Dudley's, Spring Hill, and Myers' Groves, Iona Island, and Alderney Park. Office corner Morton and West sts. No outside office nor agents. J. & E. MYERS.

FORT LEE, PLEASANT VALLEY, AND SHADY Side Steamers from Spring st.—Sundays at 9, 10, and 11 A. M., and 1, 2, 3, 5:30, and 7 P. M., landing at 23d st. and 34th st. ten and fifteen minutes later. Daily, at 10 A. M., 2, 5:15, and 7:15 P. M. 30c. round trip.

FISHERMEN, IF YOU WANT TO LOSE A thirty-pound fish, don't use FORSTER'S IMPROVED GIMP GUT. No. 25 Delancey st.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

CAPITAL PROCURED

For merchants, manufacturers, and others; mining interests negotiated; real estate exchanged for business; persons with capital seeking business advised of approved opportunities. References—Ogden, Brower & Co., bankers, No. 17 William st.; Clark, Chapin & Holly, grocers, No. 92 Front st., &c.
BRIGGS & CARLETON,
Financial Business Brokers, No. 98 Broadway.

RARE OPPORTUNITY.—A GOOD BUSINESS man that can furnish reference satisfactory and having $2,000, and wishing to engage in a good profitable business, can hear of an opportunity seldom offered. None need reply only those that desire to enter with another of standing and experience. The business is established and paying large profit, and goods are ready sale to stores and jobbers. Address MANUFACTURER, Lock-box No. 28, Newburg, N. Y.

WANTED—AN ACTIVE MAN WITH $8,000, TO extend a safe and profitable land enterprise; a rare opportunity for profit; business has paid 100 per cent. on present investments; abundant security given. Address P. P., Box No. 164 *Times* Office.

P. B. A.—THE UTILITY OF THE PORTABLE BURGLAR Alarm is proved by its ready sales. Territorial rights offered. Energetic men wanted for agents. Portable Burglar Alarm Company, No. 889 Broadway.

OCEAN HOTEL, LONG BRANCH—NOW open.—To rent, bouquet stand, soda water stand on the grounds, for the season. CHARLES & WARREN LELAND, Managers.

THE TURF.

AMERICAN JOCKEY CLUB.

SPRING RACES, 1874,
AT JEROME PARK,

SATURDAY, 6th,	TUESDAY, 16th,
WEDNESDAY, 10th,	THURSDAY, 18th,
SATURDAY, 13th,	SATURDAY 20th,

DAYS OF JUNE.
Races commence each day punctually at 3 o'clock P. M.
A. BELMONT, President.
C. Wheatley, Secretary.

NEW-YORK AND HARLEM RAILROAD.

JEROME PARK RACES.
June 6, 10, 13, 16, 18, and 20.
Special trains, with cars reserved for ladies, will leave Grand Central Depot on above days at 1:30 and 2 P. M., returning after the races are over. Excursion tickets, 40 cents. C. M. BISSELL, Superintendent.

SUMMER RESORTS.

CATSKILL MOUNTAIN HOUSE.

Twelve miles from the village of Catskill. Accessible by the best mountain road in the country. Elevation 3,000 feet. View, extending over about 10,000 square miles of the Valley of the Hudson, unsurpassed by any in the world. Celebrated for its invigorating atmosphere. Temperature fifteen to twenty degrees lower than that of New-York City. House opens June 1. Board $3 50 per day or $21 per week to June 25; after that date $4 50 per day or $28 per week.
C. L. BEACH, Proprietor.

CATSKILL AND MOUNTAIN HOUSE STAGES AND CARRIAGES.—Visitors will please inquire for JAS. E. BEACH, Agent at Catskill Landing, who will be in attendance upon the arrival of all trains and boats.
CHAS. A. BEACH, Proprietor.

RENOVO HOTEL.—A DELIGHTFUL AND healthy Summer resort on the Philadelphia and Erie Railroad; also located on the west branch of the Susquehannah River, surrounded by beautiful mountain scenery, with fine trouting streams in the vicinity, will open for boarders June 22; accommodations first-class and charges reasonable; trains leave from foot of Desbrosses and Cortlandt sts., at 8:30 P. M. and 12 night, arriving at Renovo at 11 A. M. and 4:15 P. M. The route to Renovo is one of the most attractive and picturesque Summer trips that can be enjoyed. Excursion tickets at reduced rates for sale at Nos. 526, 435, 271 Broadway, and No. 1 Astor House. For rooms and rates, apply to R. M. N. TAYLOR, Proprietor, Renovo, Clinton County, Penn.

OAKLAND BEACH HOTEL.—THE UNDERSIGNED, formerly of the Atlantic House, Newport, R. I., has taken for the present season the hotel at OAKLAND BEACH, Warwick, R. I., and will open the same to the public July 1. This hotel is liberally appointed; rooms large and commodious, and lighted with gas; baths supplied with fresh and salt water; steam laundry; telegraphic communication with all points. Steam-boat communication with Providence four times each way daily. Application by mail will receive prompt attention.
GEORGE A. HAZARD, Providence, R. I.

PROSPECT PARK HOTEL,

Catskill, N. Y.,
Will open on the 13th of June. House 250 feet elevation, with extensive grounds of some twenty acres on the Hudson River; mountain air; scenery unsurpassed in the world; house greatly enlarged, and grounds extended and improved; has first-class accommodations for 300 or 400 guests; accessible by boats or cars. Address
JOHN BREASTED, Catskill.

A FAMILY RESORT.

Beautiful scenery, natural groves and lawns, perfect drainage; new billiard-room, new table, and bowling-alley; guests received for May and June at $10 per week; families and children at reduced rates; rooms reserved for the season at corresponding low rates, if applied for early. Send stamp for *Tourists' Guide*, to Round Hill Hotel, Northampton, Mass.

SUMMER RESORT.

Parties desiring a quiet place for the Summer can find one in every way desirable at Palatine Bridge, on the line of the New-York Central Railroad, fifty-five miles west of Albany, in the beautiful Mohawk Valley, and nine miles from the famous Sharon Springs. The house is very commodious and the grounds beautifully shaded. For particulars address
S. L. FREY, Palatine Bridge, N. Y.
First-class references given and required.

PAVILION HOTEL,

NEW-BRIGHTON, STATEN ISLAND,
Is now open. Parties wishing fine, large, airy rooms should apply immediately. Fresh and salt water baths in the house. Boats leave every half hour from foot of Whitehall and Dey sts. Terms moderate.
BARR & CUTLER, Proprietors.

ON THE SEA SHORE!—WATCH HILL POINT, R. I., (near Stonington, Conn.,)—The Plimpton House, reopened June 15. Visit the best. Excellent surf bathing, boating, and fishing; the coolest and most breezy place on the coast; positively no mosquitoes. Fare from New-York (by Stonington steamers) to Watch Hill, $2 75. Terms made acceptable. A. S. PLIMPTON & CO.

COZZENS' WEST POINT HOTEL

is now open.
EDWARD COZZENS, Proprietor.

THE NEW UNITED STATES HOTEL,

SARATOGA SPRINGS, N. Y.
This thoroughly built and richly furnished house with all the modern improvements and accommodations for over twelve hundred guests, will be opened on the 20th of June. Orders for rooms will receive prompt attention.
AINSWORTH, TOMPKINS, PERRY & CO.

PAVILION HOTEL, ISLIP, LONG ISLAND,

IS NOW OPEN FOR RECEPTION OF GUESTS, situated on the Great South Bay, opposite Fire Island, on line of the South Side Railroad, within one hour and thirty minutes of New-York; good yachting, fishing, gunning; also, pleasant drives and well-shaded walks; rooms large and airy; good table at moderate prices.
For terms, &c., address
WAINWRIGHT & MURRAY, Proprietors.
N. B.—Good livery attached to hotel.

THOMSON HOUSE, AT KANE, PENN., ON THE Philadelphia and Erie Railroad, situated on the summit of the Alleghanies, 2,000 feet above the sea, will open for Summer guests, June 22. Trains leave from the foot of Desbrosses and Cortlandt sts. at 8:30 P. M. and 10 o'clock night, arriving at Kane at 3:25 P. M. and 9:15 P. M. For rooms and rates, apply to R. M. N. TAYLOR, Proprietor, Kane, McKean County, Penn.

Z.—LAKE SIDE HOUSE, ORANGE LAKE, NEWBURG, N. Y., is now open for boarders; 700 feet above tide-water; location desirable; boating and fishing; laundry attached. Party will meet applicants on June 18 and 19, at No. 189 Duane st., New-York, and No. 337 Herkimer st., Brooklyn, from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M.
N. WEED.

CROMWELL'S LAKE HOUSE—ONE AND A half miles stage from Highland Mills, two hours Erie Railway, (short-cut branch;) 1,200 feet elevation, (asthmatic complaints relieved.) Open June 18. Rooms can now be secured. No bar. Terms moderate. Take 9 A. M., 3:30, or 4:30 P. M. train.
OLIVER CROMWELL.

IT IS REPORTED THAT THE BUTTERFIELD House, Utica, N. Y., always a first-class house, has of late won fresh popularity under the management of C. A. LINSLEY & CO., and that tourists in transitu find there the elegances, style, and comforts of the best metropolitan hotels.

LONG BRANCH.—BOARD IN A PRIVATE COTTAGE, centrally located, about three minutes' walk from the beach and surrounded by shade trees and handsome lawn. Persons requiring superior accommodations address C. C. B., Long Branch, N. J., or inquire of Mr. E. C. CLARK, Real Estate Agent, Long Branch.

HARRINGTON HOUSE, DEMAREST, N. J.
Ten trains per day; fifty minutes on Northern New-Jersey Railroad, from Chambers st. and 23d st. ferries.
ALBERT H. CRANEY.

WHERE SHALL WE SPEND THE SUMMER?—For pamphlet descriptive of the attractive Summer resorts and boarding places on the Erie Railway within 100 miles of New-York, apply at Erie Offices, Nos. 241, 529, or 957 Broadway.

WOODSBURG PAVILION,

Woodsburg, Long Island. This magnificent hotel will open early in June; one of the best family resorts near New-York, overlooking the Atlantic Ocean.
N. P. SEWELL, Proprietor.

HEATH HOUSE, SCHOOLEY'S MOUNTAIN SPRINGS, N. J.—Opens June 15; pure mountain air; no mosquitoes, extensive lawn, fine drives. Take parlor-cars on Morris and Essex Railroad, 4:10 train.
J. WARREN COLEMAN.

UNITED STATES HOTEL,

LONG BRANCH, N. J.,
NOW OPEN.
M. M. LAIRD, Proprietor.

BUDD'S LAKE, N. J.—FIRST-CLASS BOARD for a few more families at elegant Wagner Mansion; mountain air, boating, fishing, croquet lawn; $10 and upward; references. Address TYSON, No. 745 6th av.

HOTEL FENIMORE, COOPERSTOWN, OTSEGO County, N. Y., will open June 15. Parties desiring circulars, or wishing to engage rooms, will address
D. P. PETERS, Hotel Fenimore.

GLEN HOUSE, NEW-HAMPSHIRE.

This favorite Summer resort open from June 16 to Oct. 1, 1874. W. & C. R. MILLIKEN, Proprietors.

IRVING HOUSE, (FORMERLY COOPER COTTAGE,) Long Branch, N. J., has been enlarged and refurnished; is now open. Terms reasonable.
GEORGE B. BORTON.

LAKE MOHONK MOUNTAIN HOUSE AGAIN doubled in size, opens June 25; scenery unsurpassed. Address ALBERT K. SMILEY, New Paltz, N. Y.

SANDS POINT HOTEL, SANDS POINT, LONG Island, now open. For terms, &c., address G. DUNSPAUGH, Proprietor.

ARE YOU GOING IN THE COUNTRY? SEE prices and accommodations of all Summer resorts in *Home Journal*. Most complete list published.

BOARD AT GLEN RIDGE, CORNWALL, N. Y.—House open from May 1. JAMES G. ROE.

FURNITURE.

WARREN WARD & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF FURNITURE.

Large variety of rich and plain furniture, decorations,

&c., which are being offered at extremely low prices.

Corner of Spring and Crosby sts., New-York.

WEEKLY OR MONTHLY PAYMENTS for FURNITURE, CARPETS, and BEDDING, at B. M. COWPERTHWAITE & CO.'S, Nos. 155 and 157 Chatham st. An immense stock and low prices.

MISFIT CARPETS.—GOOD SECOND-HAND AND misfit carpets a specialty; all sizes, rich patterns very cheap. 112 Fulton st., near Nassau, side entrance

ICE-CREAM.

ICE-CREAM,

$1 60 PER GALLON.
Also excellent *CHARLOTTE RUSSE* and Jellies at much below other prices.
J. M. HORTON & CO.
Depots, No. 305 4th av., and No. 1,264 Broadway, near 32d st.

THE BEST IN THE WORLD.

BLATCHLEY'S
ICE-CREAM FREEZER.
(TINGLEY'S PATENT.)
With the aid of this Freezer a most delicious dessert of Ice-cream, Water Ice, or Frozen Fruits, Custards, &c., may be frozen in from five to eight or ten minutes, at the will of the operator, with almost no trouble, but trifling expense. It is acknowledged the "Best Freezer in the World," and a luxury no family should be without. For sale by the trade generally. If you want the best inquire for BLATCHLEY'S FREEZER, and if not for sale in your town, send direct to
CHAS. G. BLATCHLEY, Manufacturer,
No. 506 Commerce st., Philadelphia.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

ADVERTISEMENTS ARE RECEIVED FOR THE NEW-YORK TIMES
At the Times Up-Town Office,
No. 54½ West 32d st., junction Broadway and 6th av.,
And the Times West-Side Office,
No. 308 West 23d st., corner of 8th av.
NO EXTRA CHARGE WHATEVER.

A LADY WISHES TO SELL HER PONY turn-out; pony fourteen hands, jet black, flowing mane and tail; six years old; has been used by an invalid the past two years; will stand by steam cars; is warranted sound and kind in any harness; is the finest saddle-horse in the City. Also, basket phaeton, harness, and side-saddle; have been used but a short time; best City maker; sold only for want of use. Apply at book store, No. 159 East 28th st.

A SHETLAND PONY FOR SALE.—IS WARRANTED sound and kind; free from all vice or tricks; will stand by steam cars; is warranted kind for the most timid child; has been used by a child seven years old. Also, wagon, harness, and saddle. Apply at stable, No. 161 East 28th st.

HARNESS, SADDLES, SHEETS.

AT COST. AT COST.
HOOVER, CALHOUN, & CO., RETAIL STOCK
Closing out, at No. 33 Mercer st.
Call and examine. Such an opportunity seldom offers.

FOR SALE—ONE OF THE MOST DESIRABLE coupé horses in the City; stylish and a high stepper; of a bright bay color; seven years old; warranted sound and kind. Can be seen at Miller's stable, No. 50 West 10th st.

HARNESS FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN.—Splendid new silver-mounted carriage harness; also, fine new silver-mounted phaeton harness, and fine new light double and single harness, at No. 149 West 33d st.

FOR SALE VERY CHEAP.—PRIVATE ESTABLISHMENT, coupé in perfect order; coupé horse; also, side-bar top-buggy. At Twomey's stables, 53d st., near 3d av.

I HAVE A FEW MORE WAGONS FOR SALE, my own make, that I am closing out at reduced prices. ISAAC LOCKWOOD, Corner 127th st. and 3d av.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

ADVERTISEMENTS ARE RECEIVED FOR THE NEW-YORK TIMES
At the Times Up-Town Office,
No. 54½ West 32d st., junction Broadway and 6th av.,
And the Times West-Side Office,
No. 308 West 23d st., corner of 8th av.
NO EXTRA CHARGE WHATEVER.

EAST 61ST ST., NEAR CENTRAL PARK—A private family, owning their house, no other boarders, would let their entire second floor, with exclusive use of bath, closets, &c., on the floor, to a small family who would be permanent, at a fair price. Address Box No. 2,793 Post Office. First-class references exchanged.

NO. 28 WEST 12TH ST.—WITH BOARD, A few doors west of 5th av., handsomely-furnished rooms, en suite or singly, for a family or party of gentlemen. Transient parties taken at Summer prices.

MILLER'S TURKISH BATH HOTEL,

Nos. 37 and 39 West 26th st.
First-class double and single rooms, with or without board, at Summer prices.

5TH AND 6TH AVS.

Parties remaining in town will find large, cool rooms, with good table, at moderate rates; highest references given. No. 48 West 15th st.

NO. 133 EAST 16TH ST.—SPLENDID SUITE of rooms to rent on second floor, separately or together, with board to gentleman and wife, or single gentlemen; references exchanged.

NO. 149 WEST 41ST ST.—TO LET, TO GENTLEMAN and wife, or two gentlemen, a well-furnished back parlor, with board; also, a hall room; references; table first class.

NOS. 18 AND 20 EAST 28TH ST., BETWEEN Madison and 5th Avs.—Good accommodations, with first-class board, for good class people only, $2 and $2 50 per day; table d'hôte. H. LEFLER.

NO. 227 EAST 12TH ST., BETWEEN 2D AND 3d avs.—Nicely furnished single rooms, with board, in a French family; moderate prices; references required.

NO. 109 EAST 16TH ST., TWO DOORS FROM Union square.—Fine large rooms to rent, furnished or unfurnished, with or without board.
S. FAULKNER BROWN.

NO. 37 UNION SQUARE.—MRS. LAWRENCE has two single rooms now vacant; rent very low for Summer; she can supply first-rate board; terms moderate.

A PARLOR FLOOR, (THREE LARGE ROOMS,) handsomely furnished; bath, closets, &c., with private table, or without board; also single room. No. 36 East 20th st.

A DESIRABLE FRONT ROOM SUITALE FOR one or two gentlemen; hot and cold water, bath, &c.; price very low for Summer. No. 108 East 24th st., near Madison square.

NO. 17 WAVERLEY PLACE.—AIRY ROOMS, nicely furnished with first-class board for families or single gentlemen at moderate rates; highest references.

AT NO. 7 WEST 8TH ST., (CLINTON PLACE,) near Broadway—A nicely-furnished room to let; terms very reasonable; plain board if desired.

TO LET.—NO. 466 WEST 34TH ST., FRONT ROOM on first floor, to a physician; also, room on second floor to one or two gentlemen.

DESIRABLE ROOMS TO RENT WITH BOARD at Summer prices; references exchanged. No. 51 East 21st st.

NO. 58 IRVING PLACE.—HANDSOMELY-FURNISHED rooms in a private family.

COUNTRY BOARD.

FAMILY HOTEL AND BOARDING-HOUSE.—NEWLY and elegantly refitted and furnished; first-class in every respect; large airy rooms; the most accessible, healthy and desirable country house in the vicinity of this City. Only 40 minutes; fifty trains a day; boating, bathing, fishing, billiards, beautiful drives, splendid shade; 200 feet broad piazza. Very favorable terms. Photograph and particulars with
A. G. DARWIN, No. 229 Broadway.

ON THE HUDSON.—GOOD BOARD CAN BE OBTAINED at a large farm-house, new and adapted for boarders, with spacious verandas, and fine suites of rooms for separate families; location high and healthy; splendid river view; fine fishing and boating; near Post Office and churches; easy of access; three boats daily; terms moderate. Address WM. MANSFIELD, New-Baltimore, Greene County, N. Y.

GOOD COUNTRY BOARD CAN BE OBTAINED in a farm-house, in the Catskill Mountains, about twenty miles from Catskill; pleasant rooms, mountain scenery; terms $6. For reference, inquire of THADDEUS A. KIDD, No. 52 Wall st., New-York City, or FERRIS WETMORE, Dunham, Greene County, N. Y.

MONTCLAIR, N. J.—A SMALL PRIVATE FAMILY, very pleasantly situated, ten minutes' walk from depot, can accommodate a gentleman and wife or a small family with board; good rooms and a generous table at a moderate price; plenty of fruit and shade trees, lawn, &c.; stabling if necessary. Address Box No. 153 Post Office, Montclair.

AT BEULAH, LONG ISLAND.—EXCELLENT board; milk, vegetables; stabling; well shaded; pine region; near ocean. A novel feature is the tents, which may be hired for any time. Apply to E. LANGDON, No. 279 4th av., or Mr. KAMPING, No. 77 Cedar st.

BOARD AT CORNWALL, N. Y.—FEW SUMMER boarders at private residence from $8 to $10 per week; beautiful grounds and healthy country; two hours by Erie Railroad, or boats daily by Hudson River. Apply to WILLIAM ORR, Cornwall, or JOHN PARR, No. 647 8th av.

COUNTRY BOARD—MORRISTOWN, N. J.; FIRST class board and very desirable accommodations can be had for a season of eleven weeks from June 25; references given and required. Address Post Office Box No. 367.

ORANGE, N. J.—ONE OR TWO CHILDREN, girls or boys, about twelve years of age or under, can be accommodated in a private family, have the care of a mother, and, if desired, some instruction. Address M. M., North Orange, N. J.

PARTIES WISHING A PLEASANT HOME can be accommodated temporarily or permanently, in a delightful location, with good board, at No. 23 Lafayette place; references exchanged.

COUNTRY BOARD AT GARRISON'S, OPPOSITE West Point; house beautifully located; directly on river bank; five minutes' walk below station. Address J. H. CROFT, Post Office Box No. 5 Garrison.

A FAMILY OF SIX OR EIGHT PERSONS can have a desirable home on mountains, back of Haverstraw; magnificent view of river; excellent board. Address No. 172 West 23d st.

BOARD IN CONNECTICUT; MOUNTAINOUS and retired region.—Call this day on L. F. DUDLEY, City Hotel, Broadway and 8th st., and see photograph of buildings.

COUNTRY BOARD.—SEVEN AND A HALF miles above White Plains; large house, well shaded; vegetables, fruits, &c. Apply at No. 263 4th av., near 21st st.

A GENTLEMAN AND LADY CAN FIND pleasant rooms in Elizabeth, in private family. Address J. P., Elizabeth, N. J.

MISCELLANEOUS.

CAMP CHAPEL MISSION.

A Strawberry Festival was given yesterday P. M. to the girls in the Sewing-school, held in Camp Chapel, at No. 116 Elizabeth st. This school is kept up the entire year, and has an average attendance of 200 girls, who are taught sewing. The exercises lasted about one hour, consisting of recitation of Scripture texts, which had been learned since Jan. 1. No reward had been offered, except to please their teachers, and the promptness and correctness with which they recited these beautiful portions of God's Word reflected the greatest credit upon their faithful teachers. Pleasant speeches made by gentlemen present, with singing by the children, made the hour a delightful one. For the closing scene strawberries and cake were provided by a generous and constant friend, upon whom rests the burden of the school. The daily work carried on in this chapel is doing an immense amount of good. Connected with no church or creed, they deserve and need the liberal contributions of all. Funds are much needed at the present time to carry on the work for the coming year. Mr. A. E. Austin, No. 200 Chambers st., is Superintendent of the Sunday-school, and to him any donations may be sent, and he will gladly give any information in relation to school or other work connected with it.

GREEN-WOOD CEMETERY.—WANTED, A front lot, well and centrally located in Green-Wood. Address GREEN-WOOD, Room No. 5, No. 318 Broadway.

$200.—FOR SALE—AN ENGINEER'S TRANSIT, level, and rod. Address B., Box No. 109 *Times* Office.

MARBLE MANTELS.

A. KLABER, NO. 134 EAST 18TH ST., NEAR 3D av., is selling and manufacturing all kinds of marble and marbleized mantels and other marble work, at greatly reduced prices. Marble turning for the trade.

STEWART'S SLATE MANTELS, MARBLE AND Wood Mantels. Rich and elegant designs at the lowest prices. 220 and 222 West 23d st. bet. 7th and 8th avs

AMUSEMENTS.

BOOTH'S THEATRE. SALVINI'S BENEFIT.

HIS LAST NIGHT IN AMERICA.
TO-MORROW FAREWELL GALA NIGHT
and BENEFIT OF SIGNOR SALVINI.

SAMSON.

No one can say that he has really seen SALVINI who has not seen him in his grand and most powerful impersonation of SAMSON.—*Philadelphia Press.*
SATURDAY, FAREWELL GALA MATINEE.
(By request,) DAVID GARRICK.
SALVINI in his famous rôle of SULLIVAN.
Seats at Theatre Box Office and No. 701 Broadway.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

MONDAY EVENING, June 22, 1874.
GRAND EXTRA FAREWELL PERFORMANCE OF Signor SALVINI
to the United States in Shakespeare's renowned tragedy
OTHELLO.
The sale of seats begins Friday, 19th inst., at the Academy of Music; box seats, $2 50; parquet and balcony, $2; general admission, $1; gallery, 50 cents.

UNION SQUARE THEATRE.

MONDAY, June 22, COMMENCEMENT OF THE SUMMER SEASON,
when will be produced, with new and beautiful scenery, Mr. Bartley Campbell's highly successful play,

PERIL;

Or, LOVE AT LONG BRANCH.
WITH A GREAT COMBINATION CAST.

NIBLO'S THEATRE.

Lessee......CHAS. R. THORNE, Sr.
Every evening and Saturday Matinée at 2. THE CRYPTOGRAM; OR, LOST AND WON. New and elegant scenery; fine Ballet; Masquerade: Panorama of Naples, Sicily, Sardinia, Corsica, &c. In active preparation, "THE TWO ORPHANS."

THE GREAT ORIGINAL PAINTING
OF THE

COURT OF DEATH,

BY REMBRANDT PEALE.

Will open for exhibition at the LEAVITT ART GALLERY, No. 817 Broadway, corner 12th st., commencing Thursday, June 18.

This painting covers 300 square feet of canvas, and contains twenty-three life-size figures.

Open from 10 A. M. to 10 P. M.
Admission 25 cents.

MR. MULLEN'S GREATEST WALK.

WESTON OUT-DONE BY THE GREAT PEDESTRIAN WONDER OF THE WORLD—ED. MULLEN.
He is still walking at Washington Riding Academy, 26th st. and 6th av., and feels confident of success; he has beaten WESTON'S fifty-mile time, also his 115-mile time by twelve minutes; he has gone 180 miles, and intends to walk 100 miles to day.
GRAND PROMENADE CONCERTS
EVERY AFTERNOON AND EVENING.
Admission, 50 cents.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF ROBERT C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against LOUISE ADELAIDE LOMBARD DE ST. ALARY, late of the City of Paris, France, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at the office of Coudert Brothers, Attorneys, &c., No. 49 Wall street, in the City of New-York, on or before the 31st day of August next.—Dated New-York, the 24th day of February, 1874.
EDGAR DU BERCEAU,
ADOLPH LEMOYNE,
EDWARD M. LEMOYNE, } Administrators.
f26-law6mTh*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF ROBERT C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against ETIENNE SAGE, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at the office of Coudert Brothers, attorneys, &c., No. 49 Wall street, in the City of New-York, on or before the 7th day of September next.—Dated New-York, the 4th day of March, 1874.
mh5-law6mTh* MARIE ADELE SAGE, Executrix.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF ROBERT C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against JOHN P. ECKHOFF, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at the residence of Mary Ann Eckhoff, No. 312 West 46th st., in the City of New-York, on or before the 15th day of October next.—Dated New-York, the 6th day of April, 1874.
MARY ANN ECKHOFF, Executrix.
GUSTAVUS VOEGE, Executor.
ap9-law6mTh*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF ROBERT C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against ELIZA SYMINGTON, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at the office of James Symington Watt, No. 124 Maiden lane, in the City of New-York, on or before the 20th day of August next.—Dated New-York, the 3d day of February, 1874.
JAMES SYMINGTON,
JAMES SYMINGTON WATT, } Executors, &c.
f5-law6mTh*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF ROBERT C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against HENRY BAKER, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to S. T. Baker, No. 257 Front street, in the City of New-York, on or before the 12th day of September next.—Dated New-York, the 12th day of March, 1874.
S. T. BAKER,
CHRISTOPHER SCHWAB, } Executors.
mh12-law6mTh*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF ROBERT C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against ADELINE E. SCHERMERHORN, late of the City of New-York, widow, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at his office, No. 68 Wall street, in the City of New-York, on or before the 21st day of September now next.—Dated, New-York the 18th day of March, 1874.
FREDERICK AUGUSTUS SCHERMERHORN,
Executor, &c., of Adeline E. Schermerhorn, deceased.
mh19-law6mTh

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF ROBERT C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against JAMES CURR, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at the residence of Joseph K. Butler, No. 1½ Charlton street, in the City of New-York, on or before the 20th day of July next.—Dated New-York, the 14th day of January, 1874.
ANNIE T. CURR, Executrix.
ja15-law6mTh JOSEPH K. BUTLER, Executor.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF ROBERT C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against GARDINER SPRING, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers at the office of Shepherd Knapp, at the Mechanics' National Bank, No. 33 Wall st., in the City of New-York, on or before the 4th day of November next.—Dated, New-York, the 28th day of April, 1874.
ap30-law6mTh* SHEPHERD KNAPP,
THOMAS PAYTON, } Executors.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF ROBERT C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against ALFRED T. WELLER, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at the office of Gouverneur Rogers, No. 44 Pearl street, in the City of New-York, on or before the 16th day of September next.—Dated New-York, the 11th day of March, 1874.
GOUVERNEUR ROGERS, Executor.
SARAH E. WELLER, Executrix.
mh12-law6mTh

LEGAL NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT.—ELMORE M. CLARK, REBECCA Dunlap, and William H. Dunlap, Plaintiffs, against S. D. BURBANK and G. M. Burbank, Defendants.—Summons.—For a money demand on contract.—(Com. not served.)—To the Defendants: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which will be filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, at the new County Court-house, New-York City, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber, at his office, No. 240 Broadway, New-York City, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiffs in this action will take judgment against you for the sum of twenty-one hundred dollars, with interest from the 26th day of Februry, 1871, besides the costs of this action.—Dated New-York, June 5, 1874.
JOHN HENRY HULL,
Plaintiffs' Attorney, No. 240 Broadway.
The summons and complaint in this action were filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, in the New County Court-house, New-York City, on the 6th day of June, 1874.
JOHN HENRY HULL, Plaintiffs' Attorney,
je11-law6wTh No. 240 Broadway, New-York.

NEW-YORK SUPREME COURT.—COUNTY of New-York.—HERMANN GRIEME against ANNA GRIEME.—Summons for relief.—To the defendant above named: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, of which a copy is herewith served upon you, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber at his office, No. 17 Warren street, in said City, within twenty days after the service hereof, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the complaint.—Dated New-York, April 18, 1874.
MICHAEL K. McCARTEN,
Plaintiff's Attorney, No. 17 Warren street.
The complaint in this action was filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, this 13th day of May, 1874.
M. K. McCARTEN,
my14-law6wTh* Plaintiff's Attorney.

SUPREME COURT.—THE BROOKLYN TRUST COMPANY, plaintiff, against the HEMPSTEAD AND ROCKAWAY RAILROAD COMPANY and others, defendants.—To the holders of the first mortgage bonds of the Hempstead and Rockaway Railroad Company: Pursuant to and under the authority conferred on me, the undersigned, by an order of the Supreme Court made in the above entitled action, dated the 22d day of May, A. D. 1874, I hereby require all persons and corporations holding or owning any of the first mortgage bonds of the Hempstead and Rockaway Railroad Company to produce the same before me at my office, No. 377 Fulton street, in the City of Brooklyn, on the 3d day of July, A. D. 1874, at 12 o'clock noon of that day, and on such further days as adjournment to may be by me made, at which time and place appointment is hereby made to take proofs and to do such further things as may be required in and by said order.—Dated June 15, 1874.
JESSE JOHNSON, Referee.

AMUSEMENTS.

GREAT ROMAN HIPPODROME.

P. T. BARNUM......Proprietor.
No amusement event of the century has been greeted with such uniform and
OVERWHELMING SUCCESS.
An average of
TWENTY THOUSAND PEOPLE DAILY
have thronged the vast Amphitheatre and GRAND MENAGERIE. Upon the spacious
QUARTER MILE COURSE
are witnessed all the prominent features and thrilling incidents of England's Annual Carnival,
THE DERBY DAY,
without its attendant turmoil, dust, and danger.
BRILLIANT HURDLE AND FLAT RACES
by fearless young ladies.
THRILLING STEEPLE-CHASES,
with all the daring incidents of England's great national sport.
ENGLISH JOCKEY RACES,
by foreign jockeys, in which are seen the famous thoroughbred running-horses of England and Ireland.
ROMAN CHARIOT RACES,
by Amazonian drivers, rivaling in spirit and speed the historic contests of Greece and Rome.
LIBERTY RACE,
of twenty-one beautiful horses.
ELEPHANT, CAMEL AND MONKEY RACES,
with the gorgeous pageant, the
CONGRESS OF NATIONS,
at each exhibition, afternoon and evening.
DONNYBROOK FAIR
and the LANCASHIRE RACES.
Mlle. VICTORIA,
QUEEN OF THE LOFTY WIRE.
All the above, with various Gymnastic and Trapeze Acts, are given
AFTERNOON AND EVENING.
Also, without extra charge, the
GRAND MENAGERIE.
The most costly and complete Zoölogical Collection in the world. Open daily at 1:30 and 7 P. M. Grand procession of the CONGRESS OF NATIONS enters the vast Amphitheatre promptly at 2:30 and 8 o'clock.
BOX-OFFICE OPEN THREE DAYS IN ADVANCE.

WALLACK'S.

Proprietor and Manager......Mr. LESTER WALLACK
Doors open at 7:30. Commence at 8 o'clock.
THIRD AND LAST WEEK BUT ONE
of the engagement of
MISS CARLOTTA LE CLERCQ,
and
last nights of the emotional play of
FATE, FATE, FATE,
which will be repeated
EVERY EVENING DURING THE PRESENT WEEK,
with
MISS CARLOTTA LE CLERCQ...as...HELEN FARADAY
LAST FATE MATINEE SATURDAY, JUNE 20.
MONDAY EVENING, June 22, will be presented for the first time here, an entirely new dramatization of Mrs. Wood's famous romance of
EAST LYNNE.
Miss LE CLERCQ in the dual characters of } LADY ISABEL and Mme. VINE

WOOD'S MUSEUM. HERNANDEZ FOSTER.

Two performances daily; at 2 and 8 P. M.
The celebrated pantomimist and actor, Mr.

EVERY	HERNANDEZ FOSTER,	EVERY
AFTERNOON	in his original character of Monday, in the new sensational drama of MONDAY;	EVENING
at 2	or, JACK HARKAWAY Among the Brigands.	at 8

MONDAY, June 22, THE SKELETON HAND.

THE COLOSSEUM.

COLOSSEUM	DAILY AT 1 AND 7.	COLOSSEUM
COLOSSEUM	The most fashionable resort	COLOSSEUM
COLOSSEUM	in the City, cool and	COLOSSEUM
COLOSSEUM	well ventilated	COLOSSEUM
COLOSSEUM	The Great Illusion of	COLOSSEUM
COLOSSEUM	LONDON BY NIGHT,	COLOSSEUM
COLOSSEUM	the midnight thunder-storm	COLOSSEUM
COLOSSEUM	Prof. TOBINS' lectures.	COLOSSEUM
COLOSSEUM	Admission, $1; no extras.	COLOSSEUM

CENTRAL PARK GARDEN. TO-NIGHT.
THIS AND EVERY EVENING AT 8.
THEODORE THOMAS'
UNRIVALED SUMMER NIGHTS' CONCERTS.
CHANGE OF PROGRAMME EVERY EVENING.
ADMISSION TICKETS, 50 CENTS.

DAN BRYANT'S MINSTRELS 23D ST.
Every evening at 8. Saturday matinée at 2. Crowded with fashionable and delighted audiences. Two hours' fun. All new acts. Dan Bryant, Unsworth Eugene, Hart, Reed, Seymour.

MUSICAL.

200 PIANOS AND ORGANS,

New and Second-hand, *of* First-class Makers, including Waters, *will be sold at* Lower Prices *for cash, or on* Installments, *or for rent, in* City or Country, during this month, *by* HORACE WATERS & SON, No. 481 Broadway, than ever before offered in New-York. Agents wanted *for the sale of* Waters' Celebrated Pianos and Organs. A SPECIALTY: Pianos *and* Organs to let until *the* rent money pays *the* price *of the* Instrument. Illustrated Catalogues mailed. A large discount *to* Ministers, Churches, Schools, Lodges, &c.

A LARGE STOCK OF PIANOS,

square and upright, to rent or sell cheap. Sales on easy monthly payments. Call at M. M. MERRELL'S, No. 8 Union square, (No. 165 4th av.)

A. BRAUTIGAM'S UPRIGHT AND SQUARE pianos are second to none. Prices moderate. Constantly on hand a large assortment of second-hand pianos from best makers. Pianos to rent. Warerooms No. 701 Broadway.

LIGHTE & ERNST—OLD HOUSE OF LIGHTE. Newton & Bradbury, established 1840, have removed to No. 12 East 14th st. Pianos for sale and to let cheap; also on easy monthly payments.

A $450 WEBER PIANO FOR $200.—A $600 pedal, 2-bank, 10-stop Organ for $200; 7-octave pianos, rent $4. GORDON & SON, No. 13 East 14th near 5th av.

BANKRUPT NOTICES.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE THAT ON THE 8th day of June, A. D. 1874, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of RICHARD W. FROST, of New-York City, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition, that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt to prove their debts and to choose one or more assignees of his estate will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 7 Beekman street, Room No. 2, in the City of New-York, before Mr. James F. Dwight, Register, on the 30th day of June, A. D. 1874, at 2 o'clock P. M.
OLIVER FISKE,
United States Marshal, as Messenger, Southern District of New-York.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of FREDERICK H. CHAPIN and SAMUEL PHIPPS, Jr., bankrupts.—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said court by Samuel Phipps, Jr., in said district, duly declared a bankrupt, under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts and other claims provable under said act, and that the 10th day of July, 1874, at 11 o'clock A. M., at the office of Henry Wilder Allen, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy, No. 152 Broadway, in the City of New-York, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest, may attend and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.—Dated New-York, on the 8th day of June, 1874.
GEORGE F. BETTS, Clerk.
je18-law3wTh

IN BANKRUPTCY.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of BENJAMIN G. BLOSS, Bankrupt.—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said court by Benjamin G. Bloss, of the City of New-York, in said district, duly declared a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts, and other claims provable under said act, and that the 3d day of July, 1874, at 11 o'clock A. M., at the office of Isaiah T. Williams, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy, No. 4 Warren street, in the City of New-York, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest, may attend and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.—Dated New-York, on the 10th day of June, 1874.
GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.
je11-law3wTh*

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of SEYMOUR N. MARSH and GEORGE CALDWELL, bankrupts—In Bankruptcy.—A warrant in bankruptcy has been issued by said court against the estate of Seymour N. Marsh and George Caldwell, of the County of New-York, of the State of New-York, in said district, adjudged bankrupts upon the petition of their creditors, and the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property belonging to said bankrupts, to them or to their use, and the transfer of any property by them, are forbidden by law. A meeting of the creditors of said bankrupts, to prove their debts and choose one or more assignees of their estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy to be holden at No. 152 Broadway, in the City of New-York, in said district, on the 9th day of July, A. D. 1874, at 12 o'clock M., at the office of Henry Wilder Allen, Esq., one of the Registers in Bankruptcy of said court.
OLIVER FISKE, Marshal—Messenger.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of J. ALBERT SEE, bankrupt—In Bankruptcy.—A warrant in bankruptcy has been issued by said court against the estate of J. Albert See, of the County of New-York, of the State of New-York, in said district, adjudged a bankrupt upon the petition of his creditors; and the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property belonging to said bankrupt to him or to his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law. A meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt, to prove their debts and choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 345 Broadway, in the City of New-York, in said district, on the 1st day of July, A. D. 1874, at 2 o'clock P. M., at the office of John Fitch, Esq., one of the Registers in Bankruptcy of said court.
OLIVER FISKE, Marshal, Messenger.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of SYLVESTER F. BEST and CHARLES P. BEST, bankrupts.—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said court by Sylvester F. Best and Charles P. Best, in said district, duly declared a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts, and other claims provable under said act, and that the 10th day of July, 1874, at 11 o'clock A. M., at the office of Isaac Dayton, a Register in Bankruptcy, No. 322 Broadway, in the City of New-York, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest, may attend, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.—Dated, New-York, on the 13th day of June, 1874.
GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.
je18-law3wTh

COMMENCEMENTS.

RUTGERS COLLEGE.

THE EXERCISES IN MASONIC HALL—THE ORATIONS—THE PRIZES AND DEGREES AWARDED.

From Our Own Correspondent.

NEW-BRUNSWICK, N. J., Wednesday, June 17, 1874.

To-day has been devoted to Commencement, not by the college alone but by the whole city. The streets have worn a holiday appearance and been filled with gayly-dressed ladies and beribboned students and alumni, many of them strangers, many of them citizens. Promptly at 10 o'clock the procession formed on the college campus and, headed by Grafulla's Band, proceeded down George street to the Masonic Hall through a throng of sightseers. The new Freshman class came first, then Gov. Parker with President Campbell, followed by the Trustees, the Faculty, (who have mostly ceased wearing the time-honored and scholastic gowns, much to everybody's regret,) the alumni, and students. On the stage at the hall the Trustees and orators sat on either side, with the Faculty behind and the President and Gov. Parker in front. Among the prominent gentlemen present were, besides the Governor, Ex-Gov. Newell, Rev. Dr. Abell, Maurice E. Viele, Ex-Gov. Pruyn, of New-York; Peter Duryee, of Newark; J. W. Schermerhorn, of New-York, and Rev. Drs. Taylor, Hartley, Jewett, and Schauck. The auditorium was crowded "from pit to dome" with ladies in gay colors, and flowers plentifully mingled for presentation to the orators. Commencement at Rutgers is excellently conducted. We have no class day to make Commencement a mere side show, and the exercises are so plentifully interspersed with good music—having music after every oration, instead of after every three or four, as most colleges do—that the interest is kept up and plenty of time is given for conversation. The Opera-house is very commodious and cool, and everybody was comfortably provided for to-day.

The following is the programme of the day in full—music by Grafulla:

Overtures, "Morning, Noon, and Night"............Suppe
Invocation.
Overture, "Stradella"............Flotow
John N. Wyckoff, White House, N. J., Latin Salutatory.
[Excused.]
Waltz, "New Vienna"............Strauss
Ephraim Cutter, Woodbridge, N. J., English Salutatory.
Overture, "Light Cavalry,"............Suppe
Perry J. Fuller, New-Baltimore, N. Y., Philosophical Oration.
Galop, "New World"............Strauss
Henry L. Janeway, New-Brunswick, Scientific Oration.
Overture, "William Tell"............Rossini
Theodore Mills, Port Jervis, N. Y., "Charles Sumner."
Waltz, "German Hearts"............Strauss
Charles A. Runk, Elizabeth, N. J., "The Monarch of Society."
Waltz, "Bei uns Zie Haus" [At Home]............Strauss
Ralph W. Brokaw, Somerset, Kansas, "The Influence of Home."
Music, "Home, Sweet Home."
John Oppie, Griggstown, N. J., "Aristocracy."
Music, "Carnival de Venice"............Paginini
J. V. De Mott, Middlebush, N. J., "Self."
Selections, "Lurline"............Wallace
Joseph R. Duryee, Newark, "The College of the Future."
Selections, "Der Freischutz"............Weber
George D. Lydecker, Nyack Turnpike, N. Y., "The American Scholar."
Selections, "Martha"............Flotow
David M. Talmage, Amoy, China, "Moral Advancement."
Grand Air, Clarionet Solo............Bergson
William B. Berry, Montclair, N. J., "Singleness of Aim."
Air, "Amaryllis"............Le Roi Louis XIII
Louis H. Schenck, Neshanic, N. J., "Perseverance, Not Accident."
Selections, "Lohengrin."............Wagner
Prizes Awarded.
Degrees Conferred.
William H. Lawrence, Old Bridge, N. J., "Master's Oration."
Galop, "O'er Hill and Dale,"............Newmann
John V. Wyckoff, White House, N. J., Valedictory.
Traumerei............Schumann
Benediction.
College Airs.

The finest orator among the graduates was Mr. Duryee, of Newark, whose family seems to be permanently represented at Rutgers, having a member here all the time. His idea of the college of the future is to use text-books less, and oral lectures by accurate teachers full of enthusiasm and tact, and then to pay more attention to the natural sciences. The valedictory, also, had some beautifully-expressed thoughts. The master's oration was a very eloquent address, and well conceived, being very witty at the start and touching at the close, and so held the constant attention of the audience.

The following were the prizes awarded, and degrees conferred:

The degree of Bachelor of Arts was conferred on the following: W. B. Berry, R. W. Brokaw, Charles Davis, J. V. DeMott, H. N. Fuller, W. F. Gaston, C. H. T. Kruger, J. B. Manley, T. D. Mills, Isaac Pumyea, L. H. Schenck, P. D. Staats, A. H. Strong, A. B. Van Dervoort, W. H. Bradley, Ephraim Cutter, T. E. Davis, J. R. Duryee, P. J. Fuller, H. L. Janeway, G. D. Lydecker, C. A. Meyer, John Oppie, C. A. Runk, J. W. Searing, William Stoddard, D. M. Talmage, A. Van Etten, Jr., J. N. Wyckoff.

The following have been admitted to the degree of Master of Arts in course: George Berdine, John Woodruff Conklin, Ezra Doane DeLatamer, Joseph Fischer, Haley Fisk, Jr., James Cortelyou Garretson, James Edward Graham, Andrew Hageman, Wm. Huilt Lawrence, Rodolph Crockeron Oakley, George Edgar Pace, Wm. Newton Todd, Chas. Francis Van Inwegen, Wm. Penfield Voorhees, Edwin Bleecker Williamson, John Henry Wyckoff.

At the request of his classmates and the Professors of the Theological Seminary, the Trustees have given the honorary degree of A. M. to Rev. Aaron William Bensen, a member of the Class of 1871, who left on account of ill health.

The degree of Master of Science has been conferred upon James Kennedy Barton, Stephen George Gano, Winfield Scott Lasher, Charles William Merritt, John Anderson Miller, Jr., Charles Lansing Pruyn, Otis Comfort Tiffany, Joseph Ward, Jr., Silas Ebenezer Wier, Jr.

The degree of Civil Engineer is conferred on Winfield S. Lasher, on full proof of his continued advancement in the practice of his profession.

The degree of Doctor of Divinity upon Rev. Benjamin B. Seacock, of New-York City; Rev. Samuel W. Mills, of Port Jervis; Rev. Guido F. Verbeck, of Japan.

The degree of LL. D. upon Hon. David A. Depue, Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of New-Jersey; Hon. Ward Hunt, of Utica, Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States.

The degree of Doctor of Philosophy upon Henry Magnas Bauscher, M. D., of New-Paltz, N. Y.

The honorary degree of Master of Arts upon Martin Luther Deyo, Professor of Mathematics in the Albany Academy.

Prizes Awarded.—Senior prizes—Brodhead prize for classics, also Cooper prize for classics, E. Cutter, P. J. Fuller, A. H. Strong, J. N. Wyckoff; Suydam prize for natural science, W. B. Berry; Suydam prize for composition, H. N. Fuller; Bradley prize for mathematics, A. Van Etten, Jr.; Van Doran prize for missions, Charles Davis; Atherton prize for history, P. D. Staats; Cook prize for mineralogy, W. B. Berry. Junior prize—Doolittle prize for composition, James Kemlo. Sophomore prizes—Myrom W. Smith, prize for declamation, (first,) C. C. Van Deusen; Myron W. Smith prize for declamation, (second,) P. F. Sutphen; Peter Spader prize, (first,) W. A. Van Zandt; Peter Spader prize, (second,) P. F. Sutphen, C. B. Pierce; prize for botany, H. N. Johnson. Freshman prize—Tunis Quick prize for grammar, H. Veghte; Tunis Quick prize for spelling, W. M. Stillman.

To-night the President is holding his annual levee, and it is attended by a large company of fashionable people. Grafulla's Band is playing on the green meanwhile.

Last night, late, the Sophomores issued black-bordered programmes for a cremation ceremony. The class have had a particular difficulty with *Freeman's Outline*, and so resolved to burn it; and about 11 o'clock a procession of mourners in sheets and other mournful costumes, flanked and headed by flambeaus, and carrying all the necessary paraphernalia, proceeded to the campus. Here, after several orations, the reading of a poem, and singing, a bonfire which had been started was fed with the precious volume, and the Sophs danced a war-dance until the clock struck 12.

The committee of the Board of Trustees for the improvement of the college library have been named as Cortlandt Parker, Esq., Ex-Govs. Randolph and Newell, of New-Jersey; J. N. Schermerhorn and Rev. Dr. Chambers, of New-York City.

RUTGERS FEMALE COLLEGE.

ANNIVERSARY OF THE MU NU SIGMA SOCIETY—ADDRESS BY DR. E. HALL—EXERCISES BY THE GRADUATING CLASS.

The anniversary of the Mu Nu Sigma Society, in connection with Rutgers Female College, was celebrated yesterday afternoon, Miss Pauline Seligman, A. B., of the Class of 1873, presiding. The proceedings commenced by singing the anthem, "The Lord is My Shepherd," and prayer immediately followed. Dr. E. Hall, President of the college, delivered the address of welcome to the Alumnæ. He said:

LADIES' ALUMNÆ OF RUTGERS: It is my pleasing duty to receive you here to-day in the halls of your alma mater, and although holding simply *ex officio* the honorable place of President, and that only during the will of that august body corporate known as the Board of Trustees of Rutgers Female College, none, I can assure you, can more heartily welcome you on this, your annual greeting, than I do. Always welcome, but, to-day, a thousand times welcome. That astute and honorable body corporate before mentioned have had many hard problems to solve, and, I think, have succeeded wonderfully, considering the many unknown quantities they have elucidated and canceled; but you, ladies, after the agreeable reunion of last evening, have filled me with cheer and comfort, and with the grateful assurance that, having associated yourselves together in the behests of your alma mater, you will be to her like the banyan tree, each branch becoming itself a trunk and support, and altogether forming a canopy broad enough for the accommodation of hundreds and thousands who may seek her academic shades hereafter. [Applause.] For one I feel morally certain that, as soon as the Alumnæ are told that their alma mater is struggling with difficulties, and appeals to her daughters for aid, they will, as they have already done, cheerfully respond. We have an excellent Faculty, both in the collegiate and academic departments, including music, art, and modern languages, and they have done good and faithful work; but we wish to enlarge the Faculty. We wish, with our ample, collegiate charter, to make Rutgers Female College as desirable for our daughters as Columbia or New-York University is for our sons. [Applause.] And while your brothers are so jealous for the honor and prosperity of their literary mother, shall it be said of their sisters that they have any less love and pride in their alma mater? "No," I think I hear you say, "a thousand times no!" You are not especially asked for material aid, but I do most earnestly ask you to give us your moral aid, by speaking a good word, in season and out of season, for the benefit of the college, and especially by inducing younger sisters to enter its halls, and thus insure them a better and broader education than they can obtain anywhere else in New-York. Pardon me for thus extending my remarks, and again accept our most cordeal welcome. [Applause.]

Miss Annie B. Atwood, A. B., of the class of '70, was selected to deliver the annual address. She said that the practical education of women was the subject of her discourse, and proceeding to answer any possible inquiry which might be suggested as to her fitness to enlighten them on a question of such magnitude, she explained that she had traveled much and was acquainted not merely with life in cities and large communities, but had studied it in its various aspects in the far West, in the garrison, in the ranche, and in the homes of the children of the forest. That boundless stretch of land now untilled, and practically unoccupied, would one day be thickly populated, for were not our Eastern States crowded enough to spare some of their population and yet have little enough room for those still here? They might rest assured that not many years would elapse before they would see millions of people living in these Western countries, which would become the centre of a prosperous civilization. Admitting that as a fact, were the young women of today capable of adapting themselves to the necessities of life in a new sphere, and would they be drawbacks or helps to their husbands? The intention of every pure-principled woman was to be a helpmate, and a practical education was therefore indispensable. Never in the history of this country was there a period when colleges of high educational standing were more needed than now, for our ordinary schools for the education of young women were flimsy affairs, where nothing was ever learned. In the course of conversation recently a young lady replied in answer to an interrogatory that she learned "a little of everything at school." That was the utterance of a truism which every young lady similarly tutored would indorse. She now spoke of the general character of the education imparted to young women, and there was an utter lack of aim and earnestness in it. It was not the fault of the girl, but the education she received. How far different were the methods in the colleges for men. There a certain course was pursued thoroughly, and a different result was attained. She did not propose to trespass on the questions connected with woman's rights, and did not advocate the admission of women to the practice of law or medicine, believing, as she did, that these professions were safer in the hands of men. She advocated their education in a practical manner, because the great West, when populated, would require the refining influence of the presence of educated women. All along that country at the present time there was more heathenism than could be found in the Pacific islands, and the name of God was utterly unknown. The influence of woman for good in such a sphere was self-evident, and unless she was early indoctrinated in moral truths and practical knowledge, how could she later expect to be a proper helpmate? If the women who inhabited the West were earnest and cultured, they would elevate the tone of society there, and a glorious future might be expected from it. But practical education everywhere was indispensable, and women of this class now found ready and lucrative employment. In these days of general defalcation it could be said to the honor of women that in the departments of the Government in Washington where they were employed exclusively there was not one dollar missing. (Applause.) Education, to be worth anything, should be in a special direction, and such an education could not be acquired by skimming lightly over a number of books that are forgotten as soon as read. In school and in college the mind should be made up with a view to a particular end, and when girls arrive at this determination colleges would multiply to supply their necessities. A minister of her acquaintance educated a large family of sons and daughters thoroughly, but not with a view to the obtainment of a livelihood, as he was in independent circumstances. Adversity came and wealth disappeared, but the children prosper and bless the wisdom and prudence of their father. In ordinary life men did not require wives who could utter common-place remarks with an air of self-sufficiency, and appear in our fashionable avenues attired like dolls. They wanted women who would prove helpmates in the general acceptation of the word, and whose minds were stored with useful and practical knowledge. Education was not limited to a college course, and in the outside world, in contact with men and things, they would have to employ the theories and principles they here learned in acquiring that great practical education which makes good and useful wives and mothers. [Applause.]

The proceedings of the society then terminated and the class day exercises, under the presidency of Miss Juliet Warner, took place in the chapel of the college. The accommodations of "the little sanctum," as it is fondly termed by the graduates, were found sadly insufficient to contain the crowds who sought admission, and standing positions were at a high premium. The undergraduates attended in full force, and the friends of the happy ones whose ten years' study was brought to a close yesterday, were present, and overflowing with smiles of encouragement and cheer. The chapel was elaborately decorated for the occasion, and flowers and wreaths, bearing appropriate devices, were scattered around in great profusion. At the appointed hour the graduating class was escorted into the chapel by the class of '75, and the exercises opened with the chorus, "The Wanderer," in which all participated. Miss Etta Burns, a young lady of evident culture and extensive information, gave what is known, in college parlance, as "the history," which means a statement of the leading incidents in the experience of the class while passing through the various stages of college life, from their entrance to their graduation. The subject is dry enough, and addresses of that character are generally nothing better than a grouping together of threadbare platitudes current in all colleges, but in its treatment by Miss Burns there was infused into it a peculiar freshness and novelty, which rendered "the history" specially entertaining. She departed from the general custom of blending facts with classical quotations until the ordinary observer is unable to determine which predominates, and, instead, clothed her figures in a garment of humor at the same time that she displayed a very intimate knowledge of a variety of abstruse and difficult subjects. The audience entered into the spirit of the address, and repeatedly expressed approval by loud applause. Miss Ella A. Tallman next sang the solo, "My Song," with effect, and Miss Ada M. Fountain, as prophetess of the class, proceeded to tell the future of her class-mates. Sprightly and vivacious, with a peculiarly winning archness of manner, and a particularly good delivery, Miss Fountain appeared at once to ingratiate herself in the favor of her auditors. Her prophecy consisted in rehearsing the peculiarities of the class, in which she did not spare herself, but nothing was overdone, and on concluding she was repeatedly applauded. The charge and key presentation to the juniors was formally made by Miss A. Tallman. Her address was short, and simply contained a little salutary advice to her juniors as to their course of study during the ensuing year. Miss Elsie Crane, on the part of the Junior Class, responded, promising on the part of herself and associates that they would do nothing to sully the reputation of their *Alma Mater*. Musical and vocal exercises followed, and the proceedings concluded with a benediction.

GRADUATING EXERCISES AT BATES' COLLEGE.

LEWISTON, Me., June 17.—The exercises of the graduating class of Bates' College took place today. A heavy rain made it necessary to omit the customary procession. The degree of A. B., in course, was conferred upon seventeen members of the graduating class, and that of A. M., out of course, upon two members. The degree of D. D. was conferred upon Rev. G. W. Quimby, of Augusta, and of LL.D. upon Hon. G. G. Fogg, of New-Hampshire, and Hon. Nelson Dingley, Jr., Governor of Maine.

ROANOKE COLLEGE COMMENCEMENT.

SALEM, Va., June 17.—The Commencement exercises of Roanoke College have been progressing for the past few days. The Baccalaureate sermon was preached by Rev. F. W. Conrad, D. D., of Philadelphia, and the annual address before the Young Men's Christian Association by Rev. G. Diehl, D.D., of Maryland. Wm. Murrell, of Virginia, was the successful contestant for the gold medal in oratory. The address before the Alumni was delivered by George E. Penn, of Virginia. Ex-Gov. Walker, of Virginia, was prevented from delivering the address before the literary societies, last night, owing to his illness in Washington. His place was supplied by Rev. Dr. Conrad, who made an excellent address. To-day was Commencement Day. There were ten graduates with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. The first honors were conferred upon F. V. N. Painter, of West Virginia, and T. C. Herndon, of Kentucky; the second honor on C. A. Marks, of Virginia; the third honor on Wm. M. Murrell, of Virginia. The following young gentlemen were awarded gold medals: T. C. Herndon, of Kentucky, for mathematics; F. V. N. Painter, of West Virginia, for metaphysics; L. F. Redner, of Texas, for Greek. The Sophomore English prizes were awarded to C. O. Keedy, of Maryland, and George D. Peters, of Virginia. The Commencement has been altogether quite a success, and has thronged the town with visitors from various parts of the country. Capt. J. E. Raft, of Tennessee, has given the college $1,100; Rev. Dr. Conrad, $100; and Mrs. D. E. Bittle, of Savannah, a box of minerals to the college, and an oil painting, worth $1,200, to the Demosthenes Society. Over 300 volumes have been given to the library. The Board of Trustees have appointed a committee to report at the next meeting a plan for raising an endowment fund of $200,000 by the quarter centennial of the college in 1878.

WALL STREET INTERESTS.

The Wall street market continues to exhibit unmistakable signs of weakness, and, judging from all the indications, will probably go even lower than the present ruling prices before the inevitable Fall rise takes place. Prominent bankers and operators state that one of the principal causes for the existing depression is the fact that the Government has been quietly accumulating the legal tenders paid out during the panic over the reserve, and that the amount now ready to be retired aggregates $13,000,000. The suspension of such an eminently respectable house as that of Turner Bros., which was universally regarded as one of the strongest firms on the Street, naturally contributed not a little to intensify the general feeling of insecurity pervading financial circles, and consequently it was not matter of surprise; but when the market opened yesterday a general decline in the entire list of stocks took place. During the day there was a temporary reaction in consequence of the receipt of intelligence from Washington that the amendment to the Tariff bill taxing brokers' sales had been killed. The reaction, however, was only temporary, as at the close of the board prices for the most part returned to the quotations of the morning. Of course the failure of Messrs. Turner Bros. gave rise to a host of rumors affecting the financial standing of other banking houses which have made advances to Western railroads, but from inquiries made by the reporter of THE TIMES the rumors in question seemed to be entirely devoid of foundation. Among the stocks which have exhibited the most marked decline during the past few days are C., C. and I. C. and Lake Shore. The former dropped two points yesterday. The weakness in Lake Shore, which exhibits a decline of three per cent. below Saturday's prices, is in a measure accounted for independent of the depressed tone of the market by the fact of a continued decrease in profitable business. The company, it is stated, are at present carrying grain from Chicago to Buffalo at 3½ cents per bushel, which, it is claimed, is not a paying rate.

Messrs. Turner Bros. are preparing a statement of their liabilities, which will be ready in a few days.

MULLEN'S WALK.

The opinion seemed to be entertained yesterday that Edward Mullen, the champion ten-mile walker of America, who commenced to walk on Monday morning at the Washington Riding Academy, Sixth avenue and Twenty-sixth street, would accomplish the feat of walking 500 miles in six days, and thus beat Weston's performance. He walked the first 115 miles on Monday in less time than Weston, and made good progress on Tuesday. The number of visitors yesterday was much larger than on the preceding days, and Mullen seemed to be in excellent spirits. It was noticeable, however, that his left leg was very lame, and after resting it was with the greatest difficulty he went over the course for the first two or three rounds. He commenced yesterday morning at 3:45 A. M., and got through the first five miles at 4:49. He completed 160 miles up to Tuesday night. He walked up to 6:48 A. M., and then rested for ten minutes. At 5:1 P. M. he completed 211 miles, and at 9:34 he had walked 223 miles. He then rested until 10:20 when he started again, and after a few rounds performed several circuits of the course with as much speed as he walked at any previous time since his commencement on Monday morning.

POOLS ON JEROME PARK.

The programme for the races at Jerome Park to-day promises anything but a prospect of good sport. For the mile and a half race for a purse of $500 the only entry is Kadi, who, therefore, will have a walk over. The same story is to be told regarding the second race, one mile and three-quarters, for a purse of $700, Whisper being the only entry. On the two other races on the programme pools sold as follows:

PURSE RACE—One mile and a quarter, for three-year olds:

Vandalite	$60	$50	$50
Christine	30	25	26

STEEPLE CHASE.

Tammany	$60	$40	$50
Bullet	50	30	26
Blind Tom	25	18	16
Henrietta	5	6	5
Electric	10	8	10

It is probable that the Jockey Club will manage to provide other races for the entertainment of their patrons, efforts having been made last evening to get on match races, so that the visitors to Jerome Park to-day may, notwithstanding the rather untoward appearance of affairs, enjoy a good day's racing.

THE PRODUCE EXCHANGE.

The subjoined dispatch was yesterday forwarded by the President of the Produce Exchange to the convention of the butter trade, which is at present sitting at Indianapolis:

To the President of the Association of Western Dealers and Shippers of Butter in Convention at Indianapolis, Ind.:

SIR: At the request of the members of the New-York Produce Exchange in the butter and cheese trade, I send you their greeting and their sympathy in favor of measures that may be enacted by your body to promote the large interests you represent.

FRANKLIN EDSON, President.

NEW-YORK PRODUCE EXCHANGE, June 17, 1874.

The Secretary of the Chamber of Life Insurance reports that the amount paid on policy claims by twenty-three life insurance companies, members of this Chamber, during May, 1874, were as follows:

On death claims	$1,432,883 94
On matured endowments	57,766 89
Total paid in cash	$1,490,650 83

The companies reporting are the Brooklyn, Continental, Equitable, Germania, Globe, Guardian, Metropolitan, Mutual, New-York, North American, Security, and Universal, of this City; the Ætna, Charter Oak, Continental, Connecticut General, Connecticut Mutual, and Travelers', of Hartford; the Massachusetts Mutual, of Springfield; the Penn Mutual, of Philadelphia; the National of the United States, Chicago, and the Life Association of America, St. Louis. The amount so paid in April was $1,392,167 34.

THE SEVENTH REGIMENT STATUE.

The Park Commissioners have adopted the following programme for the inauguration of the Seventh Regiment Monument at the Central Park. On the 22d inst., at 5 o'clock P. M., the regiment, together with the Reserve Corps, will enter the park by the Inventors' Gate, at Seventy-second street and Fifth avenue, and will cross by way of the Terrace to the site of the statue, and take position in front thereof. At 6 o'clock the following programme will be carried out:

Music.
Invocation by Rev. Dr. Weston.
Presentation of the statue to the park by Col. Vermilye.
Unveiling of statue by J. Q. A. Ward.
Music.
Acceptance of the statue by the Park Commissioners by Col. H. Stebbins.
Music.
Address by Gov. Dix.
Music.

The regiment and the veterans will then march across the Common, and leave the park at the south end of the Mall by the Scholar's Gate, Fifth avenue and Fifty-ninth street.

A GRATIFYING CIRCULAR.

The firm of Fisk & Hatch sent the following letter to their friends and creditors on Tuesday:

GENTLEMEN: Our certificates of indebtedness due June 24 will be paid on presentation, with interest to date of payment.

If presented after June 24, the interest from that date will be at the rate of four per cent. per annum, as on current deposits.

The certificates may be forwarded to us at any time after the receipt of this, for remittance, or for credit in account subject to draft, as holders may direct.

Very respectfully yours,
FISK & HATCH.

SOME OLD CONTRACTS.

At the meeting of the Kings County Board of Supervisors last evening, a resolution was passed instructing the Supply Committee of the board to inquire into all the contracts made by the Charity Commissioners, and to hold the contractors, where the city would be pecuniarily benefited by so doing, to their contracts. This resolution is intended to reach the contractors who made fraudulent bids for some articles not required, in order to secure enormous prices for others. In a great many instances these contractors put in bids for supplying the county with chickory at three cents a bushel, split peas at ten cents a bushel, and baby's shoes at three cents a pair. These articles by arrangement were never called for, but others for which the same contractors charged 100 per cent. more than the market value, were demanded in large quantities By bidding in the fraudulent manner stated above, honest contractors were driven out of the contest, and the swindlers became technically the lowest bidders. It was for aiding in these swindles that Commissioners Wills, Powell, and Ferguson were convicted last week, and fined $200 each by "side Justices" Johnson and Voorhees. The people of the County, by the swindling contracts, were defrauded out of thousands of dollars.

THE SCHUETZENFEST AT JONES' WOOD.

The riflemen of the New-York Schuetzen Corps yesterday continued their ball practice at the double-headed eagle, at Jones' Wood, until dark last evening, leaving the body of the imperial bird stuck to the pole. Consequently there was no termination of the affair, and another day, the 2d of July, was appointed to make an end of it, when the coronation ceremonies and the award of prizes will take place. Of prizes there are a great variety, mostly gold medals, ranging from $50 to $100 in value. The King's prize consists of a massive gold medal and $100 in gold. Large crowds of visitors were in attendance on the festival grounds yesterday.

CITY AND SUBURBAN NEWS.

NEW-YORK.

The flags on the City Hall were displayed yesterday, in honor of the anniversary of the battle of Bunker Hill.

Roundsman Little, of the Seventeenth Precinct, shot a mad dog at No. 101 Third avenue yesterday afternoon.

The Commencement exercises of the College of the City of New-York will be held at the Academy of Music this evening.

A severe rain storm, accompanied by a heavy gale, passed over the City yesterday afternoon, lasting from 1:30 until 2 o'clock.

The Cunard steam-ship Abyssinia, which left Liverpool June 6 and Queenstown June 7, reached this port last evening with mail news later by two days.

Robert Ross, aged fourteen, of No. 754 Park avenue, Brooklyn, fell through the hatchway at No. 33 Beekman street yesterday and sustained serious injuries.

In the Court of General Sessions, yesterday, John Putz pleaded guilty to an attempt at grand larceny, and was sent to State Prison for two years and six months.

A strawberry festival in aid of the Baptist Home will be held in the Pilgrim Baptist Church, Thirty-third street, between Eighth and Ninth avenues, this evening.

The First Battalion Massachusetts Light Artillery, which is to arrive here on the 25th inst., consists of two batteries. One comprises six light twelve, or "Napoleon," guns, and the other six ten-pounder Parrotts.

To-day the Rural Club of this City will have an excursion to and lunch at Beacon Farm, Long Island. The steamer V. Seymour will leave Thirty-third street, East River, at 8:15 precisely, if clear; otherwise, on Friday.

The first dinner of the Hoboken Turtle Club takes place to-morrow afternoon, at the club grounds at Claremont, on the Hudson. "Exercises" to commence at 4. Trains on the Hudson River Railroad leave Thirtieth street at 1 and 3 P. M.

Judge Benedict opened the June Term of the United States Circuit Court, (criminal side,) yesterday, and adjourned it to this morning, there being not a sufficient number of either Grand or Petit Jurors present for the transaction of business.

Charles Fredericks was held for trial at the Tombs yesterday for having obtained $25 worth of morphine from Powers & Weightman, druggists of No. 5 Maiden lane, by means of a forged order purporting to come from Messrs. Einser & Armand, of No. 205 Third avenue.

Yesterday the reception and delivery of bonded goods ceased at the old Public Stores, Nos. 52, 54, 56, 58, and 60 New Church street, and Nos. 15, 17, 19, 21, and 23 Greenwich street. To-day the business of this department will be conducted at the new stores on Laight street, bounded by West and Washington streets.

Wm. A. Leonard, aged forty-three, residing at No. 720 Lexington avenue, stepped in front of a Harlem Railroad train going north at Fifty-seventh street and Fourth avenue. He was struck by the locomotive, thrown from the track, and sustained serious injuries about the head and body. He was attended by Dr. Robinson and taken to St. Luke's Hospital.

Since the steamers of the Narragansett Steamship Company have been transferred to the Old Colony Steam-boat Company, the word "Newport" has been erased from them and "Fall River" substituted therefor. It is understood that the new company will restore the ten per cent. reduction made by the old company during the panic. Hall's band has commenced its duties for the season on the steamers of this company.

The ordinance recently adopted by the Common Council "for the better protection of strangers and the traveling public," and to regulate and license "steam-boat runners," was promulgated to the Police force by general order yesterday. The ordinance provides that the Mayor may grant license to "steam-boat runners" on the payment of a license fee of $25, and each person so licensed when soliciting passengers shall wear a metal badge, to be prescribed by the Mayor, under a penalty of $25 for each violation of the ordinance.

BROOKLYN.

Fourth street, between North Tenth and Orchard streets, is to be paved, by order of the Board of City Works, at a cost of $59,126 96.

All the cases in which the boy "Fred" English testified against the liquor dealers were dismissed yesterday by the Board of Police and Excise.

On motion of Mr. P. Keady, the trial of Sarah Merrigan, who is charged with the murder of Margaret Hamill, was postponed until to-day. The ground of postponement was the absence of Gen. Tracy, senior counsel for the defendant.

Thomas Edgely, John Jones, John Green, and William Reed, arrested in New-York, on a charge of breaking into the house of Mr. Edward Ridley, at Gravesend, on the 7th instant, were committed by Justice Delmar, yesterday, to await the action of the Grand Jury. The prisoners waved an examination, and pleaded not guilty.

Mrs. Kate E. Williams, wife of a former proprietor of the American Hotel at Paris, has obtained a warrant in Justice Riley's court for the recovery of $5,000 worth of furniture from the house No. 213 Cumberland street, which she claims is unlawfully detained by a Mr. Raymond, on a fraudulent bill of sale. The case will come up for examination this forenoon.

The Charity Commissioners met at noon yesterday, at the Almshouse in Flatbush. All the Commissioners were present. Commissioner Cunningham refused to act with Commissioners Wills, Powell, and Ferguson, who were recently convicted and fined, in the Court of Oyer and Terminer, for criminal neglect of duty. The board organized and went on with the routine business without him.

At the regular meeting of the Board of Supervisors, yesterday, a motion to pay the bills of the Coroners for inquests held on still-born infants was lost. A communication was received from the Superintendent of the County Lunatic Asylum urging upon the board the necessity of making an appropriation to supply food and clothing to the inmates of that institution. The salaries of the court stenographers were, on motion, increased from $2,000 to $2,500 per annum.

LONG ISLAND.

The horticultural exhibition of the Queens County Agricultural Society will be held at the Fair Grounds, Mineola, to-day. The grounds have been put in complete order, and the show of fruit, flowers, and vegetables promises to be, notwithstanding the backwardness of the season, the best ever held in the county.

The Queens County Court and Court of Sessions, Hon. John J. Armstrong presiding, convened at the Court-house, North Hempstead, on Monday last, and adjourned for the term last evening. The Grand Jury were in session but one day, and found thirty-seven indictments for various offenses. James Donohue, arrested on the confession of Wm. Green, a convict in the Massachusetts State Prison as one of the murderers of James Graham, the Little Neck shoemaker, was discharged by order of the court, the Massachusetts authorities refusing to give up Green for a witness. George, alias Shorty Lent, the leader of the Queens County gang of burglars, was arraigned upon two indictments for burglary, and pleading not guilty his trial was put over to the September term. Some doubt is expressed whether he will be found when wanted, as he has already made two attempts to escape. There are at the present time confined in the jail 42 prisoners for the following offenses: Murder, 1; burglary, 3; larceny, 11; not finding surety, 1; drunk and disorderly, 17; assault and battery, 6; vagrancy, 2.

NEW-JERSEY.

W. F. Harris has been elected Captain of the Passaic Boat Club of Newark.

A State Rowing Association is to be organized under the name of the New-Jersey Boat Club.

A new Reformed Presbyterian Church was formally organized in Inome Hall, Newark, last evening.

The new Board of Directors of the New-Jersey Midland Railroad Company, made a tour of inspection over the road on Tuesday.

George Vandervoort, a painter, yesterday fell from the roof of a house in Clifton on which he was engaged, and sustained severe injuries.

The Elizabeth Common Council have confirmed the Alma street sewer assessments, amounting to $125,000. The property-owners have appealed to the courts for redress.

William Bienville, a boy, who had escaped from the Reform School at Middletown, Conn., was captured in Elizabeth, yesterday, while in the company of a notorious burglar.

A match game of quoits, at Newark, between Thomas Douglas, of that city, and Nelse Pearson, of Philadelphia, for a purse of $1,000, was won by Douglas, the score standing 81 to 66.

The First Presbyterian Church of Bloomfiel have decided to invite Rev. H. W. Ballantyne, of Akron, Ohio, to the pastorate of the church. They tender him a parsonage and $3,000 per annum.

The special election held in the Eighth Ward of Elizabeth, on Tuesday, to elect a Councilman to fill a vacancy caused by resignation, resulted in the choice of John Brown, (Democrat,) who received 133 out of 177 votes cast.

An Agricultural Society to be known as the Passaic County Agricultural Society, was organized in Paterson on Tuesday night. A. B. Woodruff was chosen President, Robert A. Halsey, Secretary, and John Swinburne, Treasurer.

The teachers connected with the public schools of Union County have organized by the election of M. Holmes, of Elizabeth, as President, H. C. Harris, of Westfield, Secretary, and Miss McQuoid, of Westfield, Assistant Secretary.

Bishop Corrigan has issued an address to the clergy and laity of the diocese of Newark, directing that the usual Peter Pence collection be taken on Sunday next, the twenty-ninth anniversary of the reign of Pope Pius IX., and exhorting them to a solemn triduum each evening, beginning last evening, the anniversary of the Pope's election, and continuing until Sunday evening next.

The anniversary exercises of the German Theological School of Newark, on the 25th of this month, will be of unusual interest. For the first time a class is to graduate. Eight young Germans have finished their course of study, in preparation for entering the university among their own countrymen, who have now become citizens of this country. A public examination of this class will be held during the day in the Westminster Church, Bloomfield, where the institution is now located. In the evening of the same day these students will deliver graduation addresses in the First Presbyterian Church, Bloomfield, part of them in German and part of them in English. The occasion cannot fail to be one of great interest to all who are anxious for the religious welfare of the Germans in this land, especially to those among their own number who desire the spread of an evangelical Christianity among their fellow-countrymen.

THE STRIKE OF THE BRICKLAYERS.

A MAJORITY OF THE "BOSSES" CONCEDE THE DEMANDS OF THE MEN.

A committee of the Bricklayers' Union remained in session at No. 295 Third avenue, yesterday, to receive reports of the progress of the strike inaugurated by a portion of the men for an advance from $3.50 to $4 per day. This, as the returns show, has already been conceded by the majority of the contractors in the building trade. The strike presented no new features yesterday, but the men, as usual, when engaged in a movement like this, felt confident of success, and as only a minority of the contractors still hold out they expect that they will soon submit.

The following is a list of the contractors, thirty-one in number, who are paying $4: Hogencamp, Webb, Vandaulsen, Shaw & Hamilton, Lowden, Progers & Smith, Dieffy, Masterson, Hanna, Smith & Sade, Cochrane & Spaulding, Hardfeller, Poerschkle, Hallwedle, Bruckhoust, Andrus & Son, McLane, Riddle, Devlin, Frame, Vance, Gessiner, B. Laforge, Conner, Smith, Spearing, Speers & Brother, Van Houten, Niblo & Volk, Vanderbilt, Naylor.

Those who still continue to refuse the demands of the strikers are Conover, Darragh, Benton, Eidlity, Dood, Moran, Heuston, O'Brien, Feiter, Riley, and Weeks, eleven in all. An attempt has been made to induce the workmen on Dr. Hall's new church to join in the movement, but, so far, without success. No union men are employed on the Delaware and Hudson Canal Company's building, on Cortlandt street.

It should be stated, however, that this movement to obtain higher wages is not, by the bricklayers themselves, called a strike. In case of a strike, it is said the Union would set quite a different set of machinery in motion. A "strike," in the full sense of the word, would involve a cessation of work by the entire trade, with arrangements to pay the men from a common fund to sustain them while out of work. In such a case action would have to be taken to prevent the filling of the places of the strikers with importations from the interior. In the present case only a portion of the men are engaged in a movement to make employers fulfill the agreement made last Fall, which, it will be remembered, was to the effect that wages would be fixed at $4 per day for this season. To such an agreement, it is claimed, the latter readily assented, as it enabled them to calculate the men for the rest of the year. Yesterday the men employed by about one-third of the contractors remained on strike, including those employed on the new Gould building, corner of Nassau and Spruce streets.

SUICIDE OF A LIQUOR-DEALER.

Mr. James Anderton, an Englishman, seventy-two years old, committed suicide at No. 365 Hudson street, shortly after 6 o'clock yesterday evening by shooting himself through the head with a revolver. Mr. Anderton was engaged in the liquor business in this City for many years, and at one period was possessed of considerable property. About two years ago, while engaged in business in Canal street, he failed and lost nearly all his fortune. He then started in business at No. 13 Sixth avenue, but was again unfortunate, and his failure there rendered him penniless. Since that time he has been supported by an Odd-Fellows' lodge, of which he was a member. During the past two weeks he was very despondent, and on several occasions expressed his intention of taking his life. Coroner Woltman will hold an inquest.

THE GERMAN SALOON-KEEPERS.

The central organization of the German saloon-keepers, Henry Haas presiding, held a meeting at the Germania Assembly-rooms yesterday, when subscriptions aggregating $1,845, in addition to previous amounts, were received toward a fund to insure legal protection in case of a contest with the Excise Board. The Executive Committee announced that Ex-Mayor Hall and John McKeoan have been retained as counsel for the organization, and will prepare an opinion relative to the powers of the Excise Board under the present law, which is presumed to be defective. The Executive Committee was directed to have a bill prepared to be submitted to the next Legislature, providing for measures to guard against the adulteration of lager beer, that the same may retain its qualifications as a wholesome and nutritious article of diet.

THE STATE OF TRADE.

CHICAGO, June 17.—Cattle—Receipts, 2,200; market for good grades active; prices strong; low and medium qualities dull and unsettled; Cherokee Steers, poor, sold at $3@$3 25; fair Corn-fed Texans, $4 35@$4 50; fair to choice Natives, $5 40@$6 15; extra, $6 25@$6 75; outside price for a fancy lot; shipments, 1,600. Hogs—Receipts, 14,000; market fairly active for good lots, at $5@$5 85 for poor to choice, with most sales at $5 35@$5 65; shipments, 1,000. Sheep unchanged; receipts, 600; market dull; sales of inferior to extra at $4@$6 50.

HAVANA, June 17.—Sugar—No. 12 Dutch Standard, 22½@23 reals ℔ arroba. Exchange active; on United States, 60 days, currency, 125@126 premium; do., short sight, currency, 129@130 premium; do., 60 days, gold, 148@150 premium; do., short sight, gold, 152@154 premium; on London, 180@182 premium; on Paris, 151@153 premium.

NEW-BEDFORD, Mass., June 17.—Sixteen hundred and fifty barrels of Sperm Oil were sold in this market yesterday and to-day to go to Europe. The stock in first hands in this country is now only 3,250 barrels.

WILMINGTON, N. C., June 17.—Spirits Turpentine firm at 32½c.; Resin steady at $1 70@$1 75 for Strained. Crude Turpentine quiet at $1 50 for Hard, $2 50 for Yellow Dip, $3 for Virgin. Tar quiet at $1 50.

[Advertisement.]

The head is the court of knowledge, reason, wit,
There in the brain those noble judges sit:
And it is evident that all should know the fact,
To be a judge or gentleman requires a gray granite hat.

These hats are sold exclusively at KNOX's stores, No. 212 Broadway, and Fifth Avenue Hotel.

PASSENGERS SAILED.

In steam-ship Cuba, for Liverpool.—Mrs. Berry, Miss Berry, Master Berry, Miss N. Berry, A. C. De Carraltio-Boyes, Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Haseltine, child, infant, and maid and man-servant, Stanly Haseltine, Miss Sarah Pratt, Mrs. Elizabeth Taylor, Robert Grist, Dewitt H. Taylor, Sherwood R. Peabody, Berd A. B. Brown, R. Hermann, Mr. Semmacher, Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Begley, Robert Ernest, J. J. Koch, G. Lorimer, Master Edwin Grist, Mr. and Mrs. Weisler, A. P. Gordon, Thomas Biggart, John Gow, Dr. and Mrs. T. M. Johnson, Charles W. Mackay, John Mitchell, Arnold Plummer, Samuel Dodd, Mr. and Mrs. D. H. Houghtaling, Mr. and Mrs. Dunton, Miss Dunton, Miss Field, A. C. Lanier, Sir Antonio Brady, Mrs. Vail, Miss Ellen L. Barton, Mr. and Mrs. B. C. Riggs, C. Arbuthnot and friend, J. M. Bond, W. T. Staunton, C. J. Plint, Ralph Ellis, Mr. and Mrs. R. B. Kellogg, Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Camp, E. M. Field, L. S. Paul, Cyrus W. Field, Mr. and Mrs. S. S. Townsend, Miss Townsend, Mr. and Mrs. S. Smith, Jr., Mrs. Creighton, A. W. Goldsby and three children, Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Clarke, Mr. Gordon, Mrs. H. S. Pierson, Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Coutan, Miss Marion Morrison, Mr. Palmer, three children, and maid, Allen M. Owen, Mr. Richards, E. Armstrong, Mr. and Mrs. Stuart Robson, Miss Robson, Thomas Deykes, Mr. and Mrs. H. R. Gwalter, T. Muriel, Maurice Rivero, T. E. Driggs, George F. Homer, Charles Root, George Peek, W. C. Benedict, H. Osterbergh, Col. James L. Sait, A. J. Munroe, J. W. Potts, Jr., Hugh Rankin, Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Thorne and daughter, R. Fulton Cutting and wife, Mr. and Mrs. George E. Keyes, Miss Clara Keyes, William E. Keyes, Mrs. R. E. Fenton, Miss J. Fenton, Master Fenton, Charles Fits, Harry McCall, R. M. Johnston, T. E. Screven, Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Ellis, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas C. Percival, Henry R. Percival, Miss Catherine H. Percival, Miss Helmuth, Miss A. E. Helmuth, Howard A. Smith, Mr. Gayialo, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Dunham, four children, and two maids, T. F. Sumboy, Mr. and Mrs. W. P. Mason, Miss Fannie P. Mason and maid, Master W. P. Mason, Joseph W. Grant, Mrs. Commodore Blake, J. M. Macais, Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Chipman, Mr. and Mrs. Kennerdell, J. S. Kennedy, A. G. Fox, Dr. Hall, Mr. and Mrs. Magel, Mr. Heron.

In steam-ship Donau, for Bremen.—Dr. Charles Zoller, Prof. Edward Judson, Mrs. Edward Judson, Mrs. Louisa Holm, Miss Lizzie Lester, Henry Reiche, Mrs. E. H. Allen and maid, Miss Allen, Geo. J. Küchler, Wilh. Lange, Mrs. Wilh. Lange, Moses Sternberger, Mrs. Moses Sternberger, L. Mende, Mrs. L. Mende, Rev. J. F. Butterworth, Chr. E. Pfeiffer, Ernst Obermeyer, Dr. Geo. Reuling, Miss Julia A. Platte, J. F. Boll, Miss F. Charbonnier, Miss M. Charbonnier, E. W. Bischoff, Hermann Bolte and child, P. B. Berry, Mrs. P. B. Berry, Miss Geraldine A. Winslow, Henry Scherman, Mrs. Mueldener, Miss Mueldener, Henry Kayser, Mrs. Henry Kayser and child, George Doyle, James A. Frazer, Mrs. James A. Frazer, Miss Mary Tappan, E. Lazard, L. Schwarzschild, Mrs. Marie Muller, Mrs. Regina Reutter, Miss Anna Reutter, O. J. D. Ahlers, Mrs. Christina Offermann, Henry Damer, Miss Adeline Dräfing, Wilh. Busch, John Haslam, Mrs. John Haslam, Mrs. E. Goldsticker, Mrs. Goldsticker, Mrs. Catharine Birnbaum, Mrs. Christine Werner, Hermann Huck, Mrs. Wilhelmine Huck, Miss Julie Huck, Miss Henriette Huck, Miss Christine Huck, Mrs. Susanne Evers, Rev. J. Schlatermund, Robert Bornefeld, Mrs. Jane Kaiser, Paul L. Keller, A. C. Wilmanns, Chas. F. Hermann and family, Rich. Braeg, Mrs. Rich. Braeg, Mrs. Foster and children.

In steam-ship Montgomery for Savannah.—Miss B. Katzenstin, J. Waxelbaum, J. L. Bragau, Nathan Kore and wife, D. Alexander, R. H. Dunning, J. Crowley, J. Johnson, W. M. Halstead, J. M. Noble and wife, W. C. Clark, J. R. Brewster and son.

PASSENGERS ARRIVED.

In steam-ship Abyssinia, from Liverpool.—Chevalier De Stures, charge d'affaires of his Majesty the King of the Netherlands to Washington; Capt. Upshur, United States Navy, lady, and two daughters, two Misses Kearney, Mr. and Mrs. Frothingham, infant and nurse, two Misses Ma'her, Mr. and Mrs. Adolphe Low, two children, infant, governess, and nurse, Mr. and Mrs. Dodge, Jr., two daughters, and maid, two Misses Gibb and two maids, Hon. Isaac Arnold, lady, and three Misses Arnold, Miss E. Foote, C. S. Davison, Eugene L. Tufts, Miss T. F. Mulliken, Mrs. E. Y. Simmons and three daughters, Col. W. H. Chesbrough, Mr. Pennimann, M. Moe, Mr. Dubois, Mrs. Merryweather and daughter, Miss Souli, Miss Merrill, Mr. and Mrs. Hunnieres, Miss A. B. Colton, Miss Robinson, T. Langrand, Mr. Hennessy, Mr. and Mrs. S. T. Nicholls, Mr. and Mrs. Newcombe, J. B. Eckes, Mr. Croteh, J. C. Tibbetts, Jr., Gerold Ward, Mrs. Wimple, Mr. and Mrs. J. Scott, Mr. and Mrs. Minor, Mr. and Mrs. Draper, Geo. G. Holt, Alex. Weist, A. J. Robinson, Mr. Sutton, Mrs. Walker Dyson and two children, G. Muller, Mr. Holmes, Capt. Freeman, F. Dudgeon, Mrs. Lewis and daughter, Mrs. F. A. Eustis and two daughters, Mme. Paulsen, Mrs. Steele and child, L. E. Alexander, Mr. Macomber, J. B. Robertson, Mr. Probert, Mr. and Mrs. Gittens, infant, and nurse, Mrs. C. W. Bennett, Mrs. Rowlands, Rev. Mr. Van Winkle, Mr. Hyde, R. Fraser, E. G. Trafford, J. Foggett, Mrs. Risk and maid, J. McLean, Miss McLean, John Bathune, Miss Parker, A. Sagato, Mr. and Mrs. Dwight.

In steam-ship Acapulco, from San Francisco.—R. B. Frost, Mrs. Gen. Sullivan and child, Mrs. Dulany, C. E. Ramsay and wife, Mrs. A. T. Booth and child, Mrs. C. L. Colby, Miss Tennie Colby, Mrs. Frank and five children, George W. Frank, Moses Frank, G. W. Duncan, Mrs. Hardenberg and child, Mrs. Mary Leavitt, Jno. Breuberg, Mrs. E. Taft, L. H. Lyons, Mrs. E. Lee, J. C. A. Lee, B. Mallman, T. I. Linsay, Lieut. Rogers and wife, Mrs. Jos. Tracy and child, R. M. Edwards and wife, J. D. McMann, L. H. Van Gierson, A. J. Smith, Robert Clark, Mrs. L. Cahill and child, J. B. Murray, Edward Wilson, James Straines, Miss M. W. Bottsford, H. B. Brathers, G. W. Adams, Miss H. Cole, Mrs. Much, Miss Levy, Mrs. Lindsey, R. Jay and wife, Miss Thompson, Miss Palmer, Mrs. Kirkness and child, Henry Lyons, P. Murray, Mrs. Beyer, W. M. Soria and wife, Francis Greening, Mrs. Diffenderfer, Miss H. Diffenderfer, Lieut. S. W. Taylor, Mrs. J. B. Lawrie and child, James Nelson, Mrs. G. A. Weaver, F. K. Balsh, James Collins, L. Smith, F. Quinaut, Mr. Gill, A. H. Miller, T. L. Welmerding, From Aspinwall—Mrs. L. W. H. Gifford, J. Jovamellio and wife, Wm. Hunt, J. M. Segovia, Mr. Buchard, D. Richardson, Henry Gleason, George Richardson, Robert Roper, J. C. Martin, D. W. Boardman, H. M. Eder, F. S. Smith, Albert De Micheroux, Paul Montague, Wm. Henderson, P. S. Malcolm.

In steam-ship San Salvador, from Savannah.—Mrs. Macomber, two children, and servant, Mrs. Youmaus, Mrs. G. W. Young, H. M. Stoddard and wife, N. V. Ketchum and wife, Miss Julia McNorrell, Miss Jessie Goodall, Miss Lyons, Miss McKintz, Mrs. Eastman, Miss Eastman, Mrs. Perreman, child, and nurse, Mrs. Smith and child, Miss Maggie Hall, Miss Yonge, H. H. Swift, Mrs. Thompson, Mrs. Marshall, Miss P. Swart, R. S. Davis and wife, D. Bower and wife, J. Spevker, E. Davidson, F. H. Spurr, G. W. Young, Mr. Berry, R. Charlton, Mr. Philput, Mrs. Rudge, A. Samaelz, Mr. Johnson, S. D. Draifuls, M. Rosenbimer, wife, two children, and nurse, Mrs. A. J. Ross, Miss Ross, Mrs. E. Levy, Mr. Noyes, Mrs. Johnson, Mrs. Wilcox, Miss Noyes, J. D. Young, Mrs. Parkhurst, child, and nurse, Miss Young and sister, W. P. Eastman, Mrs. D. B. Hall and child, Miss Huchins, G. W. Jones, Mr. and Mrs. Rogers, Miss Telfair, Miss Ritchie, Miss Marshall, Miss Mary Bowen, J. P. Hopkins and wife, Mrs. Hartley and two boys, L. C. Bovier, P. Meehaw, B. W. Smith, C. Laurence, S. Levy, J. C. Postell, W. Harton, R. B. Watson, C. W. Solomon, R. Saunders.

In steam-ship City of New-York, from Havana.—Hewlett C. Codwise, Ramon Menacho, Miss Ana J. Moore, Robert Oxnard, F. Pichardo, wife, and son, N. Sangines y Vermaza, J. F. Mantilla, wife, and servant, J. B. Lasala, G. Montato, Guillermo Bonnet, Ernst Fischer and daughter, Mrs. Carolina Culier, Tomas Terry, wife, daughter, son, and four servants, Colin McKenzie, August Heyn, M. B. Toger, J. Remolina, Emelio Hestres, Hezekiah Hatch, Mariano Valdeo Ayala, Miss Angela Ayala, I del Valli, two children, governess, and servant, Facundo Argollos, Eduardo Carey, Thomas Lloyd, Leopoldo Abreu, Juan B. Pudra and wife, Mrs. M. de los Angelo de Olivia and daughter, Manuel Fevitino, John Fisher, Mrs. Dolores Mesa de Martinez, daughter, and two sons, James Simons, H. Boning, Edward Anderson, Charles Douglass, Adolph Riberau.

In steam-ship Morro Castle, from Havana.—Jules Rochard, A. F. Calafat, Mrs. Trinidad Betancot, Eduardo Betancot, Pablo Debray, Mrs. Pablo Debray, Albert Paty, Angelo Peudola, J. W. Banks, Antonia Alioa, Diego Asia, F. Alun, Ed. Estwan, John Higo, James Sullivan, G. Pireuthul.

In steam-ship Ethiopia, from Glasgow.—T. S. Atwater, Rev. J. S. McKee, Jas. Robertson, M. McDonald, A. McAllister, Mrs. A. Hale, Robert Peters.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.

Sun rises......4:28 | Sun sets......7:33 | Moon sets.11:19

HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.

Sandy Hook.11:09 | Gov. Island.11:58 | Hell Gate...1:20

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK.........WEDNESDAY, June 17.

CLEARED.

Steam-ships Cuba, (Br.,) Moodie, Liverpool via Queenstown, C. G. Francklyn; Donau, (Ger.,) Neynaber, Bremen via Southampton, Oelrichs & Co.; Belgic, (Br.,) Metcalf, London, R. J. Cortis; Olympia, (Br.,) Young, Glasgow, Henderson Brothers; City of Galveston, Evans, New-Orleans, C. H. Mallory & Co.; Champion, Lockwood, Charleston, J. W. Quintard & Co.; Philadelphia, Davis, Philadelphia, J. Hand; Vicksburg, Rudolph, Philadelphia, W. P. Clyde & Co.; Montgomery, Faircloth, Savannah, Robt. Lowden.

Ships Sir Robert Peel, Larrabee, London, Grinnell, Minturn & Co.; William, (Br.,) Hilton, Havre, Boyd & Hincken.

Barks Jessie Goodwin, (Br.,) Trimble, Cork or Falmouth for orders, Heney & Parker; Atlas, (Aust.,) Gerolenich, Gloucester, Eng., J. C. Seager; Virginia L., (Br.,) Clafford, Marseilles, J. Henry; Gratitude, (Br.,) Hardwick, Sydney, N. S. W., R. W. Cameron & Co.; Nannie T. Bell, Carney, Port Royal, Benner & Pinckney; Evening Star, (Br.,) Chick, St. Jago de Cuba, Waydell & Co.; Alert, (Norw.,) Janssen, Rotterdam, Tetens & Bockmann; Betsy Gude, (Norw.,) (Due, Queenstown or Falmouth, Tetens & Bockmann; Kong Eystein, (Norw.,) Ericksen, Cork for orders, Funch, Edye & Co.; Agat, (Norw.,) Lunberg, Constantinople, Funch, Edye & Co.; Vasa, (Norw.,) Vielsen, Cork for orders, Funch, Edye & Co.; Antoinietta, (Ital.,) Pozzio, Trieste, Funch, Edye & Co.; Stella, (Norw.,) Mohnn, Antwerp, Funch, Edye & Co.; Silo, (Norw.,) Tellessen, Rotterdam, Funch, Edye & Co.

Brigs Ella, (Br.,) Pool, Rio Grande do Sul, Oelrichs & Co.; Lophemia, (Br.,) Madstrom, Cow Bay, C. B., James F. Whitney & Co.; A. M. Owen, (Br.,) Rudolph, Point-a-Petrie, &c., L. F. Brigham; Otter, (Br.,) Pringle, Rockland, N. B., J. V. Barker; Sarah B., (Br.,) Townsend, Naples, C. B. Swayne & Son.

Schr. E. B. Conwell, Higgins, Provincetown, B. J. Wenberg.

ARRIVED.

Steam-ship Cornwall, (Br.,) Western, Bristol June 3, with mdse. and 60 passengers to E. E. Morgan's Sons. June 11, lat. 46, lon. 46, passed an iceberg; June 12 lat. 45 57, passed bark J. P. Smith, (of Liverpool,) bound W.

Steam-ship Batavia, (Br.,) Mouland, Liverpool June 2, via Boston 16th, in ballast to C. G. Francklyn.

Steam-ship Abyssinia, (Br.,) Hains, Liverpool June 6, via Queenstown 7th, with mdse. and 114 cabin and 383 steerage passengers to Charles G. Francklyn. June 14, lat. 42 17, lon. 53 16, passed a brig-rigged steam-ship bound E.; same date, lat. 42 06, lon. 54 01, passed brig-rigged steam-ship do.; 15th, at 5:30 P. M., 600 miles E. of Sandy Hook, a North German steam-ship do.; same 6:30 P. M., 587 miles, steam-ship Egypt, hence for Liverpool; same date, &c., Company's steam-ship, do.; 17th, at 5 A. M., 158 miles, a brig-rigged steam-ship bound W.

Steam-ship Ethiopia, (Br.,) Craig, Glasgow June 6, via Moville 7th, with mdse. and 7 cabin and 173 steerage passengers to Henderson Bros. June 15, lat. 43 11, lon. 60 04, passed a White Star steam-ship bound E.

Steam-ship San Salvador, Nickerson, Savannah June 13, with mdse. and passengers to W. R. Garrison.

Steam-ship Acapulco, Dow, Aspinwall June 10, with mdse. and passengers to Pacific Mail Steam-ship Co.

Steam-ship Georgia, Crowell, Charleston June 13, with mdse. and passengers to J. W. Quintard & Co.

Steam-ship City of Houston, Deering, New-Orleans June 10, with mdse. and passengers to C. H. Mallory & Co. June 13, off Cape Florida, spoke bark D. H. Bills, from New-Orleans, for Rotterdam, 10 ds. out; 15th, no lat., &c., schr. Tarry Not, from ——, for New-York.

Steam-ship City of New-York, Deaken, Havana June 13, with mdse. and passengers to Alexandre & Sons.

Steam-ship Morro Castle, Morton, Havana June 12, with mdse. and passengers to W. P. Clyde.

Steam-ship Westphalia, (Ger.,) Stahl, Hamburg June 3, via Havre 6th, with mdse. and passengers to Kunhardt & Co.

Steam-ship Regulator, Freeman, Wilmington, N. C., 60 hours, with mdse. and passengers to Lorillard Steam-ship Co.

Ship Plymouth Rock, Birmingham, London May 5, and Isle of Wight 9th, with mdse. to Grinnell, Minturn & Co.; May 29, lat. 43 25, lon. 44 20, exchanged signals with ship Rhine, hence for London; June 2, lat. 43 4, lon. 48 30, sighted an iceberg, being N. E., distance 2 miles. Weather thick and a strong gale blowing.

Ship Radiant, (of Boston,) D'Oyby, Newburyport 3 ds., ballast to Sutton & Co.; will load for San Francisco.

Ship Star of the West, (of Boston,) Taylor, Boston 3 ds., in ballast to Salter & Leonmore. Will load for Shanghai.

Ship Lord Lyndhurst, (of Liverpool,) Clark, Calcutta and Sand Heads, Feb 23, with mdse. to Lecraw & Stevens. Passed Cape of Good Hope April 22, and crossed the Equator May 17, in lon. 24 W. May 20, lat. 3 30 N., lon. 25 52, spoke ship Matchless, from Boston for San Francisco, 24 ds. out.

Ship Hebe, (Norw.,) Hill, London 47 ds., in ballast to Funch, Edye & Co.

Ship Edith, (of Yarmouth, N. S.,) Rogers, Newcastle, Eng., April 28, in ballast, to Snow & Burgess. Is anchored in the Lower Bay for orders.

Bark Montreal, (of Windsor, N. S.,) Davidson, Liverpool 32 ds., in ballast to Snow & Burgess.

Bark Winburn, (of Glasgow,) McDougall, Matanzas via Delaware Breakwater, 24 ds., with sugar to B. Rionda & Co.—vessel to Duncan McCall.

Bark Gustav Fried Focking, (Ger.,) Lewein, Bremen via Portland Road, 53 ds., in ballast to Funch, Edye & Co. May 26, lat. 43 40, lon. 47 46, passed a large iceberg and large quantities of drift ice.

Bark Regina, Tolek, Ray, Sagua 9 ds., with sugar to John Zittlosen.

Bark Antelope, Davis, St. Croix 13 ds., with sugar molasses and six passengers to Roche Bros. & Co.

Bark Annie, (Norw.,) Jensen, Liverpool 39 ds., with mdse. to Vernon H. Brown & Co.—vessel to order.

Bark Neptune, (Ger.,) Ploghoft, Hamburg 39 ds., with mdse. to Funch, Edye & Co.

Brig Spray Bloom, (of Pictou, N. S.,) Janerig, Port Caledonia, C. B., 15 ds., with coal to Bird, Perkins & Job.

Brig Erl Konig, (Ger.,) Nausch, Liverpool 46 ds., with salt to order. June 16, lat. 38 46, lon. 73 01, saw ship Goschen, (Ger.,) from Philadelphia for Bremen.

Brig Solario, (of Prince Edward's Island,) Stuart Glace Bay, C. B., 11 ds., with 411 tons coal to Bird, Perkins & Job—vessel to R. P. Currie. June 14, lat. 41 40, lon. 69 45, passed brig A. C. Jewett, bound E.

Brig Anna, (Port.,) Dam, Porto Cabello March 12, via Falmouth, Eng., 40 ds., with coffee to order—vessel to Funch, Edye & Co.

Brig Ethel Bolton, (of St. Andrews, N. B.,) Henry, Cardenas 14 ds., with sugar to Gossler & Co.—vessel to Heney & Parker.

Brig Orioff, (of Parrsboro, N. S.,) Belfountaine, Port Caledonia, C. B., 8 ds., with coal to Bird, Perkins & Job—vessel to Hatton, Watson & Co.

Brig John Mason, Porter, Barcelona, Ven., 17 ds., with cedar, &c., to Joseph Agostine—vessel to G. W. Watts.

Brig Ernest, (of Portland,) Thompson, Mayagues, P. R., 13 ds., with sugar and molasses to S. Michelena—vessel to J. H. Winchester & Co.

Brig T. H. Odiorne, Renault, of and 14 ds. from Pictou, N. S., with 473 tons coal to Bird, Perkins & Co.

Brig Anita Owen, Upton, Sagua 10 ds., with sugar to Marcus Hunter & Co.

Schr. George Washington, (of Boothbay,) Sherlock, Baracoa 7 ds., with fruit to Wm. Douglass—vessel to B. J. Wenberg.

Schr. E. J. Raynor, Mitchell, Alexandria, for New-Bedford.

Schr. C. W. Locke, Bunce, Alexandria, for New-Haven.

Schr. J. A. Curtis, Quillan, Richmond, Va.

Schr. Excel, Ludlam, Virginia.

Schr. Rising Sun, (of Boston,) Jones, Satilla River, Ga., 6 ds., with yellow pine to J. Bigier & Co.—vessel to master.

Schr. Right Away, (of Hartford,) Crosley, Baracoa 9 ds., with fruit to J. & T. Pearsall—vessel to B. J. Wenberg.

Schr. Julia Newell, Hall, Camden, with lumber to order.

Schr. Abbie Ingalls, Ingalls, St. John, N. B., with piling to E. Richardson.

Schr. Maggie Harthen, Whiley, Windsor, N. S., with plaster to C. W. Bertaux.

Schr. Mary Means, Pendleton, Belfast, with lumber for Norfolk.

Schr. Charlotte Fish, Seaman, Gardiner, with ice for Baltimore.

Schr. Storm Petrel, Jordon, Calais, with lumber to Mowe, Cole & Benson.

Schr. L. Holway, Bryant, Windsor, N. S., with plaster to C. W. Bertaux.

Schr. S. C. Smith, ——, Richmond, Me., with ice to order.

Schr. P. T. Brundell, Dix, Calais, with lumber to order.

Schr. Bromall, Hamblin, Windsor, N. S., with plaster to order.

Schr. Eagle, Atkins, Warren, R. I.

Schr. Scotia, Stillwell, Harvey, N. B., with stone to P. J. Nevins & Son.

Schr. Pacific, Clark, Shulee, N. S., with piling to Snow & Richardson.

Schr. Yankee Blade, Coombs, Bangor, with lumber to order.

Schr. Willie Martin, Miller, Windsor, N. S., with ice to Knickerbocker Ice Co.

Schr. Wm. Todd, Wood, Calais, with lumber to Goram & Boardman.

Schr. Pilots' Bride, Brewster, Portland, Me., with ice to order.

Schr. Thos. Watts, Watts, Windsor, N. S., with plaster to C. W. Bertaux.

Schr. Astra, (Br.,) Tracey, Windsor 9 ds., with plaster to C. W. Bertaux—vessel to P. J. Nevins.

Schr. Reno, Kelly, Jonesport, with piling to Snow & Richardson.

Schr. Ireta, Small, Addison, with piling to Wilson & Godfrey.

Schr. Carroll, Clark, Machias, with lumber to Simpson, Clapp & Co.

Schr. Ambassador, Pendleton, Bangor, with lumber to Simpson, Clapp & Co.

Schr. Angola, ——, Franklin, with lumber to order.

Schr. H. S. Bridges, Handy, Windsor, N. S., with plaster, for Newark.

Schr. Harriet Brewster, Warren, Fernandina 6 ds., with naval stores to A. Abbot.

Schr. Abbie Ingalls, Ingalls, St. George, N. B., 8 ds., with spruce logs to E. Richardson.

Schr. William Stevens, Elwell, Baracoa 11 ds., with fruit to Thomas I. Madge—vessel to Isaac R. Staples.

Schr. A. H. Jaskill, Jaskill, Richmond, Va.

Schr. Grace Gardiler, Souders, Virginia.

Schr. Souvenir, (Br.,) Hatfield, Windsor, N. S., 8 ds., with plaster to C. W. Bertaux.

Schr. Bloomer, Allen, Mont Desert, with lumber for Rondout.

Schr. Alligator, Pendleton, Calais, with lumber to Mowe, Cole & Benson.

Schr. Winslow Morse, ——, Bath, with lumber to Mowe, Cole & Benson.

Schr. Isabella, Smith, Nantucket, with fish to H. C. Rodgers.

Schr. Isabella Jewett, Fogg, Bangor, with lumber for Washington, D. C.

Schr. Sardinian, Holbrook, Rockland, with stone to order.

Schr. Ned Sumter, Pinkam, do., with lime to J. R. Brown.

Schr. M. M. Cushman, Gates, Ellsworth, with lumber to Chase & Talbot.

Schr. Kate Libbey, Frail, Bath, with lumber to order.

Schr. Charlie Cobb, Metcalf, Spruce Head, for Philadelphia.

Schr. Margaret, Clark, Cherryfield, with lumber to Simpson, Clapp & Co.

Schr. J. W. Scott, (Br.,) Hatfield, New River, N. S., with plaster to order.

Schr. Clara Jane, Holden, Dorchester, N. B., with stone to P. J. Nevins & Son.

Schr. Nathan Clifford, Coffin, Belfast, with lumber for Rondout.

Schr. Setagawa, Guptell, Baracoa 8 ds., with fruit to J. & T. Pearsall.

Schr. Quoddy, Fanning, Windsor, N. S., 8 ds., with plaster to Jed Frye & Co.

Schr. C. and C. Brooks, Scull, Virginia.

Schr. A. E. Moore, Phillips, Virginia.

Schr. Enoch Moore, Chambers, Virginia.

Schr. Caroline Kenzell, Dills, Georgetown, D. C.

Schr. Napoleon, Lyman, Virginia.

Schr. John E. Thayer, Phillips, Virginia.

Schr. Ward J. Parks, (of Boston,) Bogart, Savannah 6 ds., with lumber to J. W. Russell.

Schr. E. H. Barnes, Lardet, Richmond, Va.

Schr. J. P. Kelsey, Steelman, Virginia.

Schr. Wave, Hubbard, Fall River.

Schr. Muskee, McClintock, Portland, Me.

Schr. Winged Racer, Bulger, Pawtucket, for Philadelphia.

Schr. Fred. Tyler, Terrill, Pawtucket.

Schr. Lillie Rich, Kelly, Rockport, Me.

Schr. Lucy Blossom, Chatfield, Boston.

Schr. Fa ragut, Pernell, Gloucester.

Schr. C. P. Shultis, Young, New-Haven.

Schr. Margaret Kennedy, Ford, New-Haven.

Schr. Samuel Hart, Kenniston, Rockport, Me.

Schr. Anna Booth, (new,) ——, Brookhaven.

Schr. Little David, Blair, New-Haven, for Elizabethport.

Schr. Dexter, Clark, Newport.

WIND—Sunset, fresh, W.; clear.

SAILED.

Steam-ships Donau, for Bremen; Cuba, for Liverpool; Tybee, for Samana, &c.; City of Galveston, for New-Orleans; Montgomery, for Savannah; Champion, for Charleston; ships Great Western, for San Francisco; Green Jacket, for London; William, for Havre; barks Rothesay, for Rotterdam; Josephine Martha, for Konigsburg; Arnon, for Gothenburg; Dorchester, for Alicante; Wieland, for Bremen; S. W. Holbrook, for Elizabethport; brigs Edie, for Messina, for orders; Alice Woods, for United Kingdom; Emma Dean, for Curacoa; Emily, for Belize; A. M. Owens, for Lunenberg, N. S.; schrs. Sunlight, for Ponce; Hattie E. Smith, for Baracoa; May Morn, for Georgetown, S. C.

BY TELEGRAPH.

BALTIMORE, June 17.—Arr. steamers Fanny Cadwallader, from New-York, and Richard Willing, from Philadelphia; brig Ellen H., from Sagua; schr. Active, for Savannah.

Cld. steamers John W. Garret, for New-York; John S. Shriver, for Philadelphia; barks Trafik, for Dublin; Tenax Proposite, for Cork or Falmouth for orders; Rapuello, for Cork or Falmouth for orders; Ida, for Halifax; brig Hattie M. Bain, for Portland, Me.; schrs. J. B. Marshall and Wm. Tice, for Boston.

Sld. steamer Australian, for New-Bedford.

BOSTON, June 17.—Arr. steamer Gamm, from Liverpool; bark Walton, from Caernarvon.

NEWCASTLE, Del., June 17.—Passed up, bark Eliza A. Cochran, from Cardenas; barkentine Marie Charlotte, from Hamburg; schrs. Florence Newell, from Lynn; Emma Winsor, from Fall River; Sarah J. Bright, from Boston; Lottie, from Beverly; Mary A. Hood, from Boston; A. J. Fatieus, from Savannah; F. Bailey, from Boston; Josiah Whitehouse, from Bath; Henry, from St. John, N. B.; steamers C. W. Lorp, from Savannah; Gulf Stream, from New-York; bark Rachel, from Boston; schrs. James S. Hindler, from Marblehead; J. N. Vademan, from Boston; and D. Brittian, from Boston.

Passed down, brigs Callao, for Gardiner, for New-York; bark Hebe, for Weymouth; Banks, for Boston; S. Russell, for Jacksonville; Artie Garwood, for Boston; Jacob Albarger, for Boston; Anna Myrirk, for Providence; E. H. King, for Providence; J. and L. Bryad, (new,) for Boston; Martha Welsh, from Providence; Babel H. Irons, John Middleton Mair, and Crammer, for Boston; Alabama, for Providence; steamer Pioneer, for Wilmington, N. C. A bark and two schrs. are below, low, coming up.

Arr. Barkentine Emanuel, from Liverpool.

Passed Up—Schrs. Elizabeth Edwards, from Boston; Wm. B. Thomas, from Gardiner; Martha Welsh, from Boston.

Passed Down—Bark Truro, for Bremen; brig Tally Ho, for Boston; schrs. Sarah L. Simmons, for Fall River, and Rebecca W. Huddell, for Gloucester.

LEWES, Del., June 17.—Sld. bark Winburne and schr. Emma J. Harrington, for New-York; schr. Home, for Philadelphia.

Went to sea yesterday, brig G. W. Hulls.

NEW-ORLEANS, June 17.—Cld. Steam-ship City of San Antonio, for New-York.

Sailed from the Passes—Bark Triade and Frits.

PORT ROYAL, S. C., June 17.—Arr. schr. Fannie K. Shaw.

SAVANNAH, Ga., June 17.—Arr. bark Concordia and schr. C. F. Pomeroy, from Kennebec River; schrs. Henry A. Burnham, from New-York, and H. A. Seavey, from Bath.

Sld. steamer Leo and schr. P. C. Schultz, from New-York; and brig Premier, from Gaulnierville, N. S.

SPOKEN.

June 17, off Fire Island, brig J. P. Wheeler, from Providence, for New-York, with loss of main boom. (Was boarded by pilot-boat T. S. Negus, No. 1.)

June 15, lat. 40 36 lon. 69 30, bark Brothers, from Sagua, for Boston, by pilot-boat Pet No. 9.

FOREIGN PORTS.

ASPINWALL, June 9—Arr. May 29, brig Adelaide, from Philadelphia. Sld. June 2, brigs Kodiah, for Pensacola; Ambrose Light, for do.

HAVANA, June 17.—The steam-ship City of Merida arr. from New-York this morning.

LATEST SHIPPING NEWS BY CABLE.

LONDON, June 17.—Sld. for the United States, Wave King, [illegible] Schiller, Northumbrian, and [illegible]

Arr. out [illegible] Gustaf, Christine, August, Sonnebend, Aleen, and Salve.

Arr. out [illegible] Ilfrado, Emily Waters, from the United States, Wales, [illegible] T. Remick [illegible]

LIVERPOOL, June 17.—Arr. steam-ship Greece, Capt. Thomas, from New-York June 6, [illegible] Fastnet [illegible]

The American line steam-ship Illinois sailed to-day with 190 passengers for Philadelphia.

BRISTOL, June 17.—Arr. the steam-ship Great Western, Capt. [illegible], from New-York June 3, [illegible] to-day.

Brooks Brothers,

CLOTHIERS,

have removed from Union square to the NEW BUILDING in

BROADWAY, COR. OF BOND ST.,

and invite attention to their new and carefully-selected assortment of GOODS FOR GENTLEMEN'S WEAR.

HENRY A. DANIELS, M. D.,

No. 144 Lexington av., [illegible] of middle-aged men. Book of thirty diseases mailed for 25 cents.